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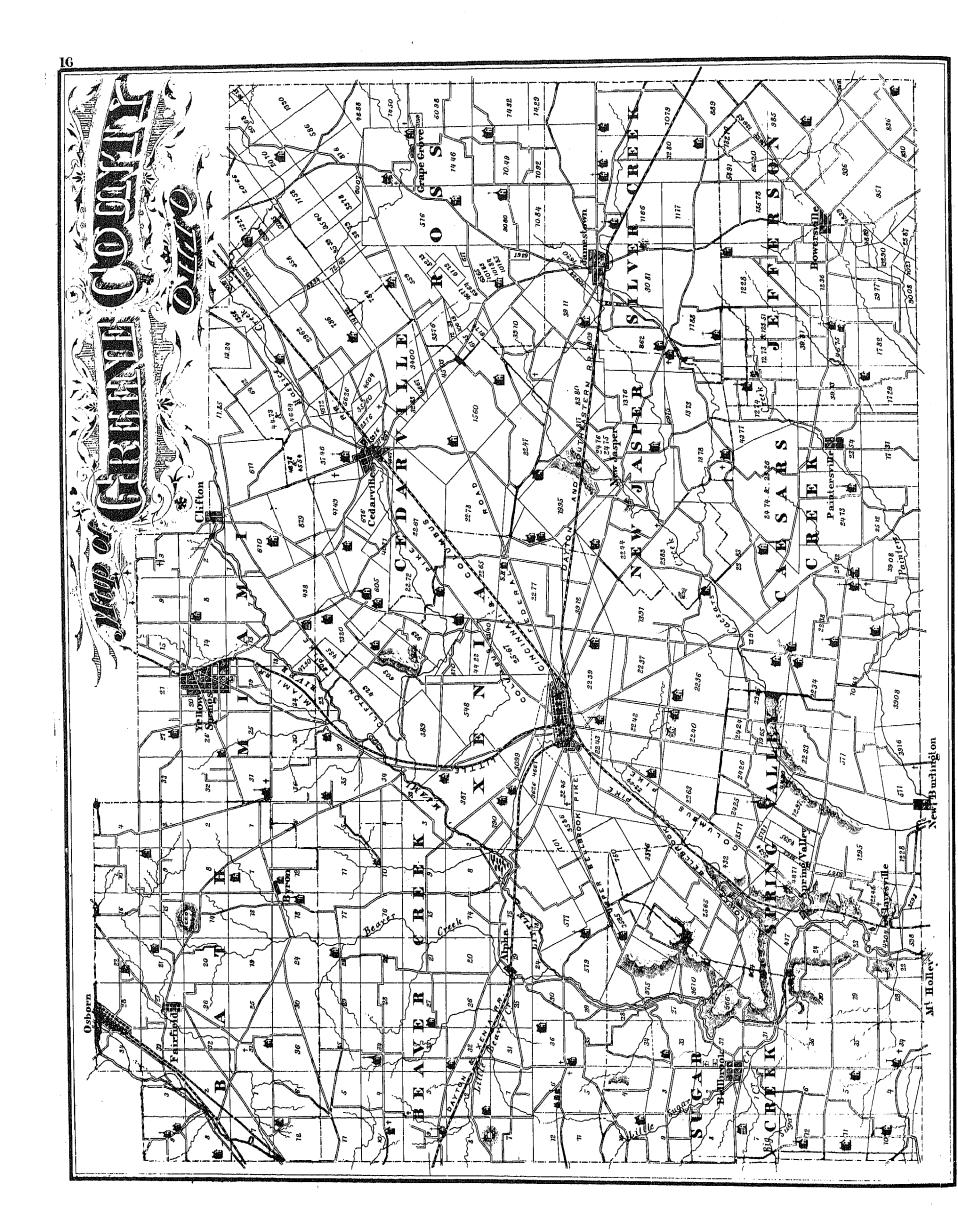
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Nineteen Hundred Ninety Three

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HISTORY OF GREENE COUNTY, OHIO.

Os the first day of May, 1803, the County of threme was formed from Hamilton and Host Cumties, and named after General Nathaniel Greene, of Revolutionary fame. The first Courf for arganizing dreene County was held on the 10th of May, 1803, in the house of Peter Borders, situated five and a half miles west of Nenis, near the Dayton road. This house was built by General Benjomin Whiteman, about the year 1703, and was a short distance south of the log, cable mill of Oven Davis, on Beaver Creek. This full was the first dreet of the gradient of Oven Davis, on Beaver Creek. This full was the first dreet of the General Benjomin Whiteman, and James Harret were the Associate Judges of the first Court, and John Puul, Gleek. The County was at this sitting of Court laid off into Townships: this being the only business of limpartance transacted at this section. The first Court for the trial of cancer was held on Tuesday, August 2, 1803, in the house of Veter Borders, with William Maxwell, Benjomin Whiteman, and James Barret as Associated Judges; Francis Dantlavy, Presiding Judge; and Danled Shamas, Proceeding Alterray. The following were the grand jurcoits: William J. Stewart, Greman, John Wilson, William Bucklee, Abraham Van Eaton, James Bondgrass, John Judy, Evan Morgan, Budert Marshall, Alexander C. Arustrong, Juseph C. Vance, Joseph Wilson, John Bucklammon, Martin Mendenball, and Harry Martin. The records of this Court now extant do not show the business transacted by this jury. James Galloway, Jr., was appointed Surveyor of the County. Joseph C. Vance was appointed to make arrangements for establishing a seat of justice, and, with David Huston and Joseph Huston, his securities, entered into a bond, with a penalty of fifteen hundred dailars, to faithfully discharge the dutties of the privilege of using the court round as a navers. James Galloway, Sen, was appointed County Treasurer. The Court then adjourned, having been Increased by Court, Archiballa Lowry, Grillish Foon, and Peter Burders, was a papel to the food of th

were granted at this term to Thomas Fream, William Moore, and James Methorson, to last for one year.

The June term of 1894 was the last Court held in the old log house; it was composed of the same judges, clerk, and sheriff, with Arthur St. Clair, of Clincinnati, Prosecuting Attorney; William McFarland was foreman of the grand jury. Fourteen civil suits were called the first day, and all continued except one, in which judgment was confessed, and a stay of execution granted until next term. At this turns, Joseph Tatman took the oath of office as Associate Judge. The total amount of taxable property returned by the Listers was three hundred and ninety-three dollars and four cents, and this lovy included houses and mills.

The first house in Greene County was built by Daniel Wilson. It was raised on the 7th day of April, 1796, in Sugar Greek Township. In 1798, Thomas Twonsley settled near the Falls of Massic's Crock, some eight miles from Xenia. The same year James Galloway settled on the Little Miami, two miles morth of Oldtown. I raish and William Garner Sution crected the first house in Casar's Crear's County, in 1800, and the first house in it was built the year following. The population of Greene County in 1820 was 10,509; in 1830, 15,122; in 1818. 17,753; in 1870, 32,542. 17,753; in 1870, 32,542.

XENIA.

The first Court for the trial of causes in tircone County was hold on Tuerday, August 2, 1803, at the residence of Peter Borders, five and a half inflee west of Xenia. On the second day of the term, Joseph C. Vance was appointed to make

arrangements for establishing the "seat of justice." With David Huston and Joseph Willson, his securities, a bond was entered with a penalty of fifteen hundred dollars for the faithful performance of his duties. Mr. Vance surveyed and hid out the town of Konia (French, signifying a new year's glift; or, according to others, Greek, signifying hospitulity) during the fall of 1803; and in December of the same year was allowed "forty-nine dollars and tweety-five conts for laying off the town of Neula, finding chainmen, making plats and solling lots." The original proprietor of Neula was John Paul, who donated for the public buildings the ground bounded by Main, Market, Detroit, and Greene Streets.

The first cabin was creeted in April, 1804, by John Marshall. The first guid hewed log hause was creeted in April, 1804, by John Marshall. The first guid hewed log hause was creeted in April, 1803. The first Court of Common Pleas was hold on the 15th day of November, 1804, by the Associate Judges, William Maxwell, Benjamin Whiteman, and James Barret. A license was given to William A. Boatty to keep a tavern in Neula for one year on the payment of eight deliars. This tavern was a double hewed log house, two stories high. It stood on the south side of Main Street, opposite the public square. In the west recom, up-stairs, the Court was held. In this house the first cleation in Neula was bediened as the stood on the steep of the health is during the years 1804 and 1805. In 1804, Amos Darough was given the building of the first jail. It stood where the Court-house new stands, and was constructed of hewed logs. The year following it was burned, and in April, 1806, William A. Beatty erected a new jail. It stood on the site of the prevent market-house, and was built of logs, two stories high, with a cabin-Darough was given the building of the first jail. It stood where the Court-house new stands, and was constructed of hewed logs. The year following it was burned, and in April, 1806, William A. Bently creeted a new jail. It stood on the ette of the present market-house, and was built of logs, two stories high, with a cabin-roof. During the war of 1812 it was burned. The building of the first Court-house was let to William Kendul, on the 8th day of April, 1806, and an allowance of six deliars for clearing the timber from the public square. The Court-house was built of brick, firty feet square, and twenty-cight feet high; with a cupole in the centre of the roof ten feet in disabeter and fifteen feet high; I was failshed on the fourteenth day of August, 1809. On the sixth day of April, 1806, "a license was granted to James Gowdy for retailing merchandise, on his complying with the law." He opened his goods in a log house, with a mud and slick chimney. Mr. Gowdy was the first merchant in the place.

The first punishment for crime was in 1806. The crime was stealing leather to half-solo a pair of shoes. "The culprit was punished by being tied to a sugartree on the public equare, and given "one stripe" on his bare back. James Culler had the honor of inflicting this punishment. This sugar-tree was made illustrious on the eighth day of October, 1808: A man was convicted of stealing a shovel-plow and clevis, and was sentenced to receive eight lashes on his bare back, and stand counstited until performance.

John Stevenson and James Stevenson, who came to the County in 1797, from Virginia, helped to raise the second log cabin in Nonia. They settled a few miles from Xonia, and were very remarkable men. John was the father of Oolenei Robert Stevenson. The land on which they settled, amounting to two hundred and fifty-seven and three-fourths acree, was sold by its owner, John Paul, to Joseph C. Vance for two hundred and fifty-seven and three-fourths acree, was sold by its owner, John Paul, to Joseph C. Vance for two hundred

Rebert Stavenson. The land on which they settled, and havens on the courts are and fifty-seven and three-fourths acres, was sold by its owner, John Paul, to Joseph C. Vance for two hundred and fifty dollars.

Xenia is almost contrally located on Shawnee, a branch of the Little Miami River. It contains a population, accerding to the census of 1870, of 6377. Nonia Township contains a population of 2254, making a total population in city and township of 8631. Of this, 6253 are white, and 2373 colored.

The Little Miami Railroad, the Columbus and Xenia Railroad, and the Dayton and Xenia Railroad pass through Xenia. Its religious enthusiasm is evidenced by fourteen churches, one of which is Roman Catholic.

Its principal public buildings are the Court-house, City Hall, two fire-engine houses, U.-Y. Theological Hall, S. & S. Orphan Home, M. E. Female College, Preshyterian Union Female Seminary, Greene County Infrinary, Wilberforce University; five Public School Buildings, four of which are graded with four departments, the other containing the High School, a Grammar School, and three other schools; one of these five buildings is devoted to the use of the colored orbits schools; one of these five huildings is devoted to the use of the colored population, and embraces four departments. Banks three, botals three, newspapers three, book-stores two, dry-goods stores six, drug-stores four, greeceries twenty-six, diching-stores five, millinories four, stoves and tinware three, bundary one, carriage manufactory three, steam lagging-factory one, furniture three, bindary one, carriage manufactory three, steam lagging-factory one, furniture three, bindary one, carriage manufactory three, steam lagging-factory one, dram oll-mill one, steam saw-mill one, steam planing-mills two, steam tile-factories two, steam planing-mills two, steam tile-factories two, steam plans, steam saw-mill one, steam faning-mills two, steam file-factories two, daily meat markets free, bakeries five, one pork-packing establishment.

There are nine Turnpik

XENIA TOWNSHIP.

XENIA TOWNSHIP.

The early history of this Township is sufficiently dwelt upon in the history of Xenia; but it may be remarked that the first grange established in Groone Gounty was established here. It was called the Oakhand Grange, of Nenia Township, awas started in 1873, by Daniel M. Skewart, new (1874) Secretary of the Ohio State Grange, and residing in Nenia. From the start the granges have increased, until they number may (1874) twenty-two, and all in good condition, and with fair prespects. Mr. Stewart deserves great credit for the able and persevering manner in which he handles this great organization.

That part of Xenia Township lying north and west of the Little Miami River, combracing one school sub-district and a fractional part of another, contained, during the civil war, between twenty-five and thirty voters; its enthusiasm for crushing the slaveholders' reboilion was so great that it furnished thirty-seven recruits for the army,—a matter perhaps suparalleled in the whole Union; about one-third were boys under twenty years of ago.

The first paster of Greene County initiated his ministerial labors in Xenia Township, in 1803. His name was Robert Armstrang. He preached at that time to the following families: Mathew Quinn, Alexander Forbes, William Junkin, —— Bromagen, Widow Criswell, Alexander McCoy and zons, James and John Stevenson, Thomas and John Townsley, George and James Galloway (blacksmith). He also preached at Sugar Creek, in the house of James Cleusy, where Bellbrack is now situated, to a number of families: John and Joseph McKnight. smith). He also preached at Sagar Creek, in the house of James Cleuxy, where Bellbrook is now situated, to a number of families: John and Joseph McKnight, Joseph C. Vance, Captain Lamb, William Tanner, two Snadgrasses, two Snowdens, — Vancaton. The Rev. Robert Armstrong had been sent by the Scotch Seceders as a missionary to Kentucky. He, of course, started the Seceder denomination of Greene County. The Rev. Androw Fellon, of the Associate Church, next arrived, and, on the first day of September, 1884, hoptized Ann and Anthony Galloway, this being the first haptism ever administered in Greene County by the Associate Church. The first church cellific of the Associate Congregation of Massic's Creek was built on three nerves belonging to James Stevenson. It was built of round hickory logs, the bark peeled off. It was thirty feet square, and covered with olap-honarls, knues, and weight-poles; the interstices between the logs were filled up with dirt and thay. It was without gallery or loft of any kind, and the floor was composed of inother earth. In it were neither stoves nor shimney. There was but one door, and it was in the centre of one can of the house. The pulpit was composed of clap-boards, on a wooden structure; on each side was a window of twelve office-boards, on a wooden structure; on each side was a window of twelve office-boards, on a wooden structure; on each side was a window of twelve office-boards, on a wooden structure; on each side was a window of twelve office-boards, on a wooden structure; on each side was a window of twelve office-by-ten lights. It was seated with two rows of punchens, about from twelve to fifteen inches broad and twelve feet long, split out from poplar near by. They were from four to six induct thick, and hewed on the upper side with the broad-axe, and smoothed off with the drawing-buffe or jack-plane. In each end and eachts there were uprights, some three feet long, mortised in; and on these uprights from two to three slats were pinned, and formed quite a comfortable back. Th

on the north bank of Massic's Crock, about four miles from where it empties into the Little Miami River. Men and women would ride on horses or walk from two to twolve, and some fifteen miles, to this house, and sit to hear two sermons, and return home without seeing or feeling a fire, in the coldest weather.

About the year 1812 or 1813 a second house of weathly was built of howed logs, distant from the first one some one hundred and fifty feet. At this date the country had improved, and several mills had been built. It was fifty feet wide; was floored and celled overload with half-inch poplar heards. In it there were four pows, the remainder of the seats being similar to those in the first edifice. This house became too small for the congregation and its increase; one side of it was taken out, and the width increased about twolve feet. Out of Massic's Greek, Sugar Creek, and Xenia congregations of the Associate Church, and Xenia Associate Reformed congregation, has spring the nucleus of aimost all the congregations in the United Presbyterian Church in the West.

The village of Oldfown is located in Xenia Township. Daniel Lewis and David

the reformed congregation, has spring in discuss of smoots in the College and David Monroe were the original proprietors. Moses Collier, surveyor. The plat of the town was received for record February 6, 1839, although it existed to an early date, before such entry. Its location is about three miles north of Xenia, on the Little Miami Railroad. Its population in 1870 was two hundred. Its business enterprise is represented by one shoemaker, one distribution, one blacksmith, two wagon-makers, one grocer, one firm as deniers in flour, feed, etc., and a good school. It occupies the site of the Indian town belonging to the Shawnee Indians, which was destroyed by fire by themselves on the approach of denoral Charles's forces, in 1780. Its Indian name was "Chillienthe," but it was called by the whites "Old Chillienthe," to distinguish it from other Indian villages of the same name. Chilliente was a favorite name with the Indians for their towns, there having been reveral of that name: one on the site of Frankfort, in Ross County; one on the site of was a involve manue; one on the site of Frankfort, in Ross County; one on the site of Westful, in Pickaway County; one on the site of Figur, in Miami County; and one on the Muunce. Chillicothe was the name of one of the principal tibes of the Shawness. The destruction of "Old Chillicothe" is described in the latter the Shawnees. The desiraction of "Old Chillicothe" is described i part of this history, in General Clarke's campaign with the Indians.

CEDARVILLE TOWNSHIP.

The first retiler of Cedarville Township was Thomas Townslop, who located there as a farmer in April, 1800. John Townslop came in 1801. Major James Galloway and Martha Townslop were the first couple married in the Township. The first child bern was James Townsley, son of John Townsloy. The first death was that of a stranger named fittekler. The population of the Township, according to the consus of 1870, is 2301. The population of the Township, according to the consus of 1870, is 2301. The population of the village of Cedarville is 753. The village was laid out by Jesse Newport and Wm. Newport, original proprietors, and was recorded June 29, 1816. Its first name was Milford, from which it was changed for the sake of pustal facilities, there being other post-offices of that name. The name of Cedarville was occasioned by the shundance of cedar growing around at that time. Its business and social enterprice is evidenced by three dry-goods stores, seven greecries, one bakery, two mardy-shops, three boot and shoe-stores, one steam greecries, one bakery, two wagon-shops, three boot and shoe-stores, one steam griet-mill, one steam sawmill, one flax-mill, one water-power saw-mill, two butchs, one undertaker, two barber-shops, one saddler-shop, two milliner-shops, one sadoon, three butcher-shops, two livery-slables, three physicians, two justices, five churches,—one Methodiat, one Reformed Presbyterian (New School),—one graded school of seven departments.

A branch of the Little Miami Railroad passes through the village.

branch of the Little Minmi Railroad passes through the village. The A branch of the little situant Rainana passes a transfer of transfer and the Chainnati and Columbus Turnpike and the Chainnati and Columbus Turnpike also pass in and through the village. Massio's Creek, a small stream, passes through the village, and in its course through the Township furnishes water-

There are in Cadarville five firms running lime-kilns, which is quite a trade

thereshouts.

The "Ancient Fort and Mound" are located in this Township. The Mound is Ancient Fort and Mound" are located in this Township. The Mound is iy feet deep, with various layers of different earth of every color. The feeling is that it and the "Fort" were built at an antediluvian period, atedituvian race; and that the Mound was erected by antediluvian war-hostile array, to shell their hostile opponents out of the Fort,—the old ereabouts feeling quite sanguine that gunpowder and modern warfare that these.

SPRING VALLEY TOWNSHIP.

This Township, at an early date, was a part of Sugar Creek Township, from which it was formed mainly through the influence of Ambrose Elain, now a prominent citizen of Spring Valley. It contains a population of 1555, according to the census of 1870.

to the census of 1870.

Its first settlers were mainly from Virginia and the Carolinas, and their descendants stick to the homes of their forefathers. Josiah Elam, who fought through the Revolutionary struggle and Gen. Wayne's campaign with the Indians, was perhaps its first settler, having prospected the Township well as early as 1793, while leading a band of Kentuckians in pursuit of Indians, who had been stealing horses near his then home in Kentucky. The Waltons, from Shenandeah County, Virginia, came in about 1800, under the leadership of Ed-ward Walton, whose portrait is found in the Atlas. Mr. Edward Walton was a ward Walton, whose portrait is found in the Atlas. Mr. Edward Walton was a remarkable man, and his descendants to-day in Spring Valley seem to have inherited his courage, enterprise, and integrity. The protrait of his son, Moses, who lives now on the home of his father, is found in the Atlas, by the side of his illustrious father. At about the same date the Sanders' came in (a portrait of Jesse Sanders is found in the Atlas), from North Carolina; the Mendenhalls and Comptons, from North Carolina and South Carolina. John McKnight came in 1811, and his father, Wim. McKnight, in 1807, from Virginia. Robert Simison and John Clarke came about 1805.

SPRING VALLEY.

