The Immigration Question

The United States is a nation founded by immigrants. The poem at the base of the Statue of Liberty, that was dedicated only a few years ago, states that this country is a refuge for those teeming masses that yearn to breathe free. Yet now we are facing a wave of immigrants that is unprecedented in our history. Can we afford to allow our gates to be open without some kind of restriction on the discarded masses from other countries? Immigration has long been a contentious issue in American politics. Before the Civil War, some native-born Americans feared Irish Catholic immigration would undermine democracy and Protestantism, and such fears still lurk today. For example, some whites have joined the American Protective Association in the 1890s. New anxieties have now arisen about immigrants from Southern and Eastern Europe, including Italians, Poles, Hungarians, and Russian Jews. Most whites also see Asian immigrants as even more unassimilable, and far more racially different, than Europeans. Chinese immigration had been a hot-button issue in presidential campaigns of the 1880s; after passage of the Chinese Exclusion Act of 1882, renewed in 1892, anti-Chinese agitation has continued on the West Coast but to a lesser degree. Nativist fears are rising again, as thousands of immigrants pack the Eastern cities and as Japanese, along with Chinese, immigrants, arrive on the West Coast. Look closely at the chart below to see the sources of recent immigration.

IMMIGRATION STATISTICS.
The Tribune Almanac (New York Tribune, 1897)

| Country       | Immigration
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Italy</td>
<td>68,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Russia</td>
<td>45,137</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ireland</td>
<td>39,908</td>
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<tr>
<td>Germany</td>
<td>31,885</td>
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<tr>
<td>Austria</td>
<td>31,496</td>
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<tr>
<td>Hungary</td>
<td>30,898</td>
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<tr>
<td>Sweden</td>
<td>21,177</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>England</td>
<td>19,691</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Norway</td>
<td>9,855</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Finland</td>
<td>6,308</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cuba</td>
<td>6,077</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total Immigration: 343,267</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

In the state are located here. These hotels. Three of the finest hotels are the Deshler, the Neil House, and the Chittenden. The residential floors of these hotels have housed several of the state's dignitaries such as past-governor and now President William McKinley and current governor Asa Bushnell. Excellent stage entertainment can be had at the newly constructed Southern Theater. Columbus definitely does not have a shortage of good theaters, but this is probably the best. Smith's European Hotel is the home to the notable New York Oyster House and is located across from the capital building at the corner of Broad and High streets. Just west of there is the first steel skyscraper in Columbus, the Wyandotte Building. It is an awe-inspiring eleven stories tall and is a perfect example of the Chicago skyscraper school of architecture. A little further to the west, at the edge of the downtown area is another structure that will catch the eye. This is the Toledo & Ohio Central railroad depot. Its tower and oriental architecture makes it a sight to behold. At night, the "City of Arches" comes alive with the brightness of its many illuminated arches. Electric lights powered by the newly built Municipal Light and Power House light the arches as they span the streets below. It is a dazzling sight to see. During the daylight hours, one of the most entertaining places to visit in the city is the newly opened Olentangy Park. The park features a roller coaster that amuses and terrifies its passengers on a railroad track that carries them over twists and turns and up and down at a speed of over 35 miles per hour. If that is not to one's liking, then there are also many less strenuous activities as well as stage shows for your enjoyment. For those wishing to experience Columbus for themselves, getting there is not a problem. With the implementation of the new interurban rail lines connecting outlying towns such as Worthington and Westerville to Columbus it is a relatively quick trip into the big city. These "tration lines", as they are called, can now get you to Columbus in a fraction of the time it used to take. Cont’d on page 2 Columbus
Cont’d from page 1  
Columbus

Once you are there, one can use either the horse-powered or electric powered trolleys to navigate the streets of Columbus. Travel is inexpensive too, as it costs only 25 cents for eight people to travel anywhere on the trolley.

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**The Village Mercantile**

**Hardware, Toilet Articles, Stationary & Cigars**

Located on Main Street next to Barrymore’s

Catalog Orders Processed on Premises

**Hartman Sanitarium**

Columbus, Ohio

Rivaling all the great water cure facilities of Karlsbad, Columbus, Ohio Sanitarium Hartman Catalog Orders Processed on Barrymore’s Located on Columbus, Ohio

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**Roszman’s Barber Shop**

Adjoining the lobby of the American House Hotel

**The Ohio Village Pharmacy**

Mr. T.J. Bates, Proprietor

Dry Stuffs, Drugs, Medicines Located at the corner of 3rd and Main St.

