# Telegraphic Advertiser

Important advertising of needful things. News by telegraphic means while it is current. Right thinking ideas.

Vol. 11 No. 16

Ohio Village Wednesday August 30, 1898

1 cent

### Ohio Cup Festival

This weekend, the Ohio Village Muffins and the Lady Diamonds will host *The Ohio Cup*, the premier annual base ball festival. The Ohio Cup features 30 teams from around Ohio and the Midwest including Michigan, Indiana, Illinois, Minnesota, Missouri, New York and Pennsylvania. The two-day event features exciting games with each team playing 3 games per day in a timed event on 4 different fields, including the Ohio Village field.

The Ohio Cup is the largest gathering of small-town base ball teams in the country, and they come together for one reason: to celebrate America's pastime the way it was meant to be played.

Festivities will start at 6 PM on Friday and continue Saturday and Sunday until a champion is declared.





## TELEGRAPHIC ADVERTISER

Henry Klostermann, - - Publisher

Address - - - No.8 Second St

We will consider it a great favor if subscribers will report any failure to get their paper, or any carelessness on the part of the carrier.

### **Columbus Markets**

Corrected every Tuesday morning Paying

, ,					
Hay per ton6.00					
Clover seed per bu300@ 4.89					
Corn in ear " "					
Corn shelled, 56 lbs					
Oats per bu					
Rye per bu					
New Wheat per bu					
Butter, dairy, per lb					
Butter, creamery, per lb					
Eggs, per dozen					
Honey per lb					
Lard per lb					
Potatoes per bu					
Selling					
Flour per sack of 49 lbs 1.15					
•					
Corn Meal per cwt					
Chop " "					
Middling " "					
Bran " "					
Oil Meal " " 1.35					
Cheese Market					

### VENETIAN BLINDS

Billing Prices—Monday Sales

Creamery Butter......18



# Populists, Progressive Democrats, and Progressive Republicans Join Forces

Their Plan to Make America Better

In an effort to cope with the ever- changing world created by industrialization reformers have called for liberal means to achieve conservative goals. These reformers want the idealized America of the past that was characterized by democracy and equal opportunity for all. In general, they would like a better life for all. How is that to be achieved? Society has changed since the Civil War and the government needs to adapt to a new role. It should take the lead in curbing corporate privilege and limiting the power of the few. In other words, create a level playing field. The way to do that is by putting the government back in the hands of the people. More democracy can be the cure for many of the country's ills. The Australian (secret) ballot is one way to accomplish this. Since Massachusetts first used a secret ballot in 1888 it has spread to several other states (including Ohio) with much success. Now it is time for the entire nation to embrace this idea.

Populists Cont'd on page 2

### The Strangest Wedding Ever To Be Held in Ohio Village

### Two Canines Will Wed

On Sunday guests will assemble in the Town Hall, to witness the marriage ceremony of two canine residents of Ohio Village. JD, a eight-year-old Chihuahua, and Otis, a three-year-old Pug, will be united in an elaborate ceremony.

The Town Hall will be handsomely decorated with fresh flowers and greenery. The ceremony will be performed by Mayor Hiram Laidlaw and take place under an arch in full bloom of flowers. Afterward cake will be served to all guests, canine and human.

This wedding is a local response to the influence of the French, who have been reported to hold fancy weddings for their canine companions guite often. If Paris can do it, so can Ohio Village! Some might be tempted to complain of the cost in time, money and labor for something so ridiculous as a dog wedding, but anyone who sees these four-legged friends walking down the aisle and kissing on command will have no doubt it was money well spent.



### **Labor Day**

# An Annual Celebration of Workers

As America has enjoyed the benefits of its Industrial Revolution over the last few years, the average American worker has worked 12-hour days and seven-day weeks in order to eke out a basic living. Despite restrictions in some states, children as young as 5 or 6 toil in mills, factories, and mines across the country, earning a fraction of their adult counterparts' wages. People of all ages, particularly the very poor and recent immigrants, often face extremely unsafe working conditions, with insufficient access to fresh air, sanitary facilities, and breaks. As manufacturing has increasingly supplanted agriculture as the wellspring of American employment, labor unions, which first appeared in the late 18th century, have grown more prominent and vocal. They have organized strikes and rallies to protest poor conditions and compel employers to renegotiate hours and pay. Many of these events have turned violent, including the infamous Haymarket Riot of 1886, in which several Chicago policemen and workers were killed. Others gave rise to new traditions. On September 5, 1882, 10,000 workers took unpaid time off to march from City Hall to Union Square in New York City, holding the first Labor Day parade in U.S. history.