This town, eliusted in the Township of the same name, contains a population of 200. It was laid out by Edward and Moses Walton, in the year 1842, and was surveyed by Samuel T. Orvolus. Its business and social enterprise are evidenced by two groceries, one dry-goods store, one shoe-shop, two wagon-shops, two blackamith-shops, one drug-store, one woolen-factory, one hotel; one bagging-mill, or tow-mill, to prepare from flax material for bags used for cotton-packing the Sambara and the state of th in the South; one tin-shop, one cooper-shop, three flouring-mills, one oil-mill (flax-seed), one livery-stable, one dealer in grain, one harness-shop, four churches, one union school, three physicians, one lawyer, one justice of the

The Little Miami Railroad, the Cincinnati and Columbus Pike, and the Bell-The Inttle Miami Rairead, the Cincinnan and Columnous Pike, and the Bell-brook Pike, pass through the village, and the Little Miami River touches it eastern boundary, Glady's Run, on the northwest boundary, empties into the Little Miami River. It furnishes water-power for two saw-mills, one powder keg factory, one oil-mill, two flour-mills, one tow-mill, and one woolen-factory, in keg factory, one oil-mill, two flour-mills, one tow-mill, and one woolen-factory, in a distance of seven miles, its total longth. This run is fed entirely by springs, that in Spring Valley are so numerous and remarkable in quantity and quality

of water as to occasion the name of the Township.

Pork-packing is carried on largely by Walton & Alexander.

Inside the corporation are found "Indian mounds," from which have been excavated fossiliferous remains of men and animals. They are cone-shaped, and vary in height from seventy-five to one hundred and fifty feet.

NEW BURLINGTON.

NEW BURLINGTON.

New Burlington is on the southern boundary of Spring Valley Township. About three-fourths of the town is situated in Clinton County. Its original proprietor was Alexauder Jay. It was surveyed by Issue Collet. Its first name was Burlington, from which it was changed for the sake of post-office accommodations, there being other towns in the State of the same name.

It contains two dry-goods stores, one grocery, one drug-store, three blacksmith-shops, one carriage-shop, one wagon-shop, one bearding-house, two steams saw-millis, one flouring-mill, one tan-yard, one shee-shop, one harness-shop, two churches, one union school of two grades. No salcons are permitted, and good citizens boast of its temperance as of thirty years' standing. Its very early settlers were John Arnold, John Grant, Amos Compton, Stephen Compton, and Joseph Compton, who were from the Carolinas and Virginia.

Transylvania, in Spring Valley, was originally owned by J. W. Merrick:

Transylvania, in Spring Valley, was originally owned by J. W. Merrick; Samuel T. Owen, surveyor. Recorded the 13th day of November, 1850. It is now almost deserted.

BEAVER CREEK TOWNSHIP.

The chain that links the present to the earliest past, to the birth and infancy period of Beaver Creek Township, is in great part traditionary. The rich soil, fine rolling lands, and the excellent water abounding in this section early attracted

The main this Township that the first court-house, jail, mill, church, and per-aps first school-house in the County, were built; and this fact fully entitles it to he name of the Piencer Township of Greene County. The population of the committy in 1840, as given in "Howe's History of Ohio," was 1752. It is now

Township in 1840, as given in "Howe s reserved."

[1874] fully 3000.

It is a fac, flourishing, agricultural and manufacturing district. The products are corn, wheat, ryo, oate, barley, flaxsced, buckwheat, grapes, and how. Her manufactured products are

It is a fine, flourishing, agricultural and manufacturing district. The products of her farmers are corn, wheat, ryo, oats, barloy, flaxseed, buckwheat, grapes, broom-corn, potatioes, sorghum, tobacco, and hay. Her manufactured products are flour, whisky, linseed-oil, oil-cake, sorghum and maple syrups, who and lamber. Seventy years age Beaver Creek Township was little more than a block of forest, abounding in deer, bears, wild turkeys, and the smaller game. A few Indiana still lingered along the Beaver and Miami Valleys. A few adventurous pioneers had begun the work of felling trees and building cabins. Paths were broadened into roads. The woodman was fast followed by the plowman. Cottages supplanted the wigwam and cabin. Sunny meadows here and there began to dot the shady forests, and the hum of the mill was continually heard.

Circumstances mould the customs of a people. At this early day both were peculiar. There were no social lines drawn. There was one great need of mutual help,—and so we find "frolics" the order of the day. There were wood-chopping frolics, log-rolling frolics, corn-husking and wool-ploking frolics; and one which at this day is not quite extinct, the house-raleing frolic. On such occasions, after the work had been completed, a big supper was partaken of, and then all joined

the work had been completed, a big suppor was partaken of, and then all Joined

Such were the customs here less than fifty years ago; at which period their hest roads were mere lance through the woods; their most approved vehicle the "carry-all," a one-horse, covered wagon without springs. How different all at this day! Our railroad facilities, our excellent pikes running in all directions, our elegant turnouts, our comfortable and often luxuriant homes; our ten fine schools, and seven flourishing churches; our broad-spread education, and the vastly elevated condition of sectal and moral culture and refinement! And the of progress and development scems ever increasing.

progress and development seems ever moreosing.

a prosperous little village, is boonted in Beaver Creek Township. Its
proprietors were Wm. J. Needles and John Harbein. It was survoyed on the 28th of February and 1st day of March, 1854, by Sam. T. Owens. Its business the 28th of February and let day of March, 1854, by Sam. T. Owens. Its business enterprise is expressed by one dry-goods and grocery-store, two black-mithshops, two wagon-shops, one distillery, one grist-mill, one oil-mill, one saw-mill, one warehouse, containing a steam corn-sheller, one post-office, two churches, and one school. Three pikes pass through the village, also a branch of the Little Miami Relipond. Zimmerman, a small village, is also in this Township. Its population is about one hundred. Beaver Station is another of the villages of Beaver Creek Township. Its original proprietor was John Paul. Pinckneyville was its first name, then Frost Station. It contains one flour-mill and distillery, one grocery, one blacksmith-shop, and one wagon-shop. The Dayton and Xenia Railroad, the Xenia Pike, and the Little Miami River pass through the village.

CÆSAR CREEK TOWNSHIP.

This Township is located in the southern part of the County. It contains a population of one thousand one hundred and fourteen, according to the census of 1870. Its land is hilly, and abounding in timber in considerable quantities. Painterville is located in this Township, about nine miles southeast of Xenis. It was laid out and surveyed by Moses Collier September 7, 1837, for Josse Painter, proprietor. The Port Williams road passes through the village. The village contains two blacksmith-shows, one cabinet-maker, three greecies, one saddler. contains two blacksmith-shops, one cabinet-maker, three groceries, one saddler, one saw-mill. Population about one hundred and fifty.

SILVER CREEK TOWNSHIP

This Township is located in the eastern part of the County, and is surrounded by Ross, New Jasper, and Jefferson Townships. It contains two villages, Jamestown and Mechanicsville. Jamestown, the larger of the two, contains a population of over five hundred. It was named after James Browder, an early pioneer. The original proprietors of the town-site were Thomas Browder and Martin Mendenhall. It was recorded the 1st day of June, 1816, Josiah Grover, recorder. It contains now (1874) three groceries, one bank, four dry-goods stores, one hard-It contains now (1874) three groceries, one bank, four dry goods stores, one hardware store, one drug-store, one restaurant, two livery-stables, two holels, two shoets, three blacksmith-shops, three wagon-shops, two millineries, two saddler and harness-shops, one flour-mill, one flax-mill, three churches (Methodist, United Presbyterian, and Christian), two schools (one white and one colored), one justice, and four physicians. The County fair-grounds are located near the village. Mechanic-ville is located south of Jamestown. Its population is very small. It was recorded September 13, 1849, for Wm. Blain, original proprietor. Sam. T. Owens surveyed it on the 11th day of September, 1849.

NEW JASPER TOWNSHIP.

New Jasper was originally a portion of Xenia Township, and iles east of Xenia Township. The Haglers were the first settlers of this Township. It contains a great deal of timber, and perhaps is not so productive or enterprising as the other Townships of the County. It contains one very small village,—New Jasper. It was named by one of its early settlers in honor of his home in Virginia. Its population, according to the census of 1870, is 1084, of whom 004 are colored.

SUGAR CREEK TOWNSHIP.

This Township is located in the extreme southwestern portion of the County, and is named from a creek flowing through it as a tributary of the Little Minmi River, which also waters the best portion of it. Helibrook, its only village, is a little place of four hundred inhabitants. The population of the whole Township is fourteen hundred and eighty-two, according to the census of 1870. Bellbrook was originally owned by Stephen Bell, James Clancey, and Henry Opdiko, carly pioneers of the Township, and was recorded on the 10th day of February, 1816.

ROSS TOWNSHIP.

ROSS TOWNSHIP.

Ross Township was named after an early settler. It is located in the northeastern portion of the County. It is surrounded by Cedarville, New Jasper, and
Jefferson Townships, respectively. on the west-and Jefferson Townships, respectively, on the west and south, and on the north and east by Clark and Madison Counties. It is difficult to determine who were the original settlers of Ross Township, as the pioneers are dead, and their descend ants, few in number, oblivious to its origin. The Charleston road passes through the Township, while the north and south branches of Massio's Creek traverse th best portion of the Township. Grape Grove, a small village, is situated on the south branch of Massie's Creek. Its population is about fifty; and it contains one church, one school-house, one saw-mill, and one grist-mill.

JEFFERSON TOWNSHIP.

Jefferson Township was named after Thomas Jefferson. It contains a popula-tion of 1277. Bowersville is located in this Township, and is a presperous little village of two hundred inhabitants. Its original proprietor was Chris. Heepey. It was surveyed by Sam. T. Owens, and recorded on the 8th day of April, 1846. It contains two school buildings (one union school, and Forrest Home College) one saw-mill and one grist-mill.

MIAMI TOWNSHIP.

MIAMIT TOWNSHIP.

Miami Township is one of the most fertile of the Townships lying along Clark County, in the northern part of Greene County. It is bounded on the west by Bath, on the east by Cedarville, on the south by Xenia; Beaver Creek Township touches its southwestern corner. It was named Miami because the two forks that form the Miami River (Little) join a few yards from its northern boundary in Clark County. Miami was the favorite hunting ground of Teeumsch and his family; and the birth-place of Teeumsch was only a few miles from there, in Clark County. The Little Miami River and its tributary, the Yellow Spring Rivulet, mass theoryth the Township, and their carges presents come of the Given Rivulet, pass through this Township, and their course presents some of the fines and most remantic securry in America. It is difficult, in fact impossible, to de and most romantle sequery in America. It is difficult, in fact impossible, to determine who was the first settlement of Minmi Township, on account of the original settlers being dead, and their descendants scattered or in hopeless ignorance of such facts. This Township contains two villages, the larger of which, Yellow Springs, is quite prosperous. It was originally called Forrest Village. Wm. Mills was the original proprietor. Sam. T. Owens surveyed its location on the 23d day of November, 1853. Autioch College, a colobrated institution of learning, gives a tone to its character. A complete history of Autioch is detailed elsewhere. The Yellow Springs, near the village, possess remarkable properties, and tree composed mainly of sulphur. The business and social enterprise of Yellow Springs is largely evidenced by four

storer for general merchandler, three groceries, one saddler-shop, one carriage-shop, three shoe-shops, two hotels, one tin-shop, one bakery, one livery-stable, one lumber-yard, two drug-stores, three millinery-shops, two butcher-shops, one book-store, three blacksmith-shops, one graded school of five departments, two Mothodist churches, one Presbyterian, one Episcopal, one Baptist, one Christian, and one Catholic. The Little Miami River flows one and one-half Christian, and one Catholia. The Little Jainani Aliver hows one and one-half miles from the village. The Little Miami Railroad and four piker pass into the village. Its population, according to census of 1870, is 1300. Clifton, another village of Miami Township, contains a population of 300. It is named from the contiguous alife, of great romance and beauty, forming some of the finest natural scenery in the West. It was surveyed by Robert Watson, Timothy G. Bates, and seenery in the West. It was surveyed by Robert Watson, Timothy G. Rates, and Bennett Lewis, original propristors, and was recorded the 24th of August, 1833. It contains two groceries, two blacksmith-shops, one wagon-shop, two shoe-shops; one saw-mill, one flour-mill, one paper-mill—all run by steam; and the Little Miami Illver passes through the village. It has three churches,—one Presbyterian, one United Presbyterian, one Methodist,—one graded school of four departments, one post-office, one physician, one notary public, and one justice. Miami Township, with its villages, is peopled by a law-abiding, industrious people, of temperate babils. ate habits.

BATH TOWNSHIP.

BATH TOWNSHIP.

This Township is located in the extreme northwestern part of the County, and is, perhaps, the most fertile and best cultivated portion of the County. Its population, according to the census of 1870, was 2684. It was named after the town of Bath, Maine, from which one of its early settlers came. It contains three villages. The village of Byron is the smallest, and was formerly called Tylers-villa. Its original proprietor was Wm. Senseman. It was surveyed and laid out by Moses Coilier on the 19th day of May, 1841. Its population is about 50. The Byron and Clifton pike passes through the village. It contains one grocery, one blackmith-shop, one wagon-shop, one shoe-shop, one conper-shop, one Greman Reformed church, and one sohool. Fairfield, another village of Bath Township, was originally owned by Joseph Tatman, Samuel Cozad, Wm. Cozad, and was laid out by them on the 12th of March, 1816. It contains two greecies, one store of greeneral merchandise, one drug-store, two blackmith-shops, two wagon shops, two shoe-shops, one flour-mill, three churches (Methodist, German Reformed, and Baptist), one graded school of three departments, one justice, and two doctors. Its population is 400. Four pikes pass into the village. The largest village of Bath Township, Osborn, contains a population of 700. It was named after E, F, Osborn. John Cox originally owned its location, and Washington Galloway surveyed it. It was recorded on the 20th day of May, 1851. The Allantic and Great Western Railway and the Columbus and Cincinnati (or short line) Railway pass through it. It contains two stores for dry-goods and greeceles, line) Rallway pass through it. It contains two stores for dry-goods and grocertes, one bakery, two hardware-stores, two drug-stores, one barbur-shop, one fruit-store, one hotel, two blacksmith-shops, two wagen-shops, one express office, one boot and shoe-store, three shoe-shops, one butcher-shop, one millinery-shop, one stocking-knitting factory, one tailor-shop, one fruit-tree nursery, two coopershops, one paint-shop, one grist-mill, one saw-mill, one fax-mill, one commission grain dealer, one lumber-yard, four churches (Lutheran, Presbyterian, Methodist, and Catholio), one graded school of four departments, one select school, one justice, two physicians. Six roads pass into the town. The Masons and Odd-Fellows are represented by influential and powerful todges. There are no salcons in the town, and the moral example is splendid. It is one of the rising towns of Greene County. line) Rallway pass through it. It contains two stores for dry goods and groceries. Greene County.

GENERAL CLARKE'S CAMPAIGN.

On the 2d of August, 1780, General Clarke took up the line of march from where Cincinnati new stands for the Indian towns. The line of march was as follows: the first division, commanded by Clarke, took the front position; the centre was occupied by artillery, military stores, and buggage; the second, commanded by Colonel Logan, was placed in the rear. The men were ordered to march in four lines, at about forty yards from each other; and a line of flankers on each side, about the same distance from the right and left lines. There was on each side, about the same distance from the right and left lines. There was also a front and a rear guard, who only kept in sight of the main army. In order to prevent confusion in case of an attack of the enemy, on the march of the army a general order was issued that, in the event of an attack in front, the front was to stand fast, and the two right lines to wheel to the right, and the two left-hand lines to the left, and form a complete line, while the artillery was to advance forward to the centre of the line. In case of an attack on either of the flanks or side lines, these lines were to stand fast, and likewise the artillery, while the opposite lines, wheeled and formed an the two agreement them lines. In the agent site lines wheeled and formed on the two extremes of those lines. In the event of an attack being made on the rear, similar order was to be observed as in an attack in front. In this manner the army moved on without encountering anything worthy of notice until they arrived at Chillicothe (situated on the Little thing worthy of notice until they arrived at Chillicothe (situated on the Little Miami River, three miles north of Xenia, in Greene County), about two o'clock in the afternoon, on the sixth day of August. They found the town not only abandoned, but most of the houses burnt down and burning, having been set on fire that morning. The army encamped on the ground that night, and, on the following day, cut down several hundred acres of corn; and about four o'clock in the evening took up their line of march for the Piqua towns, about twelve miles from Chillicothe, in Clark County. They had not marched more than a mile from Chillicothe before there came on a very heavy rain, with thunder and lightning and considerable wind. Without tenis or any other shelter from the rain, which fell in torrents, the men were as wet as if the bad leaps alwayed that the which fell in torrents, the men were as wet as if they had been plunged into the river, nor was it in their power to keep their guns dry. It was nearly dark before the rain eccased, when they were ordered to encamp in a hollow square, with the baggage and horses in the centre, and, as soon as fires could be made, to dry their clother.

On the morning of the 8th the army marched by sunrise; and, having a level, open way, arrived in sight of Piqua, situated on the west side of the Mad River, about two c'clock r.m. The Indian road from Chillicothe to Piqua, which the army followed, crossed the Mad River about a quarter of a mile below the town, and as soon as the advanced guard crossed into a prairie of high weeds, they were attacked by the Indians, who had concealed themselves in the weeds.

attacked by the Indians, who had concealed themselves in the weeds. Colonei Logan was ordered with about four hundred men to file off to the right, and march up the river on the east side, so as to prevent the Indians from eccepting in that direction; while the remainder of the men, under Coloneis Lynn, Floyd, and Harrod, were ordered to cross the river and encompass the town on the west side; while General Clarko, with the troops under Colonei Shaughter and such as were attached to the artillery, marched directly towards the town.

The prairie in which the Indians, who commenced the attack, were concealed, was only about two hundred yards across to the thinbered land; and the division of the army destined to encompass the town on the west-life found it necessary to cross the prairie to avoid the fire of a concealed enemy. The Indians evinced great military skill and judgment; and to prevent the western division from excenting the duties assigned them, they made a powerful effort to turn their left wing. This was discovered by Lloyd and Lynn, who, to prevent being outflanked, extended the line of battle west more than a mile from the town. The fight was

carmly confested on both sides until about five o'clock, when the Indians diswarmly confected on both sides until about five o'clock, when the Indiana disappeared, everywhere unperceived, except a few in the town. The field plece, which had been entirely useless before, was now brought to bear upon the houses, when a few shots di-bodged the Indians which were in them. When the men got into the town, they found a considerable quantity of provisions, ready-cooked in large kettes and other vessels, almost untanched. The loss on each side was about equal, each having about twenty killed. It is estimated that at the two Indian towns, Chillicothe and Fiqus, more than five bundred acres of corn were destroyed. On the 10th of August the army began their march honovard, and yed. On the 10th of August the army began their march homeword, and pedia Chillicothe that night. At the mouth of the licking the army disdestroyed. persed, and each man unde his best way home.

GENERAL HARMER'S CAMPAIGN.

The Indians of the Miani Rivers were numerous, warlike, and not deficient in discipline. They were well armed, also, obtaining weapons and ammunition from the posts which the British still retained within the territories of the United States, contarty to the treaty of peace. An expedition was set on food, which began its march on the 30th of September, 1790, from Fort Washington (which began its march on the 30th of September, 1790, from Fort Washington (which stood on the site of the present city of Cincinnati). Brigadier-General Harmer, a veteran of the Revolution, led the expedition, having under him three hundred and twenty regulars, with militia detachments from Pennsylvania and Virginia, for Kentucky), making in all fourteen hundred and fifty-three men. After a march of seventeen days, they approached the principal village of the Mianis, The Indians did not wait an attack, but set fire to the village and fiel to the woods. The destruction of the place, with that of large quantities of provisions, was completed. An Indian trail being discovered, Colonel Hardin, a Continental officer, who commanded the Kentucky militia, was detached to follow it at the head of one hunderd and titty of his men, and about thirty regulars under Cap head of one hundred and fitty of his men, and about thirty regulars under Captain Armstrong and Ensign Hart-horn. They followed the trail for about six miles, and were crossing a plain covered by thickets, when suddenly there were solleys of rifles on each side from unesen marks men, accompanied by the horrid war whoop. The trail had, in fact, decayed them into an ambush of seven hundred savages, under the fanous warrior little Turtle. The militia fled without firing a market. The savages now turned upon the little handful of regulars, who stood their ground and made a brave resistance with the bayonet until all were slain excepting Captain Armstrong, Eusign Hartshorn, and live privates. The Eusign was saved by falling belind a log, which rereched him from his pur-The Energia was saved by falling behind a log, which retreated him from his pur-sures. Armstrong plunged into a swamp, where he sank up to his neck, and re-mained for several hours of the night, within two hundred yards of the field of action, a speciator of the war-dance of the savages over the slain. The two officers who escaped thus narrowly found their way back to camp, about six miles distant. The army, notwithetanding, effected the main purpose of the ex-pedition in laying waste the Indian villages and destroying their winter's stock of provisions; after which it commenced its march back to Fort Washington. On the 21st of thetaber, when it was halfed about ten miles to the west of "Old Citilization," in Greene County, an computantity was riyen Colonel Hardin to who Chillicathe," in Greene County, an opportunity was given Colonel Hardin to wipo out the late disgrace of his arms. He was detached, with a larger body of militia out the late disgrace of his arms. He was detached, with a larger body of militia than before and sixty regulars under Major Willys, to seek and bring the savages to action. The accounts of these Indian wars are very confused. It appears, however, that he had another encounter with Little Turtle and his braces. It was a bloody battle, fought well on both sides. The militis behaved bravely, and both many men and officers, as did the regulars. Major Willys fell at the commencement of the action. Colonel Hardin was at length compelled to retreat, leaving the dead and wounded in the hands of the enemy. After he had rejoined the major free the whole according made its way hook to Fact Washington, in in farce, the whole expedition made its way back to Fort Washington, on the banks of the Obio.