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**Lynching on the Rise**

by Mary R. Taylor

Frazier Baker, a black man, had been appointed postmaster of Lake City, South Carolina in 1897, but local whites objected and had undertaken a campaign to force his removal. When these efforts failed to dislodge Baker, a mob attacked him and his family at night at their house, which also served as the post office. He and his infant daughter, Julia Baker, died at his house after being fatally shot during a white mob attack on February 22, 1898.

This kind of happening is occurring more and more often. Lynching is on the rise in America. Lynching is the practice whereby a mob—usually several dozen or several hundred persons—takes the law into its own hands in order to injure and kill a person usually accused of some wrongdoing. The alleged offense can range from a serious crime like theft or murder to a mere violation of local customs and sensibilities. The issue of the victim’s guilt is usually secondary, since the mob serves as prosecutor, judge, jury, and executioner. Due process yields to momentary passions and expedient objectives. From 1890 to the present, an average of 175 Negroes have been lynched each year. Why must the cost of freedom be paid in blood? What can be done to stop this senseless violence against our fellow Americans? I encourage my fellow villagers to show their support for the anti-lynching movement by signing my petition. Please visit the Taylor House for more information.

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**Base Ball**

A lively game of base ball will be contested on Saturday, June 15th on Muffin Field at the Ohio Village. Our local heroes the Muffins will be playing the Capitals Base Ball Club. The starting time is 12 o’clock. Rest at ease this is an event that is safe for the entire family to enjoy. A good time should be had by all. Come out and cheer the boys on.

**Local News Items**

Hon. M.A. Daugherty of Marysville, accompanied by his little son, was a business visitor here Tuesday.

Mrs. Sarah Burton charmingly entertained with a high noon dinner Tuesday last in honor of Mrs. R. Sanders of St. Augustine, Fla.

Mrs. Mary Harris entertained at six hand euchre Thursday evening.

Mr. T.J. Bates was held up and robbed right outside of his pharmacy last week. A gold watch and $20 were stolen. No harm came to Mr. Bates. We are happy to report that the perpetrators were quickly apprehended by Marshall Russell. Brice Hallwood and Harold Smith, both of Columbus, were charged with the crime and are currently awaiting trial.

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**Do You Want Splendid Whiskers or Moustaches?**

**HUNTER’S ONGUENT** will force them to grow heavily in six weeks (upon the smoothest face) without stain or injury to the skin. Also on Bald Heads in ten weeks. Two Boxes for $1.00. Postage free.

Address: C.Hunter & Co., Box 674, Milwaukee, Wis.

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**American House Hotel**

For Men and Women travelers. Rates $1 to $2 per night. One meal and all conveniences included.

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**Rooms with Baths Available**

**Murphy’s Lodging House**

Rooms for rent at 75 cents per day for men and women of good character. Reserve a time for showing anytime during daylight hours. No board available. Baths are available on the first Saturday of each month, cost is 15 cents and must be reserved twenty-four hours in advance.
MINERVA PARK
The Casino
For one thing in particular, the test crowds at Minerva park this week and last have found reason to commend the company that owns the casino. There is always an abundance of rail cars after a performance, supplying seats for everyone, and that without disagreeable waits. This takes away the possibility of what might be a considerable annoyance, and makes the ride home as pleasant as the journey to the park. In the casino this week the visitor will find a bill that possesses three very good numbers, and others that are fair. There might be more variety to the performance as it runs this week, but in some ways it is both strong and novel. Matinees are given each day, rain or shine, and a performance every night.

Juneteenth?
This Sunday there will be several events and a Jubilee Day Parade on the village square. This celebration is known as Juneteenth. Juneteenth, also known as Jubilee Day, Emancipation Day, Freedom Day, and Black Independence Day commemorates the emancipation of slaves in the United States. Originating in Galveston, Texas, it has been celebrated annually on June 19th in various parts of the Southern United States since 1866. Juneteenth’s commemoration is on the anniversary date of the June 19, 1865 announcement of General Order No. 3 by Union Army general Gordon Granger proclaiming freedom for enslaved people in Texas, which was the last state of the Confederacy with institutional slavery.