Labor Cont'd on page 2

#### Ohio Village Wednesday August 30, 1898

#### Labor Cont'd from page 1

The idea of a "workingmen's holiday," celebrated on the first Monday in September, caught on in other industrial centers across the country, and many states passed legislation recognizing it. Congress would not legalize the holiday until 12 years later, when a watershed moment in American labor history brought workers' rights squarely into the public's view. On May 11,

1894, employees of the Pullman Palace Car Company in Chicago went on strike to protest wage cuts and the firing of union representatives. On June 26, the American Railroad Union, led by Eugene V. Debs, called for a boycott of all Pullman railway cars, crippling railroad traffic nationwide. To break the Pullman strike, the federal government dispatched troops to Chicago, unleashing a wave of riots that resulted in the deaths of more than a dozen workers. In the wake of this massive unrest and in an attempt to repair ties with American workers, Congress passed an act making Labor Day a legal holiday in the District of Columbia and the territories. On June 28, 1894, President Grover Cleveland signed it into law. The true founder of Labor Day has yet to be identified. Many credit Peter J. McGuire, cofounder of the American Federation of Labor, while others have suggested that Matthew Maguire, a secretary of the Central Labor Union, first proposed the holiday.

Will this recognition of labor in this country result in improved working conditions? If conservative Republicans like McKinley, Hanna, Foraker, and Bushnell remain in power, and have their way, it does not seem likely.



# Our Eye Glasses

Are easy on the eyes, easy on the nose, and easy on the nerves.

They are used by our physicians.

Examinations are Free.

### Columbus Optical Co.

Drs. Reckler and Murdock

165½ North High Street Columbus

### Roszman's Barber Shop



Adjoining the lobby of the American House Hotel



See The Village Mercantile for ordering instructions.

### Ohio News Items

Gathered by telegraph from all parts of the state.



All counties south of Franklin: Warm and showery weather prevailed. Wheat and oat crops predicted to yield medium harvests this summer. Corn looking to be splendid.

Marietta-- At half past six, Mr. Josiah West while driving his horse home from water, had the misfortune to break his ankle. Just as the horse was returning to stable it slipped and fell, catching Mr. West underneath. His left ankle was badly broken.

Bellefontaine--In the jam and crowd at the Union Depot yesterday afternoon Miss Mollie Flesher of Williamstown, fainted. She was carried into the baggage room and Dr. Willis summoned. At last reports she was much better.

Westerville—Another Ohio town has decided to convert to electricity.

All oil lamps in the town have been done away with and the streets are now lit by electric lights.

#### Cont'd from page 1 Populists

Allow people to vote their conscience free from the watchful eye and pressure of a boss or union leader. Through a direct primary the voters, rather than the bosses, would nominate each party's candidates for office in the general election. Through the use of referendums and initiative petitions the voters could directly propose or reject new laws. With the use of recall elections the people would have the power to remove corrupt politicians. An amendment to the constitution could also allow the people to directly elect their US senators and take their selection out of the hands of the rich and influential. Another amendment could greatly expand the participation in the electoral process by allowing women to vote. Reformers from both parties are joining together to try and forge a better America by pushing for many of these changes as we move into the 20th century.

### **Stabbed in the Back**

Then Vanished in the Darkness Did a Murderer

Bert Williamson, a boy of 18 years, has eluded for two days a posse of determined men who have been scouring the southwestern part of the county for him. He is wanted for the murder of James Mitchell, a much older man. The crime occurred Saturday night last at the platform dance near Whitehall. The two had long been enemies and met by chance on the platform in the midst of the dance. Williamson drew a bowie knife and stabbed Mitchell four times in the back, finally stabbing him in the neck and almost severing his head from his body. Mitchell died instantly. Williamson sprang into the darkness as soon as he saw his victim fall and has thus far eluded the posse.

### Local News Items

Next Monday the town council will meet at 7 P.M. in the town hall. The public is welcome to attend. Refreshments will be served.

Next Tuesday the School Board will meet in the schoolhouse. Funding issues will be discussed. All property owners are encouraged to attend.