GENERAL ST. CLAIR'S CAMPAIGN.

General St. Chir assembled his troops early in September, 1791, in the violaity of Fort Washington (now Cincinnati). Two thousand regulars and one thousand or Fort Washington (now Unclount). Two thousand regulars and one thousand militia comprised the force. The regulars included a corps of artillory and several squadrons of horse. They commenced their march directly north on the 6th or 7th of September, 1791, entring their way through the woods, and slowly constructing the line of forts. On the 2th of October, according to the dirty of an officer, "the absence of the 1st regiment and describers from the militia had much reduced the force." The command at this time were marching through Greene County, and hostile Indians were nuncrous. Notwithstanding pointed reference country, and a possibly of one hundred lashes, game was so plenty, and presented such a strong temptation, that the militia and the levies were constantly offending, to the great injury of the service and the destruction of all

order in the army.

Placing small garrisons here and there, the General continued his march. It was a forced one with him, for he was so afflicted with the gout that he could not walk, and had to be helped on and off his horse. But his only chance to keep his little army together was to move on. The army, reduced by desertion, now amounted to fourteen hondred effective rank and file, and continued to much to a point about twenty nine miles from Fort Jeserson, in Darke County, ninety-seven miles from Fort Washington, and offteen miles south of the Miami villages, where it encamped November 3, "on a rising ground, with a stream faity feet wide in front, running westerly." The troops were encamped in two lines, the right wing composed of Butler, Clarke, and Patterson's battallons, commanded by Major-General Butler, forming the first line; Patterson on the right, and four pieces of artiflery on the right of Butler. The loft wing, consisting of fleddinger and Galther's battalions, and the 2d United States regiment, commanded by Chonel Durke, formed the second line; with an interval of about sevently yards. A troop of horse, commanded by Captalo Truman, and a company of tillemen under Captain Faukner, were upon the right flank, and Snowden's troop of horse on the left. The millits were encamped beyond the stream about a quarter of a mile in the advance, on a high flat. It was the intention of St. Clair to three up a skight work on the following day, and to move on to the notack of the Indian villages as soon as he should be rejoined by Major Hamtanek and the 1-t United States regiment. Sentinels posted around the campanount lifty paces distant from each other, formed the principal security.

About half an hour before sarrise on the next morning (November 1, 1791), and just after the troops had been dismissed on parade, a horribis sound burst forth from the woods around the militia camp, recombing, says an officer, the augling of an infinitude of house-bells. It was the directal Indian yell, followed by the sharp reports of the deadly rifle. The militia returned a feeble fire, and then took to dight, dashing better-skelter into the other camp. The first line of the Continental troops, which was hastly forming, was thrown into disorder. The Indians were close upon the heels of the flying militia, and would have entered the camp with fixed be now amounted to fourteen hundred effective rank and file, and continuach to a point about twenty also unless from Fort Jefferson, in Darko

fire, and every officer and more than two-thirds of the men were killed and wounded. Twice the Indians pushed into the camp, delivering their fire, and then rushed on with the tomahawk, but each time they were driven back. General Butter had been shot from his horse, and was sliting down to have his wound dressed, when a daring savage, darting into the camp, tomahawked and scalped him. The savages had now gotten into the camp by the left flank, tireat carange was being suffered. All the officers of the 2d regiment were picked off except three. The fight had now been going on for two hours and a half; half the army was killed, and the situation of the remainder was desperate. There appeared no alternative but a retreat. Having collected in one body the greater part of the troops, and such of the wounded as could possibly hobble along, St. Clair, with his vanquished force, pushed out from the left of the rear line, sacrificing his artillery and boggage. The firing of musketry heart by the troops after the quitted the camp tool that their unfortunate comrades left behind were selling their lives dear. It was a disorderly flight. The troops threw away arms, ammunition, and accountements. The General was troops threw away arms, ammunition, and accourrements. The General unted on a pack-horse, which could not be pricked out of a walk. dians did not pursue above a mile or two, returning most probably to plunder the camp. By seven in the evening the fugitives reached Fort Jefferson, a distance of twenty-nine miles. The retreat was continued to Fort Washington arrived on the 8th November, 1791, having last six hundred and eventy-seven killed and two hundred and seventy-one

GENERAL WAYNE'S CAMPAIGN.

General Wayne left Fort Washington (now Cincinnati) in the spring of 1794 General Wayne left Fort Washington (now Cincinnati) in the spring of 1794, with his forces amounting to fifteen hundred men. On the 8th of August he artived at the junction of the rivers Auglaize and Miami, where the Indians had their most important villages. He had on the way, in Greene County, been joined by cloven hundred mounted volunteers from Kentucky, and his force now exceeded that of the savage warriors who had collected to oppose him. He three up some works here, which he named Fort Defiance. Fort Miami, a British past, was about thirty miles distant. Wayne's men were eager for a fight, but the General, restraining his impetuosity, made overtures of peace. His overtures were ineffectual. On the 20th of August, lawing arrived near to the enemy constitute his advanced, early was fived upon by an ambush of the enemy constitute his advanced early was fived upon by an ambush of the enemy constitute. position, his advanced guard was fired upon by an subbush of the enomy con-called in a thicket, and was compelled to retreat. Wayne now ordered an attack canted in a thicket, and was compelled to retreat. Wayne now ordered an attack of horse and foot on the enemy's position. The Indians were roused from their lair with the point of the bayonet. They were driven, fighting for more than two miles, through thick woods, and pursued with great slaughter until within gunshot of the British fort. We remained," writes the General, "three days and nights on the banks of the Miami, in front of the field of battle, during which time all the houses and corn were consumed." The loss of Wayne's forces in this battle was thirty-three killed and one hundred wounded. The estimated force of the Indians was about fourteen hundred, and their loss about half of that number. This decisive victory over the savages brought peace to the frontier, and the Counties in the seuthwestern portion of Ohio, and Greene especially, were rapidly populated. According to the records of an old settler of Greene, two hundred and thirteen of the near who fought under Wayne settled in Greene Canuty. General Authons Wayne was born in Chester Codnly, Pa., January 1, two hundred and thirteen of the men who fought under Wayne sattled in Greene County. General Anthony Wayne was born in Chester Codnty, Pa., January I., 1745. After leaving school he became a surveyor, and paid some attention to philosophy and engineering, by which he obtained the friendship of Dr. Franklin, who became his patron. He entered the army of the Revolution in 1775, and was made Brigailler-General in 1777. He was in the army through the war, and manned the survey of the survey of the survey of a manney and Monmouth. His attack upon Stony Point, in July, 1779, an almost inaccessible height, defended by six hundred men and a strong battery of artilliory, was the most brilliant exploit of the war. The crowning act of his life was his victory over the failure on the Mannee River (in earlier days called Minni River of the wer the Indians on the Manmee River (in earlier days called Miami River of the lake) and the treaty of Greenville, in 1795. He died in a cabin, in 1796, in what called Eric, Pa. Wayne was one of the best Generals of the Revolution

ANTIOCH COLLEGE.

This institution is situated in the village of Yellow Springs, on a campus of about twenty acres, having an eastward slope, and fronting on the Little Miami Rallway

The style of the buildings may be seen in the engraving published in this Atlas.

about trenty acres, having an eastward slope, and fronting on the Little Manni Rallway.

The style of the buildings may be seen in the engraving published in this Atlas. The central building is in the form of a cross, with a nave of one hundred and seventy feet, and a transept of one hundred and ten feet. It contains recomes for resistation, a library, laboratory, lecture-room, and a chapel capable of scating nearly a thousand persons. The buildings on each side are dermitories one hundred and seventy feet by forty, and four stories high. The south hall is occupied by gentlemen, the north hall by ladles, and also contains kitchens and diningrouns for the College commons. The President's house, a large three-story brick building, does not appear in the engraving.

The establishment of this College was decided on in a convention of the Christian denomination held in Marion, Wayne County, N. Y., in October, 1850. Measures were at once taken to raise the necessary funds, with the expectation of locating it in the State of New York. The enthusiasm of its Ohio friends soon led to the ready concession that this State had carned the right to claim the establishment of the College within its borders, and the munifecence of Judge William Mills and others of the vicinity secured its erection at Yellow Springs. Judge Mills hinself gave the ground and about \$20,000 in money. The College was opuned in October, 1853.

Judge Mills hinself gave the ground and about \$20,000 in money. The College was opuned in October, 1853.

The chief object of the founders of the College was to establish an institution of high rank, offering equal opportunities to both sexes, under devoutly Christian influence, without sectorian blass. When the time came for carrying their purpose into effect, the Trustees invited Honare Maxx to become the first President. Mr. Mann had just closed his grand work as Secretary of the Board of Education of the State of Massachusetts, and was holding a seat in Congress as the success. At his suggestion, the princip

and in their later life. Like many other colleges, Antioch lay for suveral years under heavy financial

burdens: but in April, 1859, its out-tanding debts were paid, and the properly relieved from all incumbrance. From that thus no debt has been incurred. This work Mr. Mann lived to see accomplished, but died in the August following,—his end doubtlers hastened by anxiety and heroic labors.

Mr. Mann was succeeded in the Presidency by Thomas Hill, D.D., afterwards President of Harvard University. He held the position until Jane, 1862; subscriptions of friends in the meantime supplying the place of income from endowment. The breaking out of the Robellian made it necessary to reduce expenses. Dr. Hill resigned, and the Faculty was reduced in number. The institution was carried on under the charge of Prof. J. B. Weston, as acting President, all its departments being kept up, though on a scale adapted to the circumstances.

In June, 1864, the denominational qualification previously required in the election of Trustees was stricken out of the charter, and the College freed from all sectorial conditions whatever. Upon this change an endowment of \$100,000 was raised within the year, by members of the Unitarian denomination, and in 1865 it was given to the College to be held so long and only so long as this non-sectorian basis should continue, thus securing its cantinuance as an unsecturian institution.

institution.

For the ensuing year Prof. Austin Craig, D.D., acted as President. He was succeeded, in 1866, by Rev. Geo. W. Hosmer, D.D., who remained in office until January, 1873, when Prof. Edward Orton, who had been connected with the College for eight years as Professor of Natural Sciences, was chosen President. Her.

lege for eight years as Professor of Natural Sciences, was chosen President. He, however, resigned at the end of the college year, June, 1873, to take the Presidency of the Ohio State Agricultural and Mechanical College, at Columbus. Since that time Prof. Samuel C. Derby has acted as President.

The College has a Library of 5000 volumes, and a Reading-room supplied with many of the leading periodicals, American and foreign. It has a Laboratory for the accommodation of students in Practical Chemistry, and apparatus of excellent quality for illustrating the Physical Sciences, procured at a cost of several thousand dollars. There is also a collection of Minerals and Possils, for illustrating the lectures in Geology and collateral subjects. It fairly represents the rocks of Ohio, and, in a less degree, the formations of several other parts of the North American continent: and has lately been re-arranged and adapted for teaching purposes, rather than for more exhibition.

conting purposes, rather than for mere exhibition.

The endowment of the college exceeds \$100,000, besides a legacy of \$20,000, which has just been left by Mrs. Sarah F. King, of Taunton, Mass.

The funds of the institution are securely invested, and pay a high rate of in-

terest. The original aim of the College is still maintained. Its standard of requirements ranks with that of the colleges of New England, and therough work is required from all who seek its honors. A hono-like spirit pervades its family, and everything is done to inspire in its students the highest aims in character and scholarship. In addition to its four-years' curriculum of regular studies, shorter courses are offered for those who wish to fit themselves for teaching or any other pursuit. Its students have shown the excellence of its methods for purposes of teaching the third recovers a teachers of high ranks. training by their success as teachers of high rank.

selected for their fitness, and not for llege maintains a corps of teachers their rolligious sympathics. They represent the Christian, Prashyterian, Congregational, Methodist, and Unitarian denominations, and are us follows:

College Faculty.

Channing Professor of History and Ethics

JOHN R. WESTON, A.M. (Antioch). George Livermore Professor of the Greek Language ond Literature

SAMUEL C. DERBY, A.M. (Harvard), Acting President. Hall Professor of the Latin Language and Literature.

> CHARLES H. CHANDLER, A.M. (Dartmouth), Professor of Chemistry and P

G. STANLEY HALL, A.M. (Williams), Bellows Professor of Mental Philosophy and English Literature

REBECCA S. RICE, A.M. (Antioch), Anna Richmond Professor of Mathematics and Astro

EDWARD W. CLAYPOLE, B.A., B.Sc. (London).

nas Uarter Professor of Geology, Zoology, and Botany

Assistants in the Preparatory School.

ACHSAH E. WESTON, A.M. (Antioch), IRENE HARDY, Matrios, EMILY E. DERBY.

WILBERFORCE UNIVERSITY.

WILBERFORCE UNIVERSITY.

"Primarity, Wilberforce University was projected in the summer of 1856, by the Chocinnati Conference of the Methodist Episcopal Church. Its Board of Trustees was organized at Xenia, Ohio, in the office of lawyer M. D. Gutch, then a Senator of the Géneral Assembly of the State of Ohio. They were twenty-four in number, of whom four were colored men, viz., Rav. Lewis Woodsen; Mr. Ishmael Keith, of the Baptist Church: Mr. Alfred Anderson, a member of the congregation of the African M. E. Church, at Hamilton, Ohio, and the writer. Among the twenty whites was Governor Chase, of the State of Ohio, subsequently Secretary of the United States Treasury, and late Chief Justice of the United States.

"The institution was formally dedicated to the holy work of Christian advantable

United States.

"The institution was formally dedicated to the holy work of Christian education by Rev. Edward Thompson, D.D., Li.D., then President of the Ohio Wesleyan University, and late Bishop of the M. E. Church. This dedication occurred in October, 1856. Its first Principal was Rev. M. P. Gladdis, Jr., of the M. E. Church, who managed it until June, 1857. He was succeeded by Mr. I. R. Par-ker, an able and experienced educator of youth, assisted by his wife, as matran, and other competent teachers. His services continued till June, 1859, when he and other competent tensities. His services continued, the date. 1832, when he was succeeded by Roy, Richard T. Rust, D.D. Under the skillful management of the doctor the institution flourished until 1862, when the civil war drew its chief patrons into the ranks of the rebel army. These were Southern planters, who had sent their natural children to be educated at Witherforce. There were at that time about one hundred students in attendance, among whom were about one dozen from several of the best families of the North. Among these were Rev. W. H. Hunter, our present book-manager, who, by the way, has thus far proven himself one of the ablest who ever had charge of our book concern; also Rev. R. H. Cain, Congressman at large of the State of South Carolina, who we hope will prove himself and only an honorable but a new official state. one dozen from several of the best families of the North hope will prove himself not only an honorable but a very efficient representative of his adopted State in the deliberations of the national Congress.

President Rust was rapidly developing the institution from a primary school into a college, but inasmuch as its chief patrons at that time were slaveholders, and they had entered the rebel service, its incomes were not sufficient to cover its expenditures, and, having no endowment, the Trustees were constrained, in June, 1802, to suspend operations. Thus, under the first régime, Wilberforce came suddenly to an ond. On the 16th of March, 1863, the proporty was sold to the agent of the African M. E. Church, for its indebtedness, viz., the sum of \$10,000. "President Rust was rapidly developing the institution from a primary school

"The land upon which the buildings were constructed embraced fifty-two acres, heavily timbered; five excellent springs, impregnated with the exide of fron, flowed in the ravine which traverses it,—two of which have since dried up, caused, I presume, by the great number of trees being out down for fuel and

"The original college buildings were of wood, constructed nearly in the form of "The original college buildings were of wood, constructed nearly in the form of the letter T. The stris of the T faced the west, and were three stories high, without basement. It contained the recitation rooms, with dormitories for teachers and young ladies. The stom of the T pointed castward, and was also of three stories, with basement. It contained the culinary apartments, a chapsel one lundred by thirty feet, and dormitories for young men. The appendages to these school buildings were twelve cottages and a barn, with stables sufficient to accommodate twenty head of horses. Nine of these cottages belong to the Trustees; the

other three are private property.

"After contracting for this valuable and beautiful property, our fit to liquidate the debt. Before we could scoure the title-deeds, we have to liquidate the debt. Before we could scoure the title-deeds, we had to pay, on the 11th of June, 1863, our first instalment of \$2500. This was premptly raised by collections within the boundaries of the Baltimore and Ohio Annual Conferess. That sum was paid, and the title-deeds handed over to the agents of the African M. E. Church, viz., Rov. J. A. Shorter, Rev. John G. Mitchell, and the

African M. E. Church, viz., Rev. J. A. Shorter, Rev. John G. Mitchell, and the writer; but it was particularly specified as the property of the African M. E. Church. The next step was to take out an act of incorporation. This was secured according to the laws of the State of Ohio. The third stop was to secure a charter, which declared that two-thirds of the Board shall always be members of the A. M. E. Church, and that there shall never be any distinction among the Trustees, Faculty, or Students on account of race or color.

Prof. John G. Mitchell was elected Principal. He was, at the time of his election, the principal of a grammar school in Cincinnati. Opening the school in the first week of July, 1863, with about one dozen children gathered from the immediate neighborhood, whose studies were elementary English, by the beginning of the following spring it grow so large that two additional teachers were heeded, and Mrs. J. G. Mitchell with Miss Esther T. Maltby were chosen, the latter as Female Principal. Both she and Prof. Mitchell were graduates of Oberheeded, and Mrs. J. G. Mitchell with Miss Esther T. Malthy were chosen, the latter as Female Principal. Both she and Prof. Mitchell were graduates of Oberlin. She was a member of the Congregational Church, a fine scholar, and an earnest Christian laborer. I have seen but few young pastors more zealous for the salvation of their flooks than was this modest young woman for the Christian culture of the students. Her efforts in that direction exceeded the requirements of the institution. She conducted all the college prayer meetings, which were held on Monday evening, and held extra ones every morning from 8½ to 9 o'clock, in which she always read a portion of the Word of God, and exhorted the students to conscernts themselves to His service. Among the converts to Christ through her ministry was that remarkably zealous young pastor, Rev. Thomas II. Jackson, B. D., who for two years was a professor in the theological department of Wilberforce University; now older in charge of the station at Columbia, South Carolina. Carolina.

"Prof. Mitchell having been constrained, by the wants of the school, to go out as a financial agent, the management of the school was left solely to Miss Malthy, and under the lit was increasing in numbers and popularity. The progress of the students was commendable, and classes were formed in Greek, latin, and the lower mathematics. Everything indicated a prosperous future, when suddenly the buildings were set on fire by incondiaries. Within half an hour the beautiful celifice was nothing but smouldering embers. This entastrophe fell upon us like a clap of thunder in a clear sky. It was a time of lamentation for our friends and of rejoicing for our enemies. Said one of the latter, "Now their buildings are burnt, there is no hope for them." Another had said, "I wish lightning from Heaven would burn down Wilberforce." This one supposed his impious prayer was more than answered. But we believed and said, "Out of the ashes of the beautiful frame building a nobler one shall arise."

"Prof. Mitchell was absent on his agency; Mrs. Mitchell had gone to Xenia with us a financial agent, the management of the school was left solely to Miss Multhy,

beautiful frame building a nobler one shall arise."

"Prof. Mitchell was absent on his agency; Mrs. Mitchell had gone to Xonia with almost all the students to witness the celebration of the fall of Richmond; I was attending conference at Baltimore; and Miss Maltby was left alone. No, she was not alone. As God was with Daniel in the lious' den, and with his three brethren in the forty farnace, so was He with her in the trouble at Wilberforce. Without faltering, one of the cottages was converted into a school-room, and the scholars taught therein till the last of Juce, when terminated the academic year; after which all the students from abroad went home. The majority of the advanced ones never returned, but went to other institutions. Those who preferred Wilberforce came back the next autumn. ce came back the next autumn.

Meanwhile, we began to mature our plans for rebuilding. The result is before the country and the world. Though not completed, it is a larger, finer, noble edifice than the former. As to the school, it passed through severe trinks. Miss Maltby's nervous system was so affected by the estastrophe, that for twelve months she was unfit for labor, and never returned. Prof. Mitchell was compelled to be in the field soliciting funds to sid us in the rebuilding, and, therefore, for a senson, the management of the school fell upon our most advanced student, Mr.

J. P. Shorter, who acted his part nobly. Prof. Mitchell, of our church; Prof. Kent, an English Methodist, who had united with our church; Prof. Scollot, a French Quaker: Miss Mary J. Woodson, of our church; and Miss Josephena Jackson, of the Baptist Church, taught from 1866 to 1869. Profs. Fry and Adams, with Mrs. Mossenger, all of the Congregational Church, taught from 1806 to 1860. "From this last date to the present, the resident teachers have been Mrs. Adams the cluer, Mrs. Adams the younger, Prof. Adams, occasionally Mrs. John A. Clark, wife of the Secretary; Prof. Thomas H. Jackson, Prof. Benjiamin F. Lew Miss Mary E. McBride, and Miss Emma L. Parker. Prof. Jackson left us for the work of the Christian pastorate in Columbia, South Carolina, about two months ago, and has been succeeded by Prof. B. F. Lee. Mrs. Alice Adams was called away through the infernitios of her aged father about three months ago, and has ago, and has been succeeded by Prof. B. F. Lee. Mrs. Alice Adams was called away through the infirmities of her aged father about three months ago, and has been succeeded by Miss Emma L. Parker, a young lady well qualified for the port-

been succeeded by cause summer.

tion of female principal.