President Abraham Lincoln’s Emancipation Proclamation, issued on January 1, 1863, had freed the enslaved people in Texas and all the other Southern secessionist states of the Confederacy except for parts of states not in rebellion. Enforcement of the Proclamation generally relied upon the advance of Union troops. Texas, as the most remote state of the former Confederacy, had seen an expansion of slavery and had a low presence of Union troops as the American Civil War ended; thus, enforcement there had been slow and inconsistent prior to Granger’s announcement. Just two months after the surrender of Robert E. Lee and the eventual conclusion of the Civil War, General Gordon Granger arrived in Galveston, Texas to announce that the Emancipation Proclamation was in full effect and slavery had been abolished in the US. For decades, white Americans celebrated their independence from Britain’s colonial and economic tyranny. On June 19, 1865, Black Americans got to celebrate theirs when Granger arrived. However, he was a few years late. The Emancipation Proclamation that enlisted over 200,000 formerly enslaved Black men to fight in the Civil War had already taken effect over two and a half years prior. For a short while after the fall of the Confederacy, slavery remained legal in two of the Union border states – Delaware and Kentucky. Those enslaved people were freed with the ratification of the Thirteenth Amendment to the Constitution, which abolished chattel slavery nationwide on December 6, 1865. The last enslaved people present in the continental United States were freed when the enslaved people held in the Indian Territories that had sided with the Confederacy were released, namely the Choctaw, in 1866. In 1866, on June 19, the first official Juneteenth celebrations took place in Texas. The original observances included prayer meetings and the singing of spirituals, and celebrants wore new clothes as a way of representing their newfound freedom. Within a few years, ex-slaves in other southern states were celebrating the day as well, making it an annual tradition. Celebratory traditions often include public readings of the Emancipation Proclamation, singing traditional songs such as “Swing Low, Sweet Chariot,” and “Lift Every Voice and Sing”. Some Juneteenth celebrations also include rodeos, street fairs, family reunions, park parties, and historical reenactments. As these traditions spread northward, we in the village are sure to see some of these celebrations.

Probate Court
Marriage Licenses
Arza Wengert and Ada Stagg
John T. Williams and Louise Gerber
Charles Turner and Wilhelmina Van Wooten
William Whaley and Laura Dunn
Barrington’s Bicycle Shop
…if You sell your horse…

Buy A Bicycle

Buy ours and get what you pay for.

At the corner of Main and Second St.

Barrington's Bicycle Shop

Ohio News Items

Gathered by telegraph from all parts of the state.

Columbus—The Reverend T.R. Jenkins was genuinely surprised last Thursday night when returning to his residence at Trinity House. Upon returning early in the evening he discovered a score or more of the choir boys lined up against the wall outside the premises. He was immediately surrounded by the boys who presented him with a handsome bicycle lamp. Rev. Jenkins was completely surprised and immensely pleased. The occasion for the presentation of the gift was the recent retirement of the good Reverend from his position as the assistant minister at the Trinity Church.

Columbus—Information has been received in this city of the death of Mrs. Charlotte Hunt of South Omaha, Nebraska. She died of old age. The remains will be brought to Columbus. Mrs. Hunt was born in Green County, Pennsylvania in 1809. She with her husband moved to Center Village, Ohio in 1830. While there she reared seven children, of which three are dead and four remain living. It is said that she would always doeth good by lending a helping hand.

Want Ads

Under the head of Want Ads, we will hereafter publish advertisements, not exceeding five lines, for 25 cents for two insertions.

To submit an advertisement for this column, please call or write to the Telegraphic Advertiser office, #2 Second Street, Ohio Village, during normal business hours.

Attention—Handyman available for hire. Assorted handiwork done including woodwork, mechanical repairs, especially painting. Contact Mr. Henry Patterson directly or leave word at the office of the Telegraphic Advertiser.


Wanted—A purchaser for a fine Good Cooking Stove—almost new—large enough for any ordinary sized family—has been used only a short time, and is one of the best stoves for baking purposes now made. Inquire at 142 N. High Street.

Needed—An assistant with mechanical and blacksmithing skills. Inquire at the Blacksmith’s shop for terms.

Wanted—Feathers of all varieties, cleaned and ready for use. Will pay above going rate. See the proprietor at The Village Mercantile.

Burnett’s Cocoaine

A compound of Cocoa-nut Oil, &c., for dressing the Hair. For efficacy and agreeableness, it is without equal.

*It prevents the hair from falling off.
*It promotes its healthy vigorous growth.
*It is not greasy or sticky.
*It leaves no disagreeable odor.
*It soothes the irritated scalp skin.
*It affords the riches lustre.

It is conceded, by all who have used it, to be the best and cheapest Hair Dressing in the World.

Joseph Burnett & Co., Boston