# Controversy Rages Over Foot Ball

The popularity of the relatively new game of foot ball is spreading across the nation. Originating in the east a little over two decades ago, the game has now spread to the south and the Midwest. It was just eight years ago that Ohio State University played its first interscholastic game up in Delaware against Ohio Wesleyan University. Since then Ohio State has been playing a regular schedule of games in the newly formed Big Six Conference of Ohio Colleges. Other schools participating in this league are Adelbert, Buchtel, Dennison, Oberlin, and Kenyon. Attendance at these games has been steadily increasing. Last year the annual rival game with Kenyon, that is held every Thanksgiving, attracted over 2000 paying customers. Of course this does not match the crowds of over 20,000 that have watched the eastern powers of Yale, Harvard, Princeton, and Columbia. It does, however, show the growing popularity of the sport here in the heartland. Last year Ohio State's team traveled all the way to Ann Arbor, Michigan to play the University of Michigan, a team that has dominated the Midwest since the early days of foot ball. Starting this year, to accommodate the growing crowds, the Ohio State team will play its home games at the new Ohio Field located at the corner of Woodruff and High Streets. As the popularity of foot ball has spread, so has outrage at the violence of the game.

From its earliest days as a mob game, football was a violent sport. The 1894 Harvard-Yale game, known as the "Hampden Park Blood Bath", resulted in crippling injuries for four players; the contest was suspended until 1897. The annual Army-Navy game was suspended from 1894 to 1898 for similar reasons. One of the major problems was the popularity of mass-formations like the flying wedge, in which a large number of offensive players charged as a unit against a similarly arranged defense. The resultant collisions often led to serious injuries and sometimes even death. This formation has now been prohibited. Cont'd page 3 Foot Ball

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Cont'd from page 2 Foot Ball Georgia fullback Richard Von Albade Gammon notably died on the field from concussions received against Virginia in 1897, causing Georgia, Georgia Tech, and Mercer to temporarily stop its football programs. In one recent year alone, there were 11 deaths nationwide attributed to foot ball. For this reason, many prominent individuals in this country are now proposing that the sport be permanently banned. One of the leaders of this movement is Charles Eliot, the president of Harvard. He claims that the game has no redeeming value in the development of young men. It fosters violence and all of the evils of team competition. The extremes of competition is what has led several schools to employ ringers on their teams. This definitely is not in the interest of fair play and building good values. Mr. Eliot says that if foot ball were truly building character and teaching young men to be gentlemen and sportsmen then there would be no need for a referee at each game. Mr. Eliot is joined in his feelings against foot ball by such notable figures as Presidents Grover Cleveland and William McKinley.

the new sport is Walter Camp. He has been a player and a coach at Yale University. His biggest contribution to the sport lately has been an attempt to codify the evolving rules of the game. Mr. Camp's contention is that with proper rules the violence can be minimized without detracting from those features of the game that make it so popular. He has helped create much enthusiasm for the sport with other innovations like when he named the first All-American foot ball team. It is no wonder that many look to him as the "Father of American Foot Ball". Other noteworthy supporters of the sport include Theodore Roosevelt, and Woodrow Wilson, an excoach from Princeton. These men see the value of foot ball in furthering the philosophy of Muscular Christianity. This thinking says that men need to develop the body as well as the mind. A fit body is essential to the development of a strong mind. A fit body can be developed in less violent ways than foot ball. Bicycling and tennis can yield a fit body without the danger.

Roosevelt and Wilson argue that

One of the biggest advocates of

foot ball not only creates a fit body but a tough disciplined mind and body. The teamwork that is involved and the hardships that must be overcome create a superior man. Men that led us into our recent war and were victorious. In a world governed by the ideas of Charles Darwin and his doctrine of survival of the fittest, foot ball can provide just the training needed. Even though it is not likely that foot ball will ever attain the popularity of our national pastime of base ball, there is no doubt that it is having an impact on America. As yet there have not been any foot ball clubs started here in the Ohio Village. Whether or not we will ever have a team may ultimately be decided by this

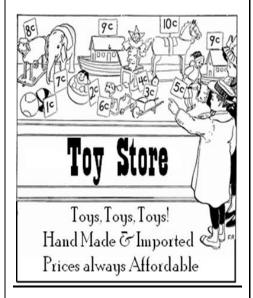


national debate over foot ball.

Walter Camp



# Spinner & Co.





### American House Hotel

For Men and Women travelers. Rates \$1 to \$2 per night.
One meal and all conveniences



### The Bakery Shop

Delicious baked goods





of all kinds

Made to order



### Want Ads

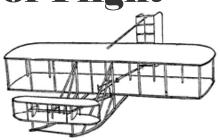
Under the head of Want Ads, we will hereafter publish advertisements, not exceeding five lines, for 25 cents for two insertions.

To submit an advertisement for this column, please call or write to the Telegraphic Advertiser office, #2 Second Street, Ohio Village, during normal business hours.

Needed—Mourners. Young persons preferred. Expressive with good emotion. Available on short notice. Inquire in person at E. 3<sup>rd</sup> St. and Main St.