"Such is an outline history of Wilberforce University under its first rugline, and view under its second. Let us now look at

"ITS PRESENT CONDITION AND RESULTS.

"Its roll for the current year numbers 153, of whom 62 were females, and 91 males. The advance on last year is 27. Among these are two Roman Catholics, two Presbyterians, two Christians, and six Baptists. The others were either professed Methodists, or of Methodist proclivities.

"Our corps of resident instructors are six, of whom two are laties. These, with two law professors in Xenia, and four scientific and literary lecturers from Authorh College, increases our number to twelve. We now have five departments in the

College, increases our number to twelve. We now have five departments in the institution, viz., the normal and practical school, the classical, the scientific, the law, and the theological. In the collegiate department, which embraces the classical and scientific, there are three seniors and three rophomores. In the academic or preparatory, there are three seniors and four juniors. In the various stages of their studies are twenty-two students of theology, of whom three expect to graduate next year. In the normal department are eighteen candidates for the teachor's office. In the law department there is only one, and five others preparators for the case of the contract of the case ing for it.

ing for it.
"At the close of our first decode, we find that we have graduated four classes
In 1870, three; in 1871, one; in 1872, five; in 1873, six; total fifteen. In addition to there we have partially educated scores of young men and wo are now usefully employed, north and south, east and west, as preachers, leachers and housekeepers-that is, heads of families."

THE XENIA TORCHLIGHT.

The Xenia Torchlight newspaper was founded in 1838: the first number having made its appearance on the 18th of September of that year. It was started as a Whig newspaper at a time when the Democratic party was in the ascendancy in the County, and the want of a Whig organ severely felt. Accordingly, the names of sixty-nine of the most prominent citizens of the County were subscribed to a paper drawn up by Hon. F. F. Drake, and which set forth that the subscriber of the county of the appear of the mount of the subscriber of the county of the subscriber of the subscriber of the county of the subscriber of "agree to pay the amount opposite their names, the money to be applied to the purchase of a printing press and material, and the procuring necessary apparatus to put in operation a Whig newspaper at Nonia." The names are as follows: E. F. Drake, Chas. L. Merrick, John Sexton, T. Marshall, Daniel Martin, James A. Scott, Samuel Peterbaugh, John Waiton, Jacob Bechtell, Joshua Martin, Robert D. Poegue, Nay C. Baker, A. G. Zinmermann, Alexander Connor, C. C. Lauman, Samuel Newcom, John Kendall, John Ewing, John Harbison, Albert Galloway, Samuel Lanne, James Bratton, Bazil Keller, Alfred Trader, Ebonezer Steele, George W. Wright, Nathan Nesbitt, Thomas C. Wright, John Keiler, John B. Allen, A. Harian, T. M. Perkins, Robert Stevenson, John MeBride, James Galloway, James Collier, Jonathan Pallis, Joremiah Gent, A. Hivling, Jr., J. H. MoPherson, H. G. Beatty, C. F. Deall, Alexander B. Boail, John Hiviling, Brinton Baker, L. Wright, Samuel Howell, B. Newkirk, Samuel Crum-'agree to pay the amount opposite their names, the money to be applied to the Hivling, Brinton Baker, L. Wright, Samuel Howell, B. Newkirk, Samuel Crum baugh, Smith Persinger, Walter King, John Ankeny, Isaac S. Perkins, Samue Galloway, David Hanes, Moses Collier, John S. Perkins, James McMilian, Sila: R. F. Howard, Tinsley Heath, William Lewis, Auron Collett, Andrey

Roberts, R. F. Howard, Tinsley Heath, William Lewis, Aaron Collett, Andrew Galloway, Conwell & Co., Pugh Sterrett, Benjamin Towler, John Stevenson, Cummings & Conwell.

The first editor and publisher of the Torchlight was Pazzi Lapham, who came from Champagne County, and commenced operations in a frame building that stood on the corner of Market and Detroit Streets, the site of the present terman Reformed Church. Shortly afterwards E. S. Nichols arrived from Columbus, and took above of the business smart good to have a large of the and took charge of the business management of the paper; Mr. Lapham being still retained as editor.

still retained as editor.

In the fall of 1840, W. B. Fairchlid, a practical printer, and a gentleman of considerable literary culture, became the editor and publisher of the paper; which position he continued to fill for nearly three years, dissolving his connection in a valedictory, dated June 15, 1843, which breathes a spirit of great satisfaction over the political situation, and predicts that "no power, but that to which we all must how, can prevent the election of Henry Clay to the Presidency in '44."

Mr. Fairchild was succeeded by Otway Curry and Robert McBratney; who continued associated together in the conduct of the paper until the issue of June 19, 1845, when the valedictory of Mr. Curry appears; leaving the entire control of the paper to Mr. McBratney, Roth those gentlemen were from Union County, Mr. Curry had achieved a wide celebrity as a poet, and had brought himself political.

Mr. Curry had achieved a wide celebrity as a poet, and had brought himself politically into notice in the State by his famous song, written for the coeasion of the great State Convention, held at Columbus, in February, 1840, entitled "The Log Cable." In Mr. Curry's valedictory we have the assurance that, though "the Whig party has been defeated, it has not been destroyed." He sees hope in the future, and its members are exherted to adopt the motte, Nil Desperandum.

Mr. McBratney continued as sole editor and proprietor of the Torchlight until

June 22, 1853, when W. E. Murris became associated in the publication for a short time. In 1854 the infamous Nebraska bill threw the country into a state of intense excitement; which was the beginning of a new era in American politics, and which rapidly culminated in the formation of the Republican party, by the action of the Philadelphia Convention, that assembled on the Lith of June, 1856, and put in nomination John C. Fremont for the Presidency. The Torchlight, under the central of Mr. McBratney, took a leading part in the political agitation upon the clavery question, which gave birth to the Republican party; and soon became conspicuous throughout the State as an uncompromising and able advocate of Republican principles.

Dr. H. R. McClellan and W. B. Fairchild purchased, in January, 1857, the Torchlight of Mr. McBratney, who retired from the position he had so ably filled for a

Dr. H. R. McClellan and W. B. Fairchild purchased, in January, 1857, the Torchlight of Mr. McBrainey, who retired from the position he had so ably filled for a
period of fourteen years. Mr. Fairchild's second advent to the editorship of the
paper was marked by the same bold and unfilleding opposition to the encronchments of the slave-power that had characterised it before. Dr. McClellan continued
a partner until June 19, when Mr. Nichols purchased his inferest, and again became
one of the proprietors of the concern. The firm of Nichols & Fairchild continued
until April 1, 1862, when W. T. Ba-coun, of Columbus, assumed editorial and proprietary control. In the issue of September 21, 1864, Mr. Bacoun's valuelletory
appears, followed by the salutatory of Perry Hawes. Coates Kinney and J. M.
Milburn succeeded Mr. Hawes Becomber 6, 1865; who were in turn succeeded.
January 1, 1869, by the Torchlight Company, of which Dr. R. S. Finley and C. W.
Newton were the active members. In the spring of 1870, Messra. J. D. Stine and rere the sollye members. In the spring of 1870, Messrs. J. D. Stine and NOTION WERE THE SOLVE MEMORE. In the spring of 1810, steemed 3. D. Cline and O. W. Marshall came in possession of the paper, by whom it is still conducted with greatly augmented facilities and largely increased subscription list. It is among the very largest and most carefully and industriously edited weekly newspapers

XENIA GAZETTE.

XENIA GAZETTE.

The publication of the Nonia Guzette was commenced in the year 1808. For several years protons to this date there had been but one paper published in the County. Indeed, it night almost be said there never had been but one paper in Nenia. Several attempts had been made at different times to establish a record one, but, for want of patronage or some other sufficient reason, they had all been abandoned. In the meantime, the village or town of Nenia had advanced to a city of some six thousand population; the County, also, had increased largely in population and wealth; and it was believed the business interests of the city and County would be promoted by the publication of another paper, and that the prospects were sufficiently encouraging to warrant the investment. Accordingly, during the spring and early summer of 1868, several conferences in regard to the matter were held, in which a number of prontinent and leading citizens participated. Different plans were suggested and discussed, among which was that of a joint slook company; but it was considered more advisable by the friends of the

matter were held, in which a number of prominent and teating critical particulated. Different plans were suggested and discussed, among which was that of a joint stock company; but it was considered more advisable by the friends of the enterprise that it should be undertaken by some one individual, or by an association of two or three members as partners.

Proceeding upon this counsel, a partnership was entered into between J. F. Patton, Thomas L. Tiffany, and Warren Anderson, under the firm name of Patton, Tiffany & Anderson; and the publication commenced, the first number being issued on the 15th of August, 1868. The press and office were purchased from the Cincinnati Type Foundry, by Mr. Tiffany, the only practical printer in the firm; the press being the "Wolls Power Press," the first cylinder press ever used in the County. The first issue of the paper consisted of eight hundred copies, and this was considerably more than the number of names then on the subscription list. New names were, however, rapidly added, and by the end of the first month an edition of twelve hundred copies was required. Patronage, in the form of Joh-work and adverbing, was also obtained far beyond the most sangaine expectations of the friends and patrons of the paper; and the Nenia Gazette at once started apparently upon a prosperous and encoessful career.

The original proprietors, Patton, Tiffany & Anderson, continued the publication two years, and, at the end of the second volume, Mr. Anderson having a desire to try his fortune in the far West, disposed of his interest to Colonel R. P. Findley, and retried from the firm.

Findley, and retired from the firm.

This was the first interruption in the proprietorship of the Gazette, but it was soon followed by another, and one of a sadder character. On the 28th of Sep-

This was the lirst interruption in the proprietorship of the tracete, but it was soon followed by another, and one of a andder character. On the 28th of September, 1870, the firm of Patton, Tiffany & Findley was suddenly terminated by the death of Mr. Tiffany; and a short time after his death, his interest was purchased from his widow by the surviving partners, Patton & Findley. The paper has since been continued in their names as additors and proprietors.

In the fail of 1873, the business of the theselfs having outgrown the room and accommodations in the building occupied up to that time, on Main Street opposite the Ewing House, it became necessary to remove to larger and more commodious quarters. Accordingly, the office was removed to new rooms on Oreene Street, near the Post Office, and directly opposite the Court-house. At the time of this removal, an engine was purchased, and steam introduced to run the presers. Two new Job pressas were nate purchased; a medium Well-nonparell, and a medium thordon press; new type and material supplied, and a general removation of the office officeted. The ground floor of the new quarters, a room twenty-four by eighty feet, is now used as a press and job room, with an office on the street; and the room on the second floor as a composing room, thus making a most convenient and well-appointed office.

The (fazette is Republican in politios, and, without making polities a prominent feature, it has given a constant support to the principles and candidates of that

feature, it has given a constant support to the principles and candidates of that political organization. The publication of local news has, however, been the

political organization. And publication of foods hear and, non-confident leading object of the paper.

The Gazette has, thus far, been well sustained in every department; and its short career a presporous and pleasant one. The present subscription list numbers about sixteen hundred. The advertising is all that oan prudently be admitted into the paper; and the job work generally is about up to the capacity of

PERSONAL SKETCHES

OF SOME OF THE PROMINENT MEN AND PIONEERS OF GREENE COUNTY.

[PREPARED BY HON, JAMES J. WINANS.] JOSHUA MARTIN, M.D.

(See Portrait on Title-page.)

AMONG his cotemporaries in Greene County, Dr. Joshua Martin needs no higgrapher. But it is due to his memory that a few words be said of him in a work so eminently of this County, in which he was so well known and so highly appreciated.

Born in Loudon County, Virginia, March 23, 1791, he commenced the

study of medicine, at an early age, with Dr. Huff, of Waterford, in his native county. He afterwards attended the Pennsylvania University, at Philadelphia, in the time of Rush, Physick, Dorsey, Dewces, Wistar, and Philadelphia, in the time of Rush, Physick, Dorsey, Dewces, Wistar, and Chapman. In 1813, with his preceptor, Dr. Huff, he entigrated to Ohio, traveling on horseback and in wagon to Wheeling, and thence descending the Ohio in a flatboat to Cincinnati. At that time Chacimati was but a village, and, in the ductor's opinion, had doctors enough. He therefore explored the country, and settled at Xenia, where he spent the remainder of his life. Having practiced his profession for a time, he attended a course of lectures and graduated at Transylvania University, in Kentucky. He was married twice; in 1818 to Hester Whiteman, by whom he had one child, which died in infuncy; and in 1835 to Sarah Pongue, who died, in 1840, leaving an infant daughter, new Mrs. Sarah P. Boyd, his only surviving child.

Dr. Martin stood at the head of and practiced his profession in Greene County for about forty years. Personally he was of fine physique and of commanding presence. Mentally active, he found time to study general literature and politics. Stern in principle, he was an exruest and uncompromising Whig; and such was his influence that he generally dictated the local tickets. In 1848 he refused to support General Taylor, chiefly because of his mere military character and supposed unfitness for the Presidency. He was apposed to the spread of slavery, and in the course of the campaign of 1848 he because, and in subsequent campaigns continued to be, no avowed antis-havery man. He was prominent in the organization of the Republican party, in the County and State, in 1855. He was largely influential in securing the building of the Little Mant (the pioneer) and the Columbus and Nenia Railronds. At his instance, also, the writer hereof drafted the "Act to incorporate the several turnpike companies therein maned in Greene County," passed March 19, 1850, which his Influence, personally exerted at Columbus, secured the passage of. In a word, Dr. Martin actively and influentially favored every measure in his day for Dr. Martin stood at the head of and practiced his profession in Green Dr. Martin actively and influentially favored every measure in his day for the general good.

In religion the doctor identified himself with no church; yet few in

In religion the doctor identified himself with no church; yet few in the churches practiced and illustrated in their lives that pure and undefield religion which consists in visiting the fatherless and the widows in their affliction, and in keeping one's self unspotted from the world, to a greater extent than he. As a man he was ever ready to feed the hungry and to clothe the naked; and as a physician, to visit the sick; and, if unable to attend both the rich and the poor, elected to visit the latter.

Being in failing health, upon the invitation of his friend, Dr. Gross, he visited Louisville, Ky., for treatment, and there died of heart-disease, October 31, 4855, in the 65th year of his age. His remains being brought to Xenia for interment, many citizens from all parts of the County, and professional friends from the surrounding cities and towns, attended his funeral, forming a procession such as had not before, and perhaps has not since, been seen in the County.

Possessing rare talents and intelligence, and being positive, carnest, and

since, been seen in the County.

Possessing rare talents and intelligence, and being positive, carnest, and active, he could not but be a popular leader, and necessarily he had bitter enemies as well as warm friends; but none ever doubted his honesty, his honor, or his integrity. And of him it may emphatically be said, that he lives in the affections of his friends and in the respect of all who knew

ROBERT CHARLTON REID,

ROBERT CHARLTON REID,
second son of James and Nancy Reid, was born on the old Breekenridge
farm, near Lexington, Kentucky, May 80, 1795. In the year 1801 he
removed to Ohio, settling in Adams County. In 1800 he came to Greene
County, where, in the year 1815, he purchased a farm in Cedarville Township, upon which he resided until his father's death, in 1822. From that
date until 1845 he followed the avocation of a carpenter, when he again
resumed farming, continuing until his demise, October 17, 1855. In 1826
he united his fortunes with those of Miss Marion Whitelaw Romald,
youngest daughter of George and Elizabeth Romald, of Indiana. In
1862, his chiest son, Gavin, died, leaving two daughters (Caroline Himma
and Ella Spencer), both now living. The subject of this skotch left a
widow and one son, Whitelaw, and daughter, Chestana Campbell. Mrs.
Reid still lives upon the old homestead, in Cedarville, a view of which is
shown on page 90 of this Atlas.

WHITELAW REID.

The story of the career of the present editor of the Tribune is that and story of the career of the present enter of the Tribine is that of distinguished effort leading to success in life. Rarely have great power and influence been wielded by a writer, journalist, and man of affairs, at so early an age as that of Whitelaw Reid. He has attained the highest honors of a profession which no longer is the fourth estate, and is so carnest in advancing its scope and dignity that his fellow-journalists watch with visible interest the progress of the fumous newspaper over which he has control.

Almost every instance of genuine success in life, premising that a man starts with talent and integrity, will be found to result not only from industry maintained by his ambition and strength of will, but also from a dustry maintained by his ambition and strength of will, but also from a clear perception of his own gifts and a wise choice of the direction in which they shall be exercised; especially, moreover, from that good fortune which secures him the right training and conditions favoring his chosen pursuit. Mr Lincoln declared his chief vexation to be that the rundings were always gotting into the square holes. Half the wrecks of life are due, not so much to the lack of proper faculties, as to want of the training and circumstance for their development and successful appli-

cation.

So far as education is concerned, we believe that in the United States, where our brightest men practically have to train themselves, a better average result is attained than in countries where people of rank select professions for their children in order of seniority. An American boy, with his own instincts for a guide, rarely goes wrong, except through some defect of character. He may seem unstable for a time, while groping for his place in the ranks; but really is essaying one pursuit after another, until he finds the work for which he is adapted and the chance to do his share of it. This may be early or late, but meanwhile, his another, until he finds the work for which he is adapted and the chines to do his share of it. This may be early or late, but meanwhile, his growth is progressing in the schools of thought and experience. When the calling is found,—and in this country where the occasion so surely presents itself,—overy lesson of the past is turned to use and profit. Reld's abilities and strength of moral character came to him by legitimate descent. They are inherent in his pure Scotch blood, which flows so vigorously and kindly in a stock transplanted to American soil. His

education has consisted of that self-dependent experience which belongs caucation has emission in the structure of the schools. Either is worth much, but each is somewhat incomplete without the other; and in the training of our most successful Western writers the

other; and in the latest we are frequently combined.
Whitelaw Reid was born in Xonia, Ohio, October, 1887. His father, Robert Charlton Reid, had married Marian Whitelaw Ronalds, who came in a direct line from the small and ancient "Clan Ronalds" of the High-His paternal grandfather emigrated to this country from the south of Scotland, and settled in Kontucky, one of the carliest pioneers; but crossed the Ohio River in the year 1800, and bought several hundred acres of land upon the present site of Cincinnati. He was a stern old Covenanter, and found his conscience uneasy, owing to a condition of the deed nantor, and found as consented actions, young of the week. Sooner than violate the Sabbath, he parted with his new property, and, removing to Greeno County, became one of the founders of the town of Xenia. It seems likely that, but for the pioneer's scruples, the wealth of the family might have precluded the necessity for the grandson's early struggles and the experience that has brought him to his present reputa-

Rold was early fitted for college by an uncle, the Rev. Hugh McMillan, also a Scotch Covenanter, and endowed with the vigor and conscientiousness of his race. Mr. McMillan was a trustee of Minni University, and principal of the Academy at Xenia,—at that time the foremost high school in Ohio. He here a flue reputation as a teacher of the classics, and was in Ohio. He bore a flue reputation as a teacher of the classics, and was the best instructor in the State. Under his discipline, young Reid was so well drilled in Latin, that at the age of fifteen he entered Minni as a sophomore, with a rank as a Latinist equal to that of scholars in the upper classes. This was in 1858, and in 1856 he was graduated with the "Scientific honors," the "Classical honors" first tendered to him having been yielded to a classmate at Reid's own request. Just after his graduation he was made the principal of the Graded Schools in South Charleston, O., his immediate pupils generally being young men older than himself. he was made the principal of the Graded Schools in South Charleston, O., his immediate pupils generally being young men older than himself. Here he taught French, Latin, and the higher mathematics, confirming his own mastery of those branches, and acquiring a ripe culture, which has been of such service to him in later years. Out of his salary he saved enough to repay to his father the expenses of his senior year at college. At the age of twenty, returning home, he bought the Xenia News, and for two years led the life of a country editor. Directly after leaving college he had identified himself with the Republican movement, then just beginning, and, boy as he was, had gone upon the stump for Framont.

His opinions undoubtedly were influenced by the Weekly Tribun His opinions undoubtedly were influenced by the Weekly Tribune, which he took at college—becoming thoroughly versed in the views and aspirations of the great humanitarian journalist whom he was destined to succeed. The News was edited by Reid with vigor and success, its subscription list being doubled during his administration. In 1860, with wise premonition, and in spite of his attachment to Mr. Chuse, he advocated the nontration of Lincoln, his journal being the first Western newspaper, outside of Illinois, to take that course. Its influence caused the election of a Lincoln delegate to the Chicago Convention. After Mr. Lincoln's famous speech at the Cooper Institute, Reid went to Columbus to meet him formed one of his security of Xenia, and introduced him at the railintimus speech at the Cooper Institute, Reid went to Columbus to meet him, formed one of his escort to Xenia, and introduced him at the railroad station to the citizens of the place. After a brief first visit to Washington, the young Ohioan now took an earnest interest in the campaign, stumping effectively in his own region, and acting as Secretary of the Greene County Republican Committee. His exertions were too much for his health, and he was suddenly compelled to withdraw from the conflict. He found needful vacation in a rapid but extensive trip through the great Northwest, in which (by way of St. Paul, St. Cloud, and Crow Wing—the celebrated Chippewa trading-station) he finally, as one of an exploring party, visited the extreme head-waters of the Mississippi and St. Louis Rivers, returning across the site of the new famous Duluth. Again at home, he plunged once more into the campaign, speaking, writing, and in other ways assisting to push the curvass to its successful close.

Mr. Reid now rested upon his homestend farm until the winter of 1800-01, when he went to Columbus, resolved to try his fertunes as a legislitive correspondent for the press. Upon his northwestern journey he had written to the Chelmanti Gazette a series of letters which were favorably received. After various efforts, he effected an engagement with the Cin-

written to the Cincinnati Gazette a series of letters which were favorably received. After various efforts, he effected an engagement with the Cincinnati Times, to furnish a daily letter for just enough to pay his board,—a pittance of five dollars per week,—and was glad to get even this foothold by which to prove his quality. Schenek was running against Chase for the Senate; three other candidates—Dennison, Horton, and Delano—were in the field. There is nothing like active service to bring one's talent into recognition and demand. In a few weeks came a request from the Cleveland Herald for a daily letter, at a weekly salary of fifteen dollars, which offer was promptly accepted. Lastly, the Cincinnati Gazette made a like request, with a proffer of eighteen dollars. Reid undertook these three engagements, and was then in receipt of a good income those days, but at the expense of professional drudgery which required all the plack and strength of youth to undergo,—the task of writing three daily letters, distinct in tone, upon the same dreary legislative themes. It

all the plack and strength of youth to undergo,—the task of writing three daily letters, distinct in tone, upon the same dreary legislative themes. It was a discipline, however, which rendered him equal to anything, and made his later journalistic labor seem light and attractive by contrast.

At the close of the session his special career may be said to have taken form. The Gazette offered him the post of city editor. He accepted its duties, so full of varied training, and held it until Captain McClellan was sent to West Virginia at the cutset of the civil war. Reid inmiddiately left Cincinnati and started for the front as the war correspondent of the Gazette. General Morris was in charge of the advance, and Reid, as representative of what was then the foremost Ohio journal, was assigned to duty as volunteer aid, with the rank of captain. He thus began his famous series of army letters, over the signature of "Agate;" was in the advance against Garnet, and after the latter's death was commissioned to escort the remains to Governor Letcher of Virginia. After various remantic adventures, in one of which he narrowly escaped from the fire of our own troops, he succeeded in his mission. The first Virginia campaign left Cincinnati and started for the front as the war correspondent of the

mantic adventures, in one of which he narrowly escaped from the fire of our own troops, he succeeded in his mission. The first Virginia campaign thus having given him a taste of active service, he went back to the Gazette, and wrote leading articles for a time, but soon was again in the field, this time upon the staff of Rosecrans, and bearing his old rank. He served throughout the second campaign, which culminated at Carnifox Perry and Gauley Bridge; wrote up those battles; then resumed his editorial post, and helped to organize at leisure the staff of correspondents which the Gazette soon found it requisite to employ.

Reid was now fairly established as a writer and journalist from whom unusual achievements night he looked for. Only brief allusion may be made to important features of the brilliant service which marked his subsequent connection with the Western press. In 1861–'62 he went to Cairo and Port Donelson, and recorded the Tennessee campaign. He arrived at Pittsburg Landing six weeks before the battle of that name; afterwards left a sick bed to be present at the fight, and was the only correspondent who witnessed it throughout. His masterly description of the battle occupied over ten columns of the Gazette, and stamped him as a great newspaper correspondent. It was widely copied, brought out in extrus by the St. Louis and Chicago papers, and, in fact, was a decided "hit," for which he was complimented by an advance in his already lib-eral salary. At the siege of Corinth, Reid was appointed by the correspondents chairman of a committee to "interview" the martinet, Halleck,

upon the occasion of the latter's difficulty with the "gentlemen of the press,"—which ended in their dignified withdrawal from the military

Mr. Roid went to Washington in the spring of 1862. His reputation had extended, and he was now offered the management of a leading St. Louis newspaper. Learning this, the proprietors of the Gazette, which had largely profited by his services, gave him an interest in their catablishment, selling him a handsome portion of the stock at a fair price, and allowing him to pay for it out of the profits. The latter for the first year amounted to two-thirds of the cost, and laid the basis of his fortune. He took a noteworthy position as correspondent from the mational capital, receiving, also, an appointment as Librarian to the House of Representatives, which office he held until his resignation in 1866. From the first, he had the friendship and intinacy of Mr. Chase, who heartly commended him to Sonator Wade, Winter Davis, and other eminent men. Among the latter was Horaco Greeley, who was greatly impressed by Reid's literary and executive talents, and, failing at that time to induce him to come to Now York, subsequently asked him to take charge of the Tribuae branch office in Washington, and from that time forth was his appreciative and unswerving friend.

appreciative and unswerving friend.

One of the most admirable pieces of work performed by Mr. Reid during his experience in Washington was his graphic letter describing the battle of Gettysburg, and written from the field. To this day it remains the most accurate description, cutside of the official reports, of that momentous conflict, and certainly is the most clear and picturesque. Written in an unpretentious yet delightful style, it presents the scenes of the three-days' fight most vividly before the reader, and is not without traces of pathos, fervor and patriotism, that come from a true American heart.

In 1866 Mr. Reid went South as the companion of his venerated friend, Mr. Chase, upon the tour which the late Chief Justice undertook at the request of Mr. Johnson. Mr. Chase, ostensibly traveling for his health, really was invested with a secret mission of observation with regard to the interests and condition of the white and black races in the Southern States. A revenue cutter was placed at the disposal of the tourists. They went along the coast, touching at all points of moment, to Key West and Havana, and thence, via Mobile and New Orleans, up the Mississippi to Cincinnati. A result of this journey was Reid's first sustained contribution to literature, a duodecimo volume entitled "After the War; A Southern Tour." The book is a fair reflection of its author's independent and healthful mind and practical experience as an observer of men and affairs. Written with some haste, it is always clear and restrained, and is an invaluable record of the state and aspect of the South during the years of re-adjustment which followed the war. Passages relating to the condition and habits of the freedmen are numerous, and of lively interest; the negro dialoct and manners are rendered in a style worthy of our realistic novellist, and set off with a kindly humor which is a conspicuous feature of the whole work.

The author's attention was divorted, during his tour, to the chances afforded the cotton-planter by the high prices still ruling under a seant supply, and he resolved to make an experiment as a producer of the great Southern staple. With this end, in the spring of '66, he leased three plantations in Concordia Parish, opposite Natches, in partnership with General Francis J. Herron. The bold novices planted the large number of twenty-two hundred acres with cotton, hiring and working no less than three hundred negroes. The speculation was admirably managed; cotton was still at a high premium, and all promised well. The crop had almost ripened, and an immediate fortune seemed secure as the result of this one season's labors, when,—just as the picking was about to commence,—the fields were invaded by the destructive army-worm. In a week the situation had sadly changed. Only one-fourth the promised crop was saved. Even this, however, sufficed to bring out the planters without loss, and encouraged Reid to try his fortune another year in Alabama. The conditions here were not so favorable, and at the end of two years he found himself not a loser, indeed, but a gainer only in business experience that strengthened his strendy pronounced and self-dependent executive abilities.

Meanwhile his pen was not idlo, and during the three years which ended with '68, he wrote and compiled an extensive historical record, which always will remain the great authority upon its special theme. "Ohio in the War" is contained in two large cetave volumes, of over one thousand pages each, and is without doubt a model work of its kind. Involving immense labor, it is a surprise how it could have been done, and so well done, in the alletted time, by a man engaged in any other pursuits. The first volume is mostly occupied with the story of Ohio's achievements in the war, and especially with critical biographies of the most distinguished leaders contributed to that struggle by the Buckeye State. The remainder of the work is devoted to the rester and statistics, compiled from official sources or furnished by the regiments themselves, of all the patriot troops placed by Ohio in the field.

This work, in its entirety, is a monument of industry and discriminating thought. The style is clear and incisive; often, in battle-descriptions and character-painting, truly historical. In the author's matter of fact, what first impresses every reader is the overweening influence which Ohlo had upon the war, through the eminence to which so many of her soldiers sooner or later attained. Nearly all of the most conspicuous Northern generals and civil leaders, with McDowell, McClellan, Roscorans, Grant, Sheridan, McPherson, Buell, Stanton, and Chase, at their head are here claimed for Ohlo, either by birth or adoption. With respect to the author's opinions, the correctness of his estimate of each of these funous men, in the brilliant critical sketches prepared so early after the close of the conflict, is a subject for admiration. Subsequent history and the test of public opinion have so largely confirmed Reid's judgments, that at the present day there is scarcely a word which he need wish to alter. As charactor-sketches they are remarkable. He reviews, for example, the career of McClellan, finding him great in organization, but indecisive in attack, and, upon the whole, "too milltary to be warlike." He vindicates the skill, bravery, and patriotism of Roscorans, and attributes the latter's downfall to an infirm temper and to lack of knowledge

of human nature. He does not hesitate to rebuke Sherman for the disorders upon the murch through South Carolina, greatly extols his restless and determined genius, and pronounces him, in contract with McClellan, "too warlike to be military." To General Grant he concedes talent, but the sketch of this soldier is so severely critical that, although written in 1867, it contains nothing inconsistent with the present views of the Tribune with regard to the abilities and characteristics of the Chief Magistrate of the United States. Sheridan receives the author's hearty admiration in the langest of these biographical sketches, which are as terse and memorable as any literature resulting from the war, and which no future historian can afford to pass without consulting.

terse and memorable as any literature resulting from the war, and which no future historian can afford to pass without consulting.

Still holding his ownership in the Gazette, Mr. Reid in 1808 resumed the duties of leader-writer and editor-in-charge. He made an excursion to Washington, and described with care the Impeachment of President Johnson. Before long an important turn was given to his life by Mr. Greeley's successful renewal of the invitation to connect himself with the Tribune. The political staff of the great newspaper needed strengthening by the addition of an able writer—one, also, in accord with its special views. With an instinct which never falled him in journalistic managoment, Mr. Greeley selected Reid as the man of all others for the place. The connection thus formed remained unshaken through the Founder's life, and it would almost seem as if, with a sense of his decaying strength, he had looked around for some younger man, thoroughly after his own heart, who might become his successor. Mr. Reid took the post of first editorial writer, with a salary next to that of Mr. Greeley, and answerable directly to the latter, instead of the manuging editor, Mr. Young. He wrote the political "leaders" throughout the campaign which ended with Grant's first election. Shortly afterward a difficulty occurred between Mr. Young and the publishers, resulting in the withdrawal of the former from his post, and in the spring of 69 Mr. Reid was installed as managing editor. In this advancement, he retained to the last the unbounded confidence and affection of his venerated chief, despite the predictions of many who, since Mr. Dana's withdrawal, had observed the uncertainties and dangers attending this most arduous of iournalistic nositions.

In 1870 the new editor, by a bold expenditure that stimulated his brilliant force—hended by Mr. Smalley in Europe—to the greatest exertions, surpassed all rivals at home and abroad, in reports of the France-Prussian war, securing his own foothold, and giving his newspaper a prestige of the highest value. From that time, with full power, he gradually reorganized his staff, bringing into it that new blood and strength which have made the latter days of the Tribune its youngest and freshest. That journal, whatsoever its shortcomings, has always been famous for the groups of trained literary men and women, of professional authors, that have taken part in its production. Mr. Roid secured the lessoning ranks with the ablest writers to be precured. Of both these classes, during his administration, such assistants have strengthened his hands as Ripley, Taylor, Congdon, Smalley, Hunt, Winter, Cook, Colonel Hay,—who joined the staff in 1870 at Reid's desire,—Noah Brooks, T. W. Higginson, Isaae H. Bromley, J. R. G. Hassard, W. H. Huntington, Mrs. Moulton, Mrs. Rankle, Miss Rutchinson, Mrs. Davis, and many other editorial writers and correspondents, with such lively occasional contributors as Mark Twain, Bret Harte, and C. H. Webb. Reid first became acquainted with W. F. Shanks, his city editor, at the sloge of Corinth, where that gentleman rose into prominence by a brilliant series of letters to the Herald.

Having perfected his organization, and thoroughly renewed the energies of the Tribune, the editor was ready to look about him,—when the campaign of '72, so impotents and resulting in such sweeping changes, came to hasten the progress of his four-midstle career.

camping of '72, so impotents and resulting in such sweeping changes, came to hasten the progress of his journalistic careor.

The story of that campaign is fresh in mind. Mr. Reld, after the nomination of Mr. Greeley, was made editor-in-chief of the Tribune, an office accepted by him with gonulus reluctance, but with courage and determination. The columns, from that moment, were established on the modern basis of independent journalism. The new editor had ideas of his own, well set forth in an address, entitled, "Schools of Journalism," originally prepared at the request of the Regents of the University of New York.* Though supporting with vigor, and in every honorable way, his former chieftain's claims to the Presidency, he gave full and impartial reports of the movements and opinions of his opponents. It was also a proper time for new departures in other directions. Mr. Reid's personal knowledge of the South and West enabled him to comprehend the rights and wrongs of those sections. Untrammeled by traditions, he placed his journal upon the platform of a broad and catholic Americanism, and, as one of the younger generation, superadded to the historic strength and purpose of the Tribine fresh elements of dignity, polish and refinement. In organization, so complete a system of division of labor, and of responsibility bearing upon heads of departments, was introduced, that the complex duties of the office wont on with balf the jar and rumble of old times. Some of the ancient oracles in the publishing department, whose idea of an editor was the stock conception,—a man with cont off, sleeves uprofled, perspiring, inky, always driving his pen,—could nat realize that more and better was done under the new system. Hence arose a feud, which, developing itself after the lamented death of Mr. Greeley, resulted in a brief and decisive struggle between the old management and the new.

Scholarly and sagnolous veterans of the establishment, who had learned to rightly estimate Reid, rallied to his support; but those who bost knew him were surprised at the friends and resources which his tact and varied qualities had won for him during his few years of experience in New York. Capital was freely placed at his disposal, and he was enabled to obtain complete control of the Tribune, and to associate its increase power and prosperity indissolubly with his own name. Certainly it never was more attractive than now, nover more carnest, never more liberal and cultured, nover so crowded with literary, easthetic, and scientific intelligence; the journalists of the country seem to regard it as in some way

representative of their own profession; even its rivals acknowledge that it never was more ably managed than at present, and that its friends have reason to be supering with regard to the future.

reason to be sanguine with regard to the future.

Mr. Reid was so prominently connected with the latest Presidential campaign that his name and ability, even through the attacks made upon him, became as widely known to the public as they long had been to his own profession. Apparently indifferent to notoriety, his ambition seems to be that of a great journalist in the highest sense of the word. His scholarship, vigorous English, and rheterical talents have made him in demand among the universities, as an orator at commencement and other gatherings. His lecture upon "Journalism" was repeated at various colleges. In 1878 he was invited to pronounce the oration before the societies of Dartmouth, and delivered an able and mature production entitled, "The Scholar in Politics," setting forth the obligation incumbent upon men of culture to take an active interest in the practical issues of the day. The end aimed at in this discourse calls to mind the words of Theodore Parker, who said to Summer, after the latter's election to the Senate,—"You once told me you were not in politics, but in morals; now I hope you will show morals in polities." In Mr. Reid's epitome of the great questions likely to occupy the attention of public men in America during the next twenty years, he certainly evinces a comprehensive purpose, and prophetic vision, which distinguish one who has made journalism the study of his life. This oration was repeated at Amberst and Minni, and finally became a valuable contribution to the pages of this magazine."

By entering somewhat at length upon the details of Mr. Reid's career,

clubs, of which he is an influential member, and over one of which he has for successive years been elected to preside.

Whitehaw Reid has the Western grit and muscle, refined by the habits and culture of the East, which is his home. His tall, sinewy form, and flue-set, yet handsome features, easily reveal a union of delicacy and strength. He is a resolute friend or fee, keeps his own counsel, and goes steadily on his way; a man of convictions, fourless in his advocacy of them. In every phase of life he is more solicitous to carry his point than to let his hand be seen; and if the Tribute has something less of "individuality" than under the forelise guidance of his predecessor, it may safely be declared to show an advance in breadth, refinement, dignity, and other essentials of modern power.

HON, JAMES W. HARPER.

James W. Harper was born on the 4th day of Angust, 1800, in Rockbridge County, Virginia. He was the fifth of nine children, whose parents were Andrew Harper and Jane Currie. His father was a native of Ireland, and his mother a native of Scotland. The family may be mentioned as of Scotlar-Irish extraction. His father, on coming to America, first settled in Pennsylvania, moving from Pennsylvania to Virginia about 1796, where he married. He died in Virginia, in December, 1829. His wife came to Greene County in 1834, with the remainder of her family, three of her sons having moved to Greene County about 1831. She died in 1843, in Franklin County, while visiting a daughter. She was a woman remarkable for extraordinary strength of mind and body, and for piety as a devoted member of the Seceder denomination of Christians. At the age of twenty-five, James, wifth an education acquired by his own exertions, began life for binnelf as a farmer in Virginia. His parents were farmers, and his tastes were in that direction. He accompanied his mother to Greene County in the full of 1834, settling in Silver Greek Township, His first employment in this County was ecopering, which he followed till about 1847. In this year he located his home as a farmer in Xenia Township, about two miles from Xenia. He sold his farm in 1863, and is now residing in Xenia. He has always more or less yielded to the desires of his friends, and held offices of public trust. In 1841 he was elected Probate Judge, and remained in the office from a desire to please his friends, till Fobruary, 1861. He at this time suffered from impaired health, and for a few years did nothing. In 1867 the voice of the people could not be declined, and he again resumed the duties of Probate Judge. His attention to the duties of this office has continued to date (1874). His ability for the discharge of its concrous duties, and the confidence the people have in him, are bost evidenced by his conlinuous return to the office. On the 28th day of March, 1839, he was united in mar

COL. ROBERT STRUKNSON.

present County Treasurer (1874), was born on the 3d day of February, 1823, in Xenia. He was the eighth of twelve children, whose parents were John Stevenson and Catherine Kirkpatrick. His father was a native of Virginia; his mother a native of Kentucky. The americary of the Colonel on both sides of the family were intimately identified with the Revolutionary struggle as active patriot participants; and his grandmother on his father's side was killed by the Indians at an early date in Virginia.

Her family name was Warlek. In 1797 the father of the Colonel came to Greene County, and settled in Xenia Township, on what was then termed military land. He lived in Xenia Township till bls death, in 1846, as a farmer, and was for two years, during the war of 1812, an officer, with the rank of Major. The mother of the Colonel died in 1852, having been through life a woman of remarkable picty and love for her family. At the age of twenty-three, on the death of his father, Robert family. At the age of twenty-three, on the death of his father, Robert hegan life for himself as an agriculturist, an occupation that has confined his attention more or less ever since. His early education was somewhat limited, but it will be in taste to observe that he may be properly placed among the number of those who are denominated self-made men,—a class of men which our country's institutions are so well adapted to develop. From 1866 to 1872 he was Sheriff of Greene County. In 1872 he was elected County Treasurer. When the war of the Robellion was initiated, he took an active part, going to the field in 1861 as Second Lieutemant, Company C, 74th O. V. 1., returning in 1802 as First Lieutemant. tenant, Company C, 1410 O. V. L., returning it load is First Licentum.t. On the second of May, 1864, he secompanied the 154th Regiment, O. V. L., as Colonel, commanding this regiment through the war. The campaign of this regiment was in West Virginia. The campaign of the 74th was in Tennessee, in the great battles of Stone River and Murfreesboro. Politically, the Colonel's views are expressed by saying that he is an offi-cer of the State Grange. He voted first for Henry Chy. Religiously, his views are not circumscribed by the doctrines of any church. Socially, he is pleasant and affable; is a man devoid of any estentation, and a through life as a quiet and respected citizen of Greene County.

JOHN M. MILLER

was born in Franklin County, Pennsylvania, in 1830. He came to Obio in 1840, and remained till 1845, when, with his parents, he removed to Indiana. He remained in that State seven years, and returned to Ohio in 1852, and settled in Greene County. He entered Miami University in the same year, and graduated in 1856. He studied law in Xenia, and was admitted to the bur in 1859.

Mr. M. was essentially a self-made man. His father being poor, he was obliged to devote his minor years to the sustemmes of the family,—
inclonent weather only being called his own. On such days he tolled
with the axe, manl, and mattock,—cutting cord-wood, splitting rails and when he could go to school. His evenings were all spent in study (his page being lighted from scraps of burning bark), and by diligent application he soon got to master the elementary branches, and was able to teach a common school. By alternate teaching and rough manual labor, he husbanded enough to commence a college course. It was yet, however, to be much interrupted, and himself reduced to many straits beforeit was completed,—bosing, at one time, a year and a half, and in all two years of a FOUR YEARS COURS! The question is, in the reader's mind, " Did he graduate?" Yes! " How did he rank?" NUMBER ONE! " What! he graduate?" Yes! "How did he rank?" NUMBER ONE! "What! in two years of study?" Exactly so,—and this not consecutive, but made up, in truth, of mere fragments of time. Moreover, he added both German and French to the usual college course. And here we may safely rest the claims of Mr. M. to genlus and perseverance; for we doubt if any other institution in the United States has recorded such an achievement.

We once read of one who performed such a feat, but who won, at the same time, the homes of the martyr and the victor.

Mr. M. was very full, and rather siender, but he was as straight as an arrow. His iteal was small, but very well shaped. His hair was dark, and worn rather long; his beard was full, but thin; and his features were people in the distribution. It has an arrow were very inviting, his disand worn rather long; his heard was nul, but tim; and in scaures were regular, but slightly prominent. His manners were very inviting, his disposition genind, and his friendship sincere and cordial. As a Representative, he was faithful to his trust,—always at his post, and always attentive to what was passing before him. He was a very good speaker, and reasoned well, and with careful culture would soon have become a leading man in the State.

He was married October 5, 1858, to Hattle M. Harbein, of Alpha, Greene County, Ohio. He died January 9, 1863. He was a member of the fifty-fifth General Assembly, in 1862, of the State of Ohio, the arduous labors of which undoubtedly hastened his death.

JOHN HARBEIN.

John Harbein was been January 17, 1804, in Washington County, Maryland. He was the oldest child of Daniel and Elizabeth Reber Hurbein. He had one brother and four sisters. The brother and three sisters

His ancestors were Huguenots, and were driven by persecution from

France, to lands where they might worship according to their fidth. Three kindred families of the name of Harbein left France about the year 1700. One family settled in Algiers, on the river Shellf, where a small town now bears their name. The other two families came to America, one branch settling in North Carolina, and the other in Berks County, Pennsylvania.

Mr. Harbein's great-great-grandfather. Peter Harbein, to escape nersecutton, took his family, and, with numerous other Huguenots, fled to Switzerland, but finally left there for America. During the voyage, a son, Peter Harbein, was born. This son was Mr. Harbein's great-grandfather. His grandfather Abram and his father Daniel were both born in Berks

County, Pennsylvania.

Mr. Harbein was married, in 1827, to Miss Hettic Herr, of Lancuster County, Pennsylvania, and with his wife came to Greene County, Ohio, in October, 1828, where they raised a family of eight children. After a residence in the County of nearly half a century, he died June 8, 1873, leaving his wife and six children.

tving his whe and six condition. Throughout his life Mr. Harbein was a quiet, unostentations Christian. Throughout his life Mr. Harbein was a quiet, unostentations Christian. He was a strict, prudent, and successful business man, and to his energy, influence, and enterprise the development of Greene County is largely due. He shrank from public notice, and, though many were offered, never accepted a public office, but was always one of the foremost to aid in the advancement of public interests. Though a private citizen, he was widely known. His influence was east in the direction of progress. Having the advantage of a good education, he was a friend of schools, and looked upon them as being the hope of our Republican institutions. He was a great tourist, and a polished gentleman: a man of liberal stones and known of his country. views, and a lover of his country.

HON, JOSEPH M. KEEVER.

Joseph M. Keever, present Mayor of Xenia (1874), was born on the Joseph M. Keever, present Mayor of Xenia (1874), was born on the 30th day of April, 1840, in Warren County, Ohio. His parents were John Keever and Deborah Mulford. They were among the early settlers of Warren County, Ohio, coming from Virginia. Joseph was brought up on a farm, and his early education was merely elementary. His first occupation in life, at the age of nineteen, was that of a clerk in a grocery in Monticello, Indiana. Having remained in Indiana for eighteen months, he returned to Warren County, and commenced farming. He was married on the 2d day of October, 1862, to Sarah M. Thompson, a fermer parties of Warren County, and absorbers of John Thompson, a fermer was married on the 2d day of October, 1862, to Sarah M. Thompson, a antive of Warren County, and a daughter of John Thompson, a farmer and early settler of Warren. The occupation of farming engrossed Mr. Keever's attention from this on till 1866, when he gave it up and moved to Xenia, where he has since resided. His first occupation in Xenia was the gracery business, which confined his attention till 1869. In this year he sold out with the intention of going South, but, his health failing, he was compelled to give up this intention. In 1870 he was elected Mayor of Xenia, and in 1872 was re-elected. Politically, he is a Republican. Religiously, a Methodist. He is pleasant and affable, is entirely devoid of any ostentation, and moves through life as a quiet citizen of Greene my ostentation, and moves through life as a quiet citizen County.

THOMAS C. WRIGHT.

Thomas C. Wright, deceased, whose portrait adorns the Atlas, was one of the remarkable pioneers of Greene County. His family originally came from Virginia and Kentucky, and were among the early settlers of this County. It is difficult, in fact impossible, to obtain sufficient data of this County. It is difficult, in fact impossible, to obtain sufficient data for a lengthy sketch of Mr. Wright, on account of his being dead, and none of his connections living informed sufficiently to give authentic information, especially as regards dates. He was, however, a man of intelligence, very popular in his manners, and remarkable for integrity and love for his country. At one time he prepared a history of the earlier settlement of this County, which was published in a gurbled shape. His mind was close and analyzing, and he was very methodical in his daily labors and studies. He married a sister of Freeborn G. Bell, a prominant extinct Nature of Nature Township. His wife is also deceased. nent settler of Xenia Township. His wife is also deceased.

MOSES WALTON.

Moses Walton, one of the pioneers of Greene County, was born on the 27th day of June, 1800, in Spring Valley Township. His parents were Edward Walton and Deborah Allen. His father was one of the earliest pioneers of Greene County, coming in 1806 from Virginia. He was born on the 30th day of January, 1777, in Shenandonh County, Virginia, and belonged to a family who bore their part in the Revolution. The Walton family of four brothers originally came from England, and in 1064 settled near Philadelphia. They were the advanced of William Penn's

Quaker Colony. The Walton family to-day, on both sides, hold to the creed of their forefathers. The father of the subject of this sketch the creea or their foreignthers. The father of the subject of this sketch departed this life on the 10th day of April, 1867, in Spring Valley Township, having reached the advanced age of ninety years, seven months, and four days, having through life been a furture and a man of staunch integrity and ascfulness in society. At the age of twenty-two, Moses began life on his own resources as a farmer in Spring Valley, where he has gan life on his own resources as a farmer in Spring Valley, where he has ever since resided, and where in all probability he will pass the remainder of his days. On the 30th day of October, 1834, he was united in marriage to Mary Cook, a daughter of John Cook, one of the first pioneers of Warren County, Ohio. She departed this life the 16th day of March, 1844, aged twenty-eight years, two mouths, and twenty days, leaving five children. On the 1st day of October, 1845, Mr. Walton was united in marriage to Rachel Rengon, a daughter of Reason Rengon, one of the early ploneers of Warren County, Ohio. She departed this life on the 20th days of Aard 1848, and twenty-they were two mouths, and early ploneers of Warren County, Ohio. She departed this life on the 26th day of April, 1848, aged twenty-three years, two months, and four days, leaving one child. Mr. Walton was married to his present wife, Deborah Johnson, a daughter of Joseph A. Johnson, an early pioneer of Highland County, on the 19th day of September, 1849. Mr. and Mrs. Walton are the parents of eight children, four of whom are living (1874). In politics Mr. Walton has been a Whig, Free-Swiler, and Republican. Religiously, he is an Orthodox Quaker. Socially, he is pleasant and affable, and is a man much respected in his community.

JESSE SANDERS.

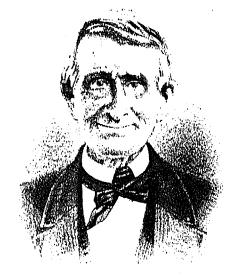
Jesse Sanders was born on the 3d day of September, 1791, in Stokes County, North Carolina. His parents were Jesse Sanders and Sarah Re-dick. They were both natives of North Carolina. On the 15th day of December, 1804, the fither of Jesse, with his family and household goods, departed from old Carolina in wagons, via Virginia and Lexington, Kentucky, to Cincinnati, arriving in Greene County on the 13th day of February County of the 13th day of February County on the 13th day of February County ruary, 1805, and immediately settling in Spring Valley Towns hip, on what was then called military hands. He bought his land, two hundred and forty acres, of Colonel Massia, one of the the first settlers of Ross County, Ohio. In 1806 he died. In December, 1807, his wife followed him. The oldest of the children, Horace, died in Laporte, Indiana, in him. The oldest of the children, Horace, died in Laporte, Indiann, in 1869, having been through life a farmer and mechanic. John died in 1812, in Spring Valley Township. Jentima married Jeffrey Saulsbury, a farmer of Warren County, Ohio, and died in 1814. Jane married Isaac Beson, a farmer of Wayne County, Indiana, and died in 1809. Susanna never married, and died in 1809, in Wayne County, Indiana. Jesse is therefore the only survivor (1874) of this noble pioneer family. During the war of 1812, he performed a conspicuous part as a member of Captain John Charke's company. He has through life steadily followed familing. He was married on the 5th day of November, 1840, to Elizabeth Simmerson, a native of this County. He marents were natives of both Simmerson, a native of this County. Her parents were natives of Maryland, and very early settlers of Greene County, coming in 1801. Mr. Sanders is the parent of four children. Politically be is a Democrat; voted first for General Jackson. Religiously, he was by birth and early training a Quaker, but on account of joining the army was expunged, and since has preferred to have a creed not circumscribed by the doctrines of any church. Mr. Sanders' name will forever live as one of the pioneers of Greene County, Ohio.

HON, I. M. BARRETT.

Isane M. Barrett was born on the 2d day of May, 1827, in Saratoga County, New York. His father, George Barrett, was a native of Ver-County, New York. His latiner, treatge Burreit, was a market of ver-mont, and came to Greene County in 1842, and soon after built the first woolen mill in the County, in Spring Valley. This occupation engaged his attontion till 1871, when he retired from business, and is now (1874) living as an aged and respected citizen of Spring Valley. The mother of Isaac was Mahala Merreit. Mr. Burreit's early education was very lib-Isanc was Manna Merrett. Ar. harvest's early cancernon was very horal, as he received it at the Ohio Wesleyan University and Springfield College. In 1847 he turned his attention to manufacturing wool. In 1862 he entered on mercantile pursuits as a pork-packer and grain-huyer. In 1862 he was made Assessor of Internal Revenue in the Columbus dis-In 1862 he was made Assessor of Internal Revenue in the Countous district. In 1873 he was elected to the State Legislature. He is a member of the Society of Friends, and has been twice married. His first wife was Robecca Swayne. His present wife is Mary Evens, a daughter of Robert Evens, an early pioneer of this County. The enterprise Mr. Barrett manifests in carrying on his large pork and grain business, with efforts as a legislator for the public weal, stamp him as a public-spirited citizen of Greene County. His portrait, with that of his estimable wife, is found in the Atle in the Atlas.



WHITELAW REID



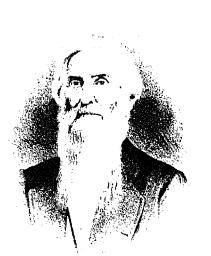
SILAS ROBERTS BORN MARCH 4-1789 DIKO JULY 29-1864



ROBERT CHARLTON REID



John Barbein BORN JAN. 17.7-1804 DIED JUNE 8" 1878



HON. JAMES W. HARPER



HON. JOSEPH M. KEEVER



COL. ROBERT STEVENSON



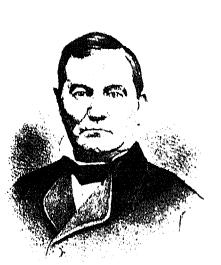
THOMAS COKE WRIGHT



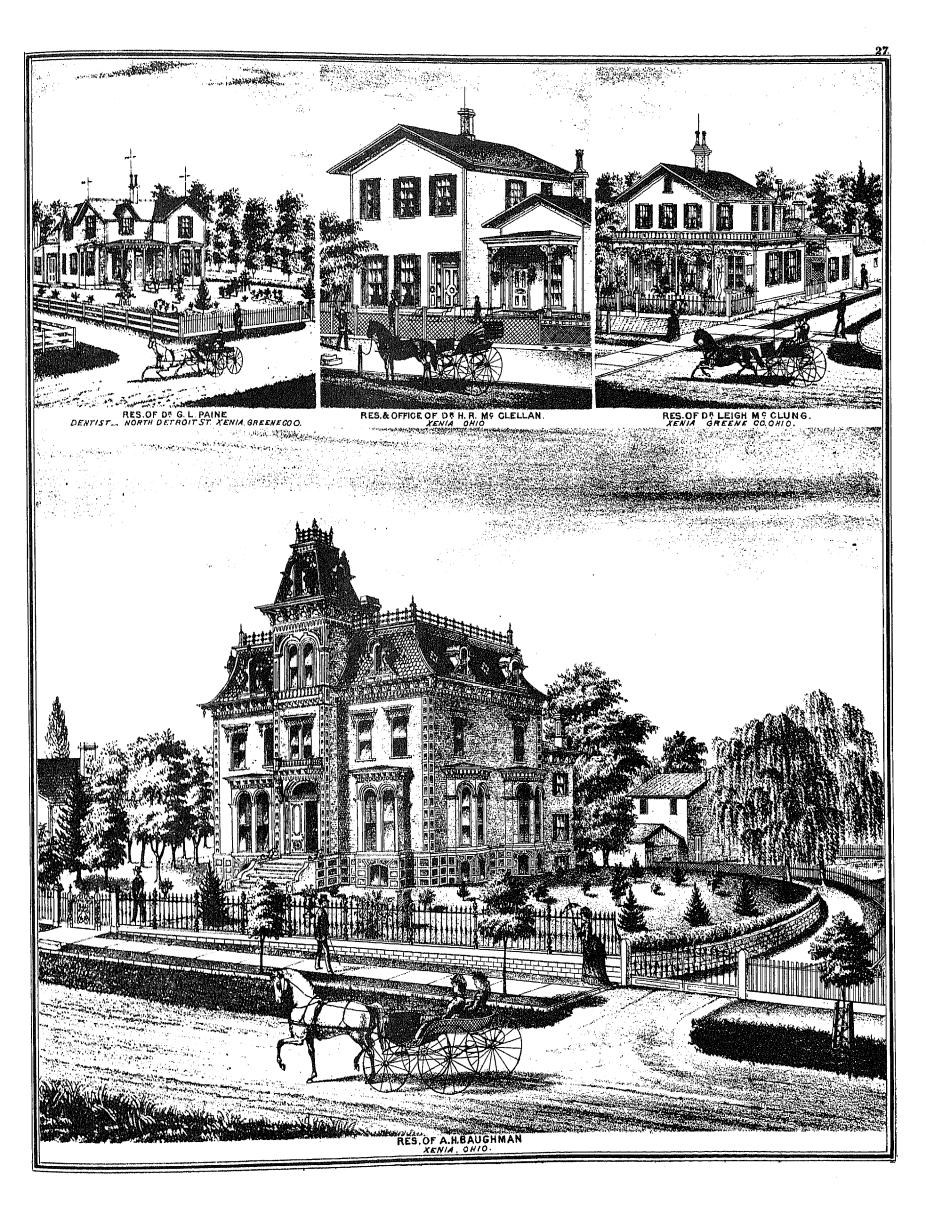
JESSE SANDERS
CAME TO SPRING VALLEY GREENE CO.IN 1805.

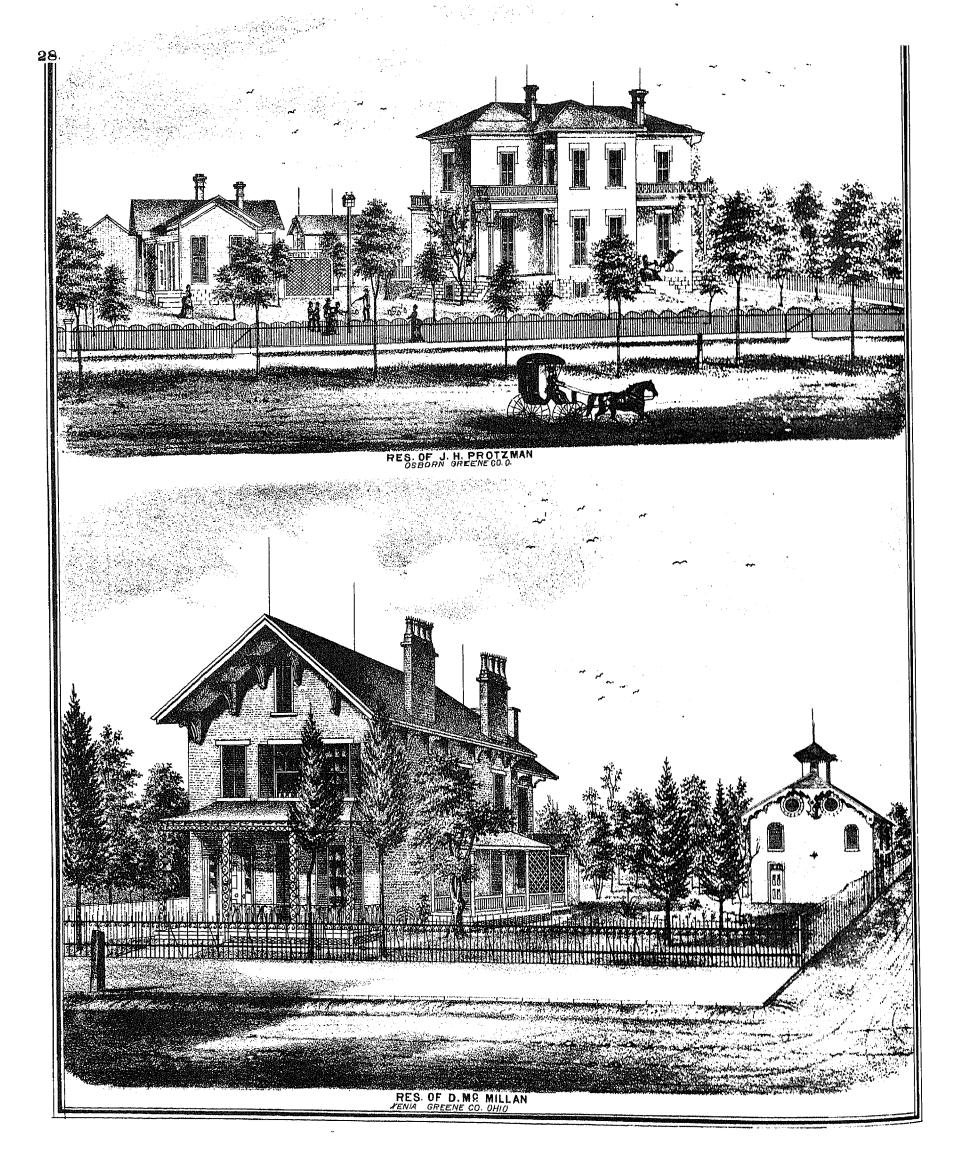


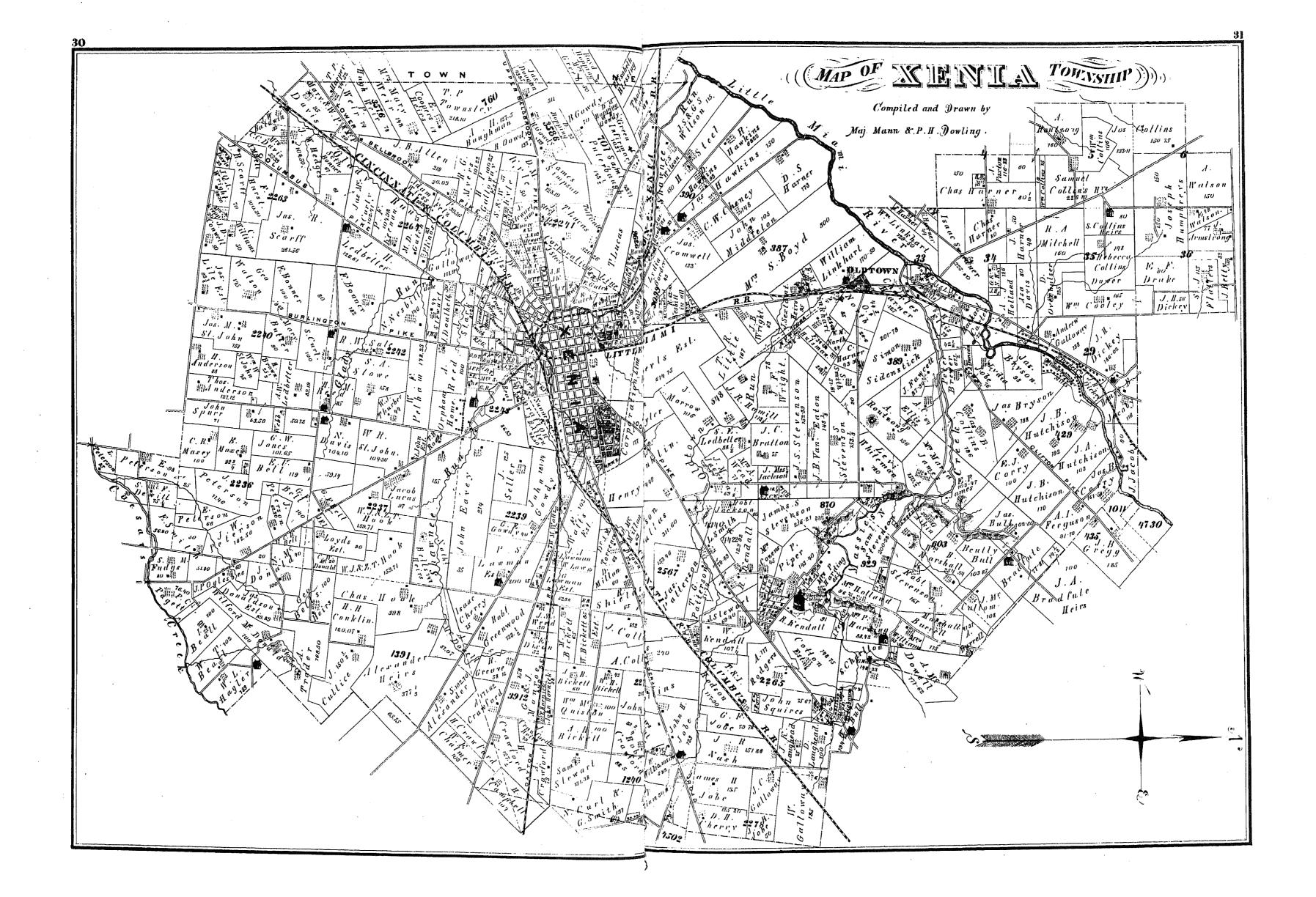
A.S. Trugar

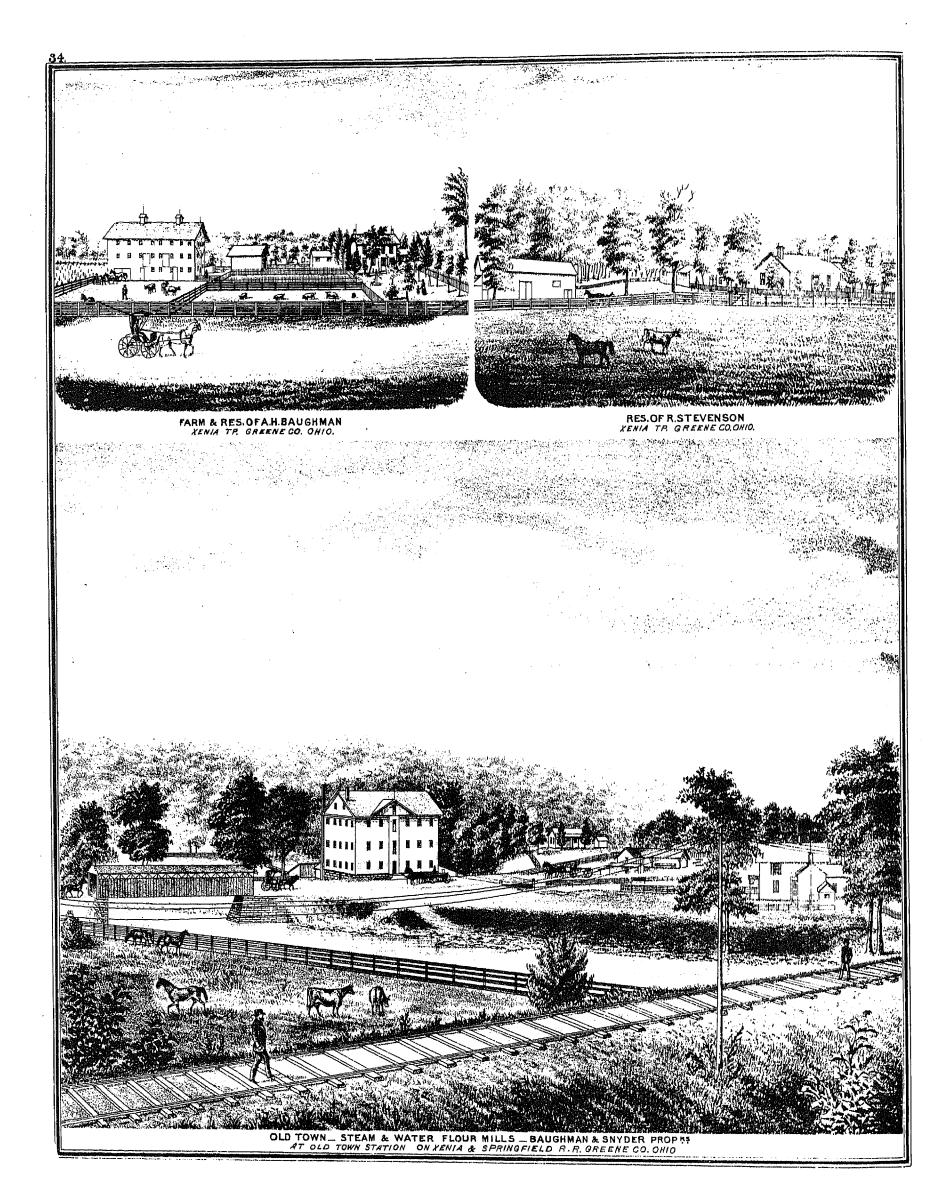


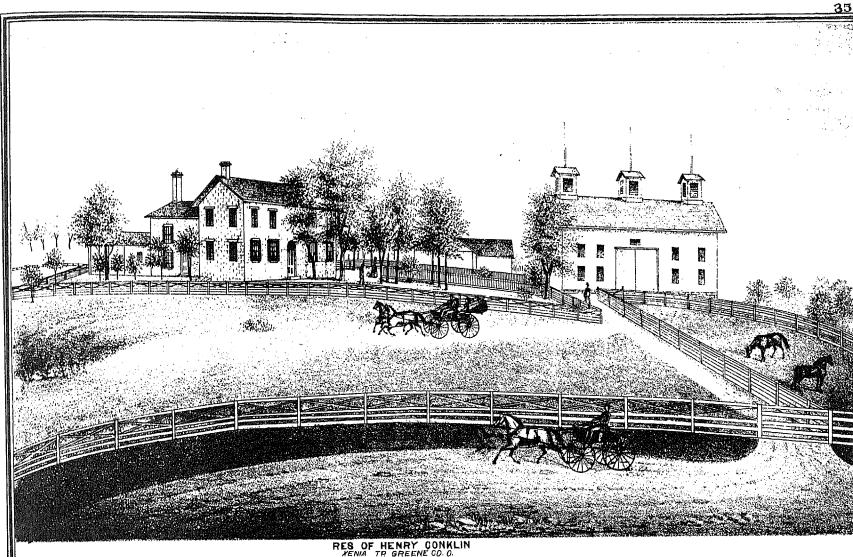
SAMUEL ANKENEY

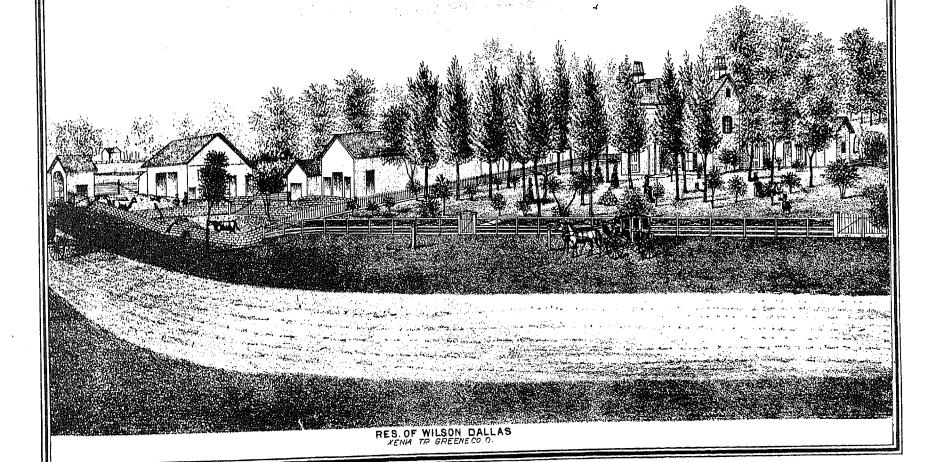


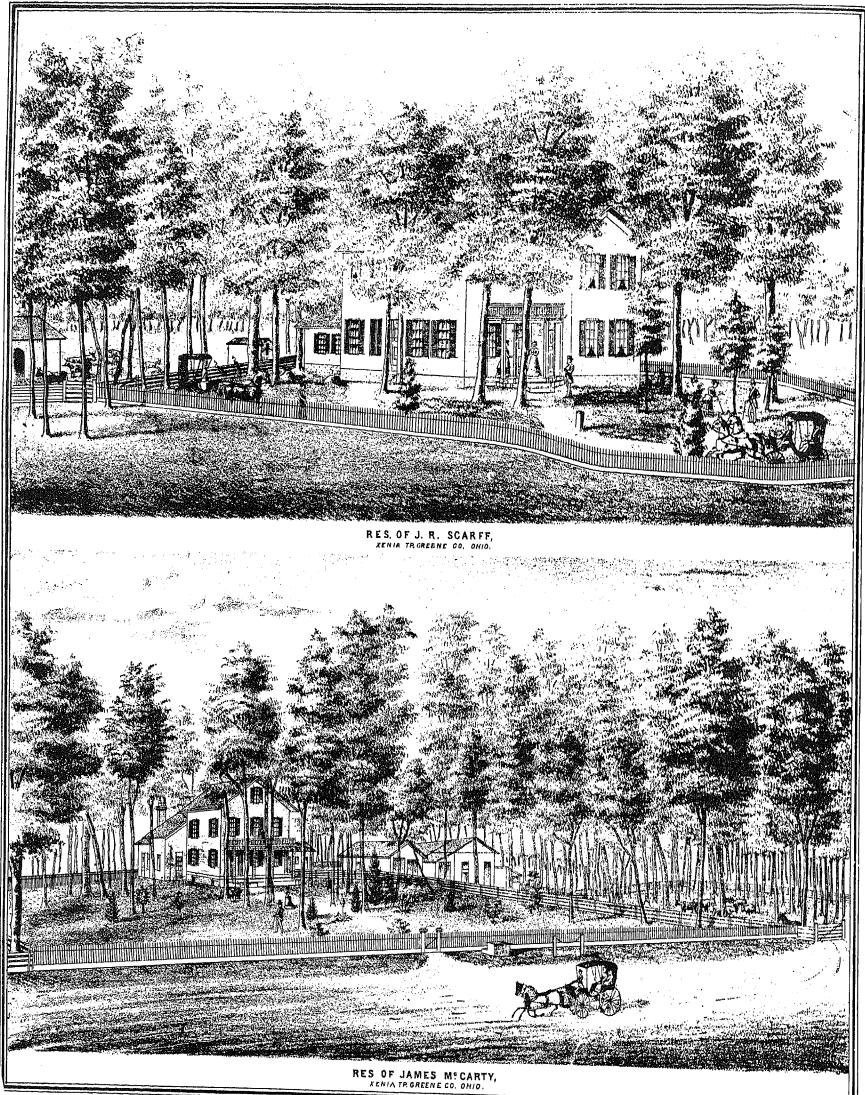


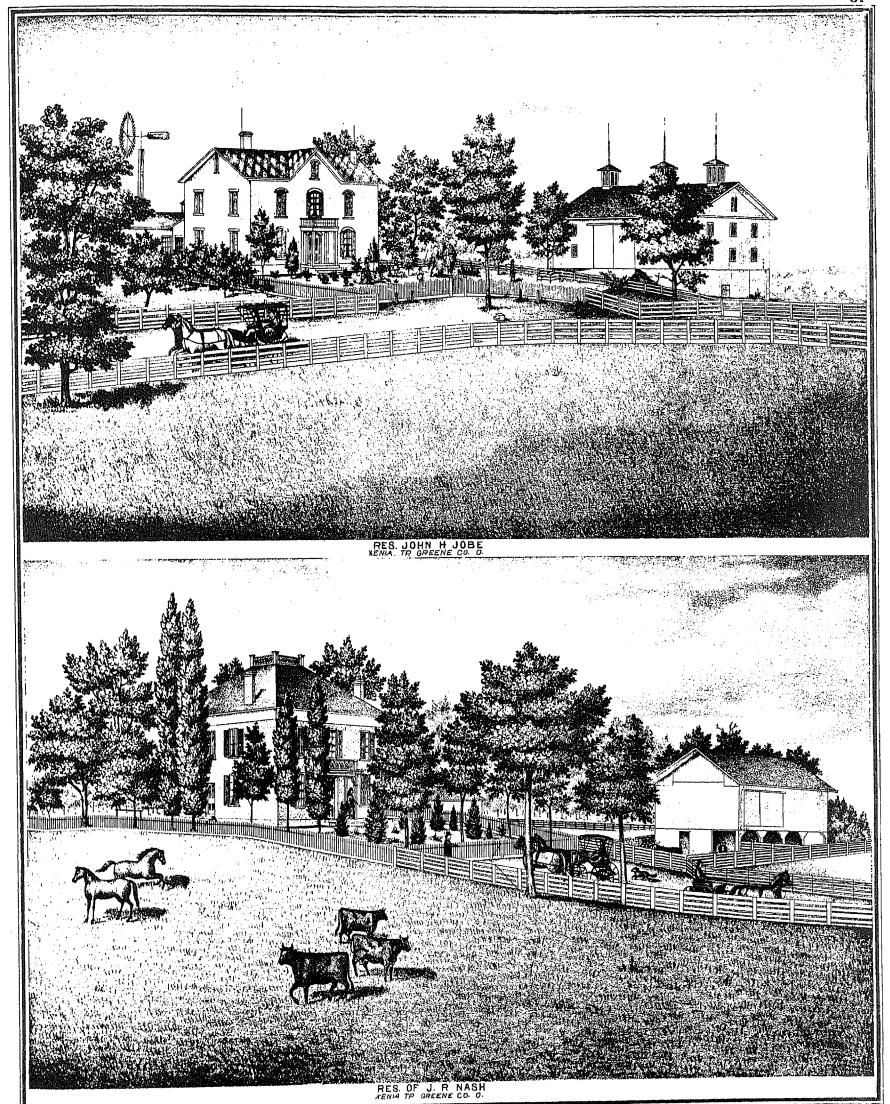


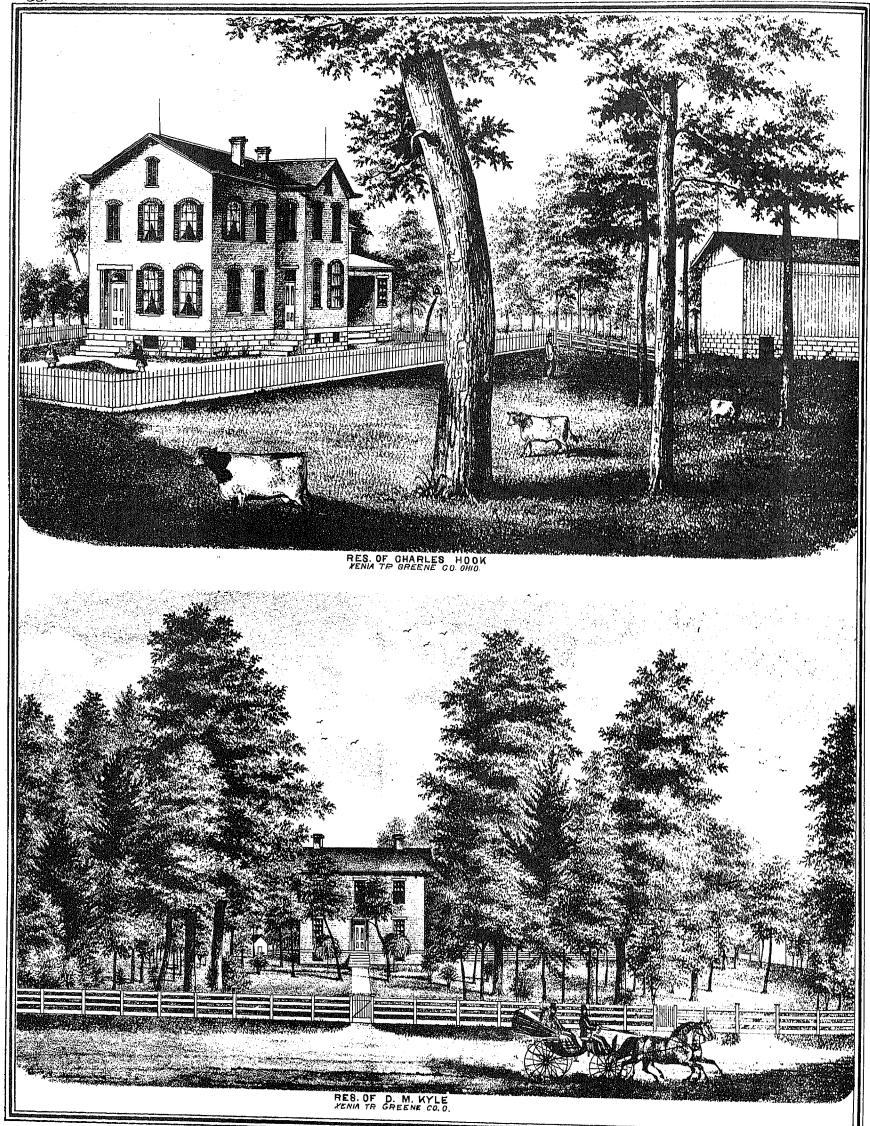


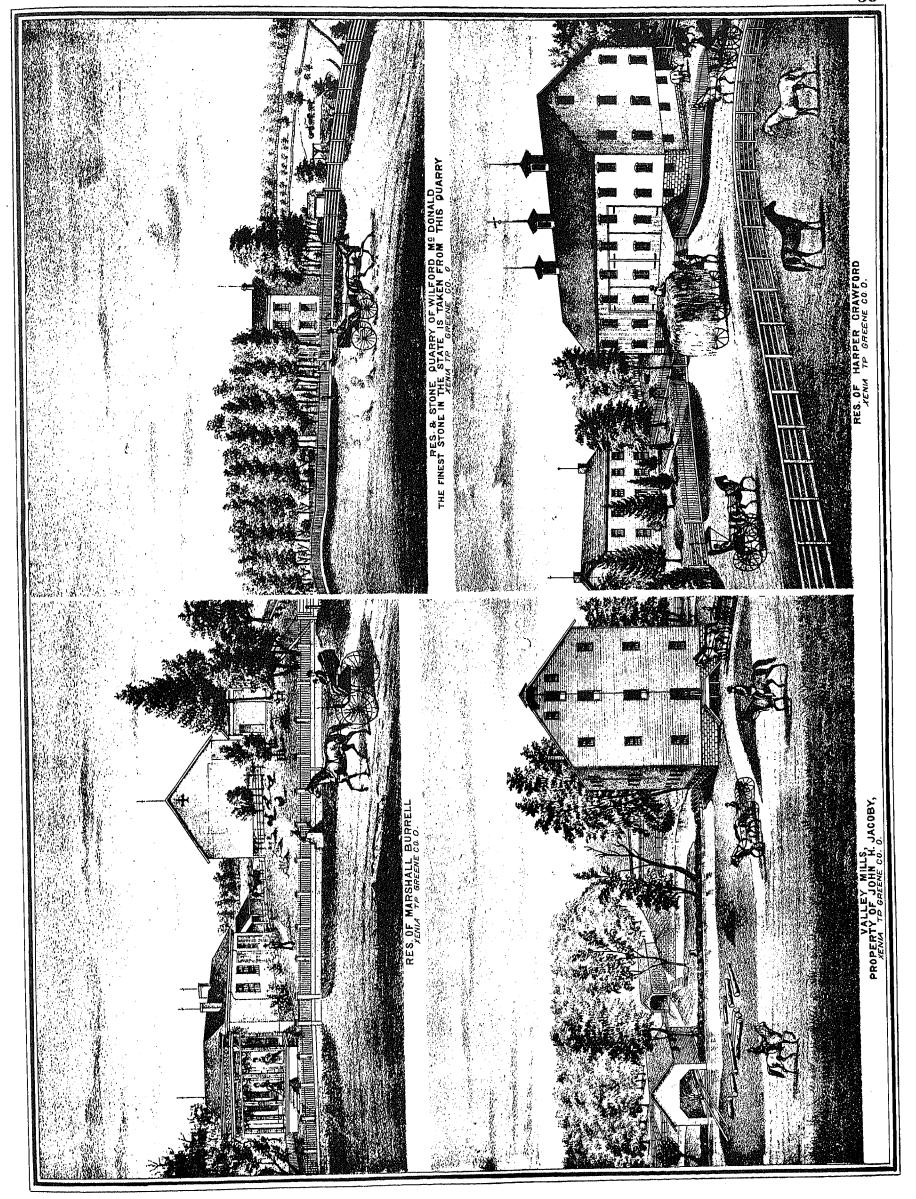


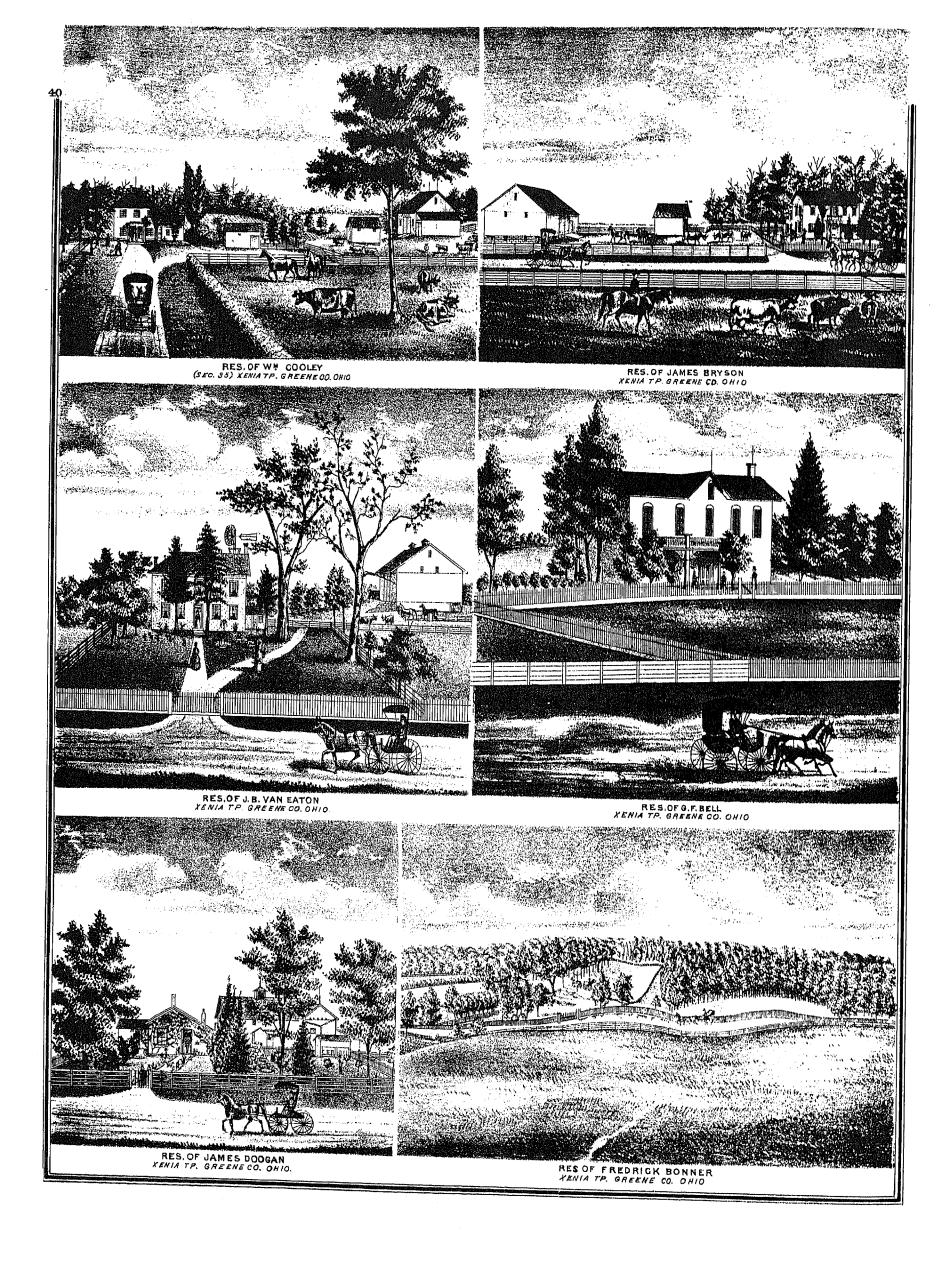


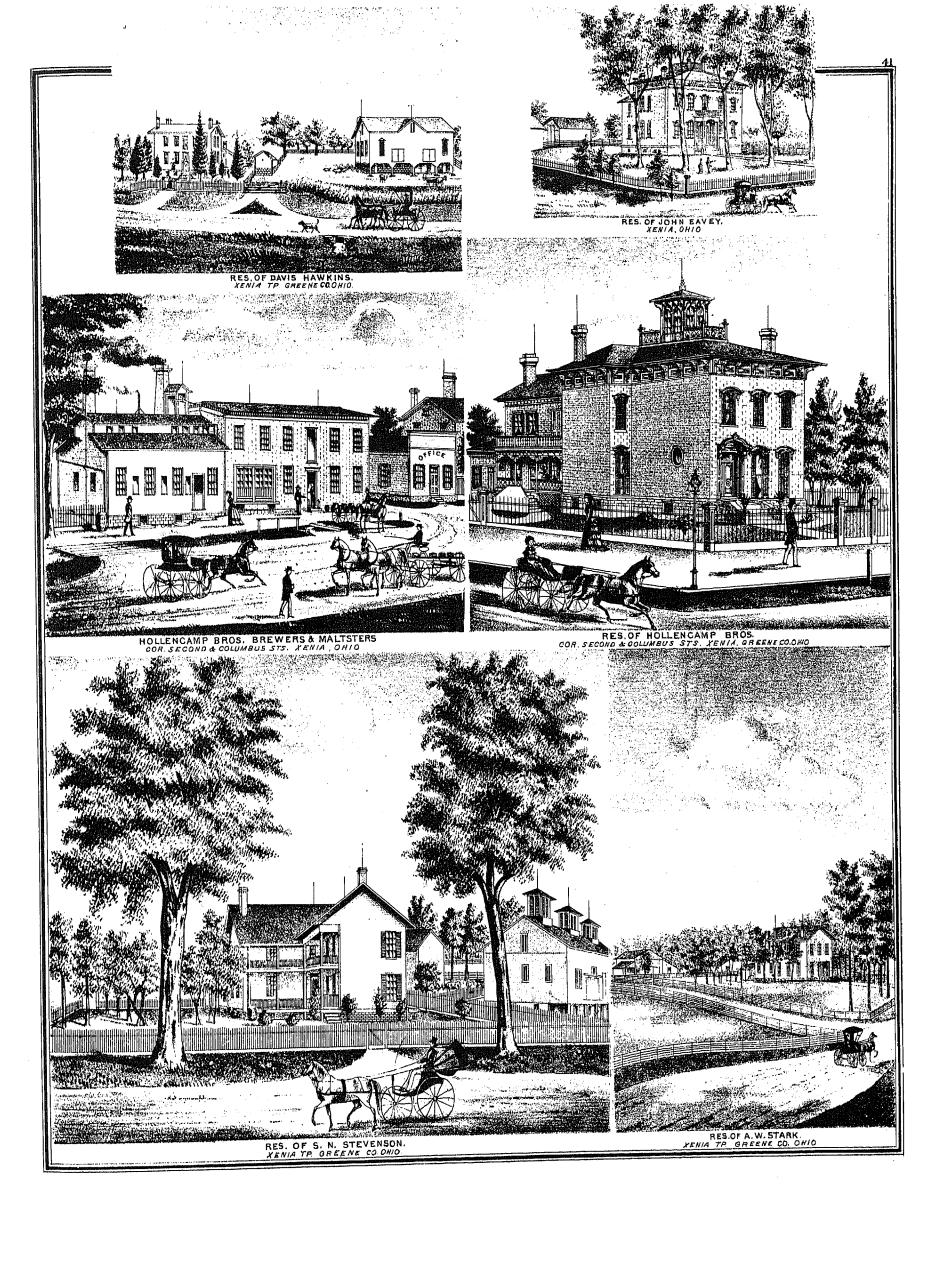


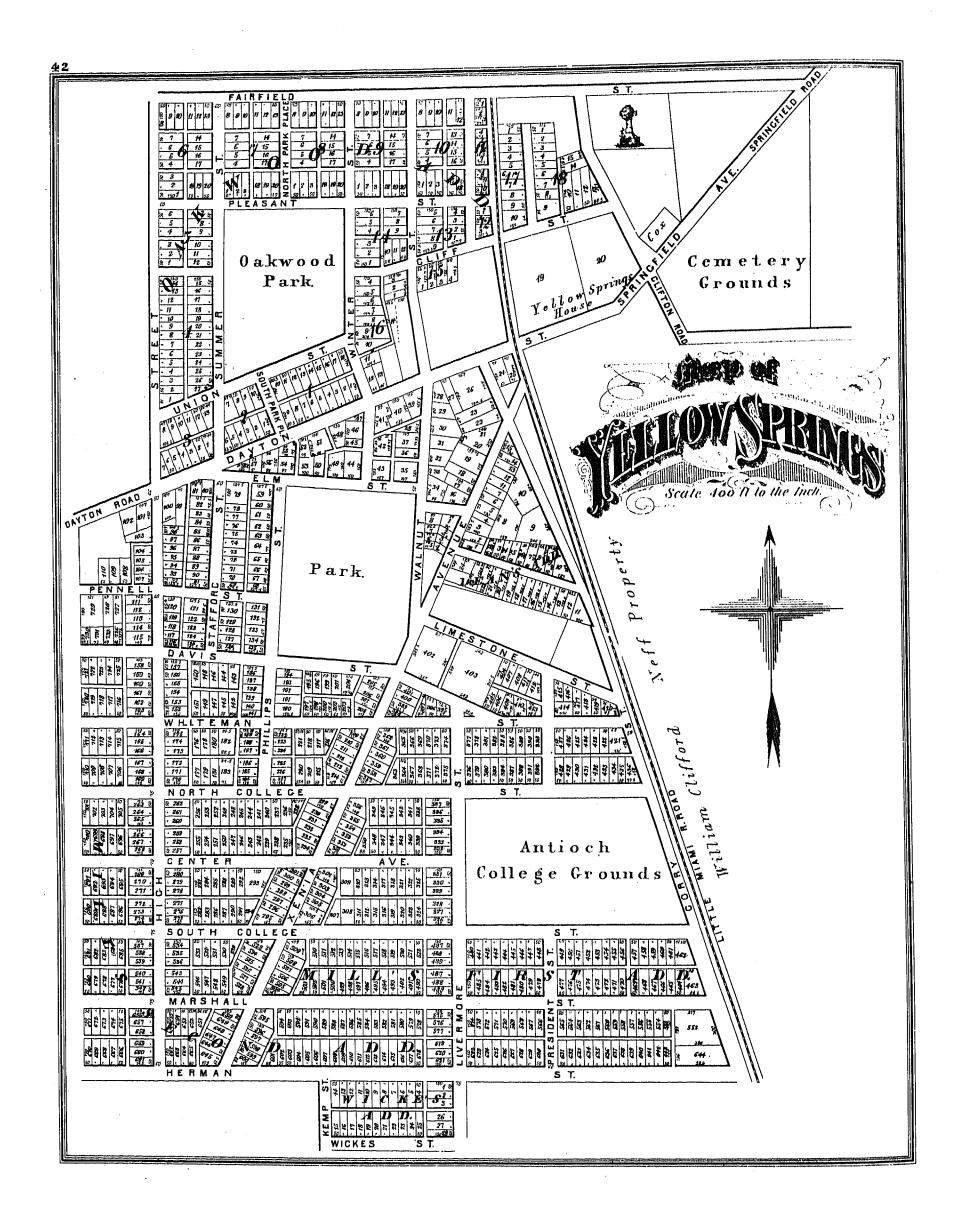


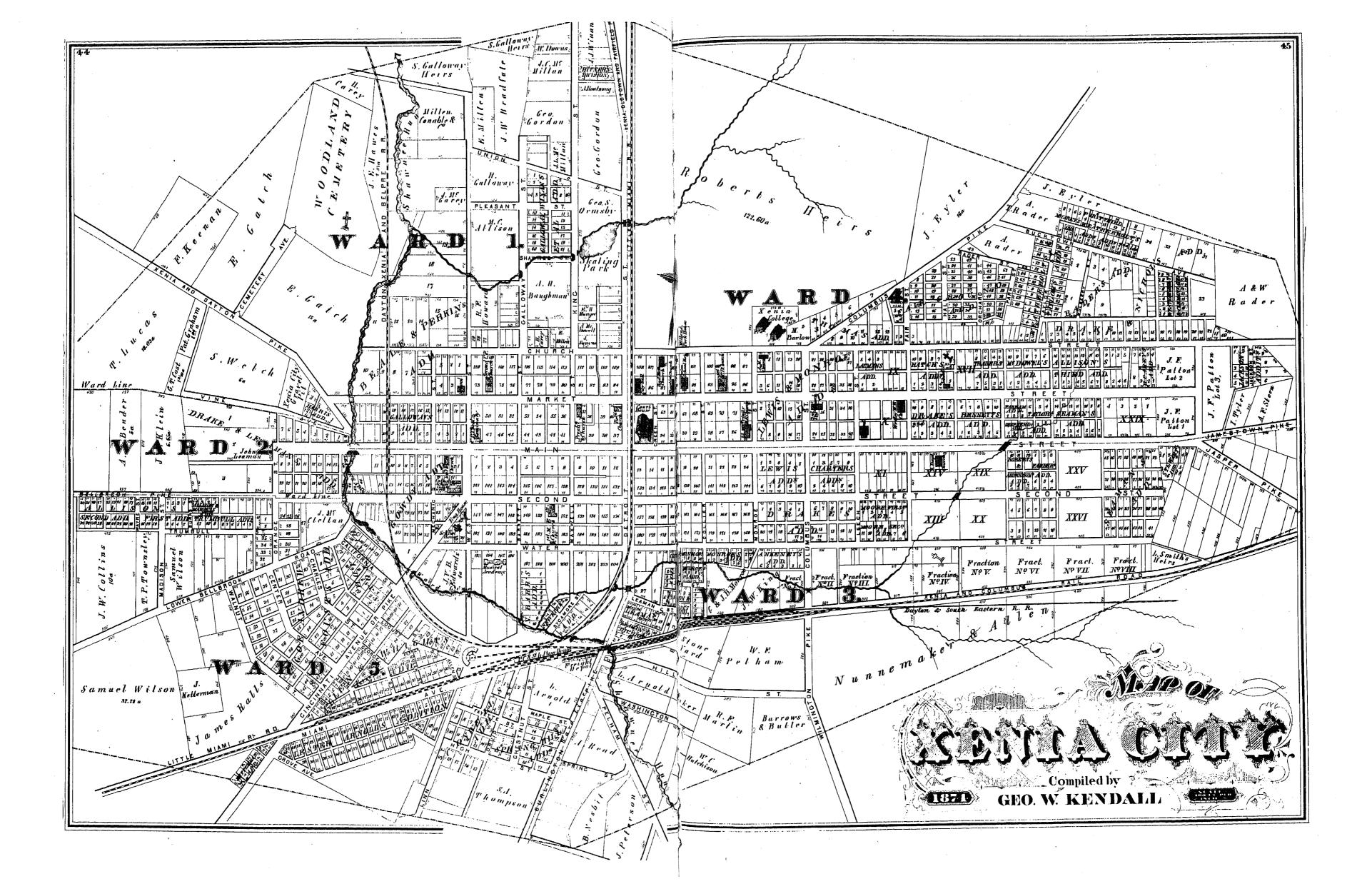


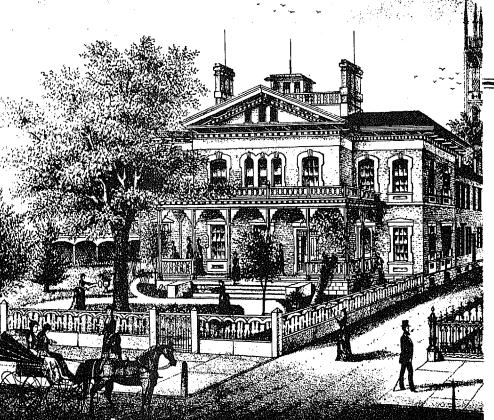


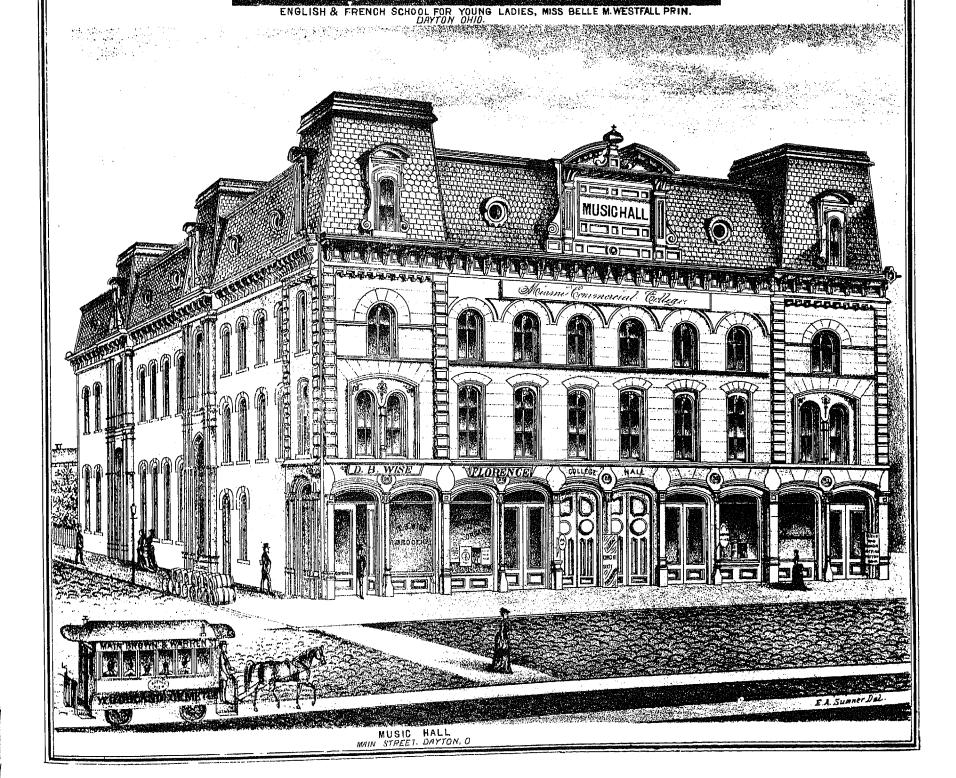


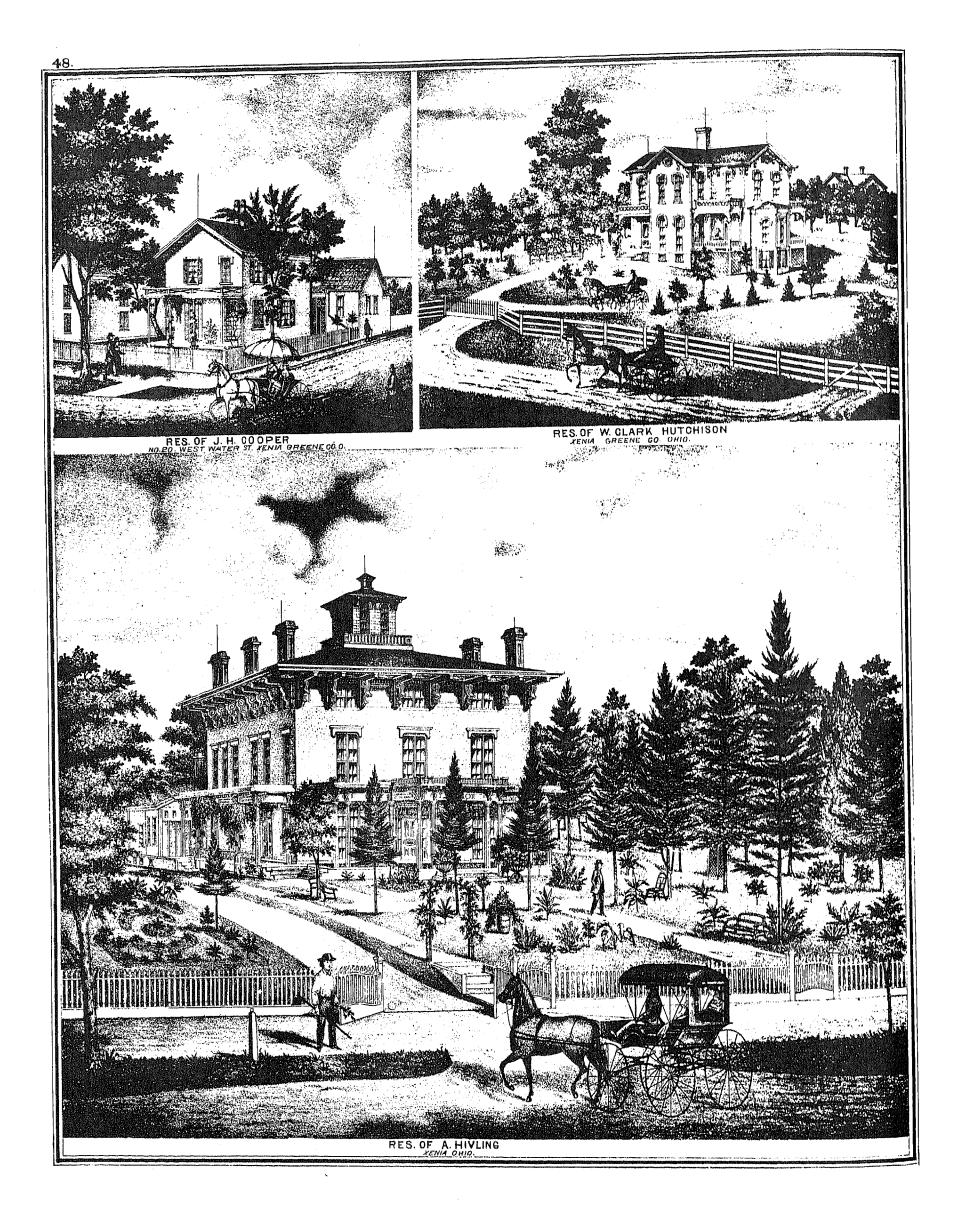