Wanted—Used phonograph in good condition. Will pay good fair price. See Henry Klostermann in the newspaper office.

# **Fantasies** of Flight



For many centuries, humans have tried to fly just like the birds and have studied the flight of birds. Wings made of feathers or light weight wood have been attached to arms to test their ability to fly. The results were often disastrous as the muscles of the human arms are not like a birds and cannot move with the strength of a bird. In the past few years several pioneers have come as close as man ever has to this dream. German engineer, Otto Lilienthal, studied aerodynamics and worked to design a glider that would fly. Otto Lilienthal was the first person to design a glider that could fly a person and was able to fly long distances. Otto Lilienthal was fascinated by the idea of flight. Based on his studies of birds and how they fly, he wrote a book on aerodynamics that was published in 1889. After more than 2500 flights, Otto Lilienthal was killed when he lost control because of a sudden strong wind and crashed into the ground. Samuel Langley is a physicist and astronomer who realized that power was needed to help man fly. Langley conducted experiments using whirling arms and steam motors. He built a model of a plane, which he called an aerodrome, that included a steampowered engine. In 1891, his model flew for 3/4s of a mile before running out of fuel. Samuel Langley received a \$50,000 grant to build a full sized aerodrome. It was too heavy to fly and it crashed. He was very disappointed and he gave up trying to fly. Octave Chanute is a successful engineer who has undertaken the invention of airplanes as a hobby, after being inspired by Otto Lilienthal. Chanute has designed several aircraft, the Herring - Chanute biplane has been his most successful design. Octave Chanute published "Progress in Flying Machines" in 1894. It gathered and analyzed all the technical knowledge that he could find about aviation accomplishments. It included all of the world's aviation pioneers. Cont'd on page 4 Flight

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Cont'd from page 3 Flight Now it is reported that two brothers in Dayton, Ohio are building upon the knowledge accumulated by these early pioneers to attempt their own quest for manned flight. Orville and Wilbur Wright, operating out of their bicycle shop, have been doing their own experiments with different glider designs. They feel that they have made sufficient enough progress that they are planning to go to Kitty Hawk, North Carolina in the next year or two to experiment with full-scale gliders. This location was chosen because of the constant winds that blow off the ocean there. This wind will be necessary in order to lift the large glider into the air. This will be very dangerous work. Is this silliness worth the risk as man attempts to achieve his dream of flying like a bird. As some have said, "If man were meant to fly then the good Lord would have given him wings."





# Rooms with Baths Available Murphy's Lodging House

Rooms for rent at 75 cents per day for men and women of good character. Reserve a time for showing anytime during daylight hours. No board available. Baths are available on the first Saturday of each month, cost is 15 cents and must be reserved twenty-four hours in advance.

# McKeens's Apparel



Next to The Bakery Shop on First Street.

### **Photographs**

-in the Finest Style of the Art, at-

# J. Holbrook, THE LEADING PHOTOGRAPHER

Ground Floor Gallery CONVENIENTLY LOCATED IN OHIO VILLAGE PHARMACY

### **Barrymore Funeral Parlor**

E. 3<sup>rd</sup> St & N. Main St Ohio Village, O.

A Full Stock Of



Coffins, Caskets, Shrouds, Habits, Robes, & c., Constantly on Hand

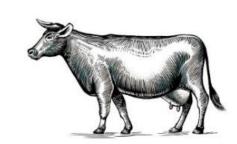
Mourners Provided at Cost

### **Beisel's Cattle** and Dairy

Hay and Fresh Dairy Products

Always Available at Reasonable Prices

Contact Liliana Beisel to order.





### "Imperialism" By Vincent Howard

Lo, ye are weak and ignorant, While we are strong and great; And so, in Christian Charity, We've come to rule your State. We've come to criticize ye, and We've come to teach ye pray. Bow down, bow down, ye savages, Or else we need must slay.



Fad or Future?

### National League Baseball Standings

	W	L	Pct.	GB
Boston Beaneaters	101	43	.701	
Baltimore Orioles	95	49	.660	6
Cincinnati Reds	91	56	.619	12 ½
Chicago Orphans	84	61	.579	17 ½
Cleveland Spiders	82	64	.562	20
Philadelphia Phillies	77	67	.535	24
New York Giants	76	68	.528	25
Pittsburgh Pirates	71	72	.497	29 ½
Louisville Colonels	69	77	.473	33
Brooklyn Bridegrooms	53	87	.379	46
Washington Senators	50	97	.340	52 ½
St. Louis Browns	38	107	.262	63 ½





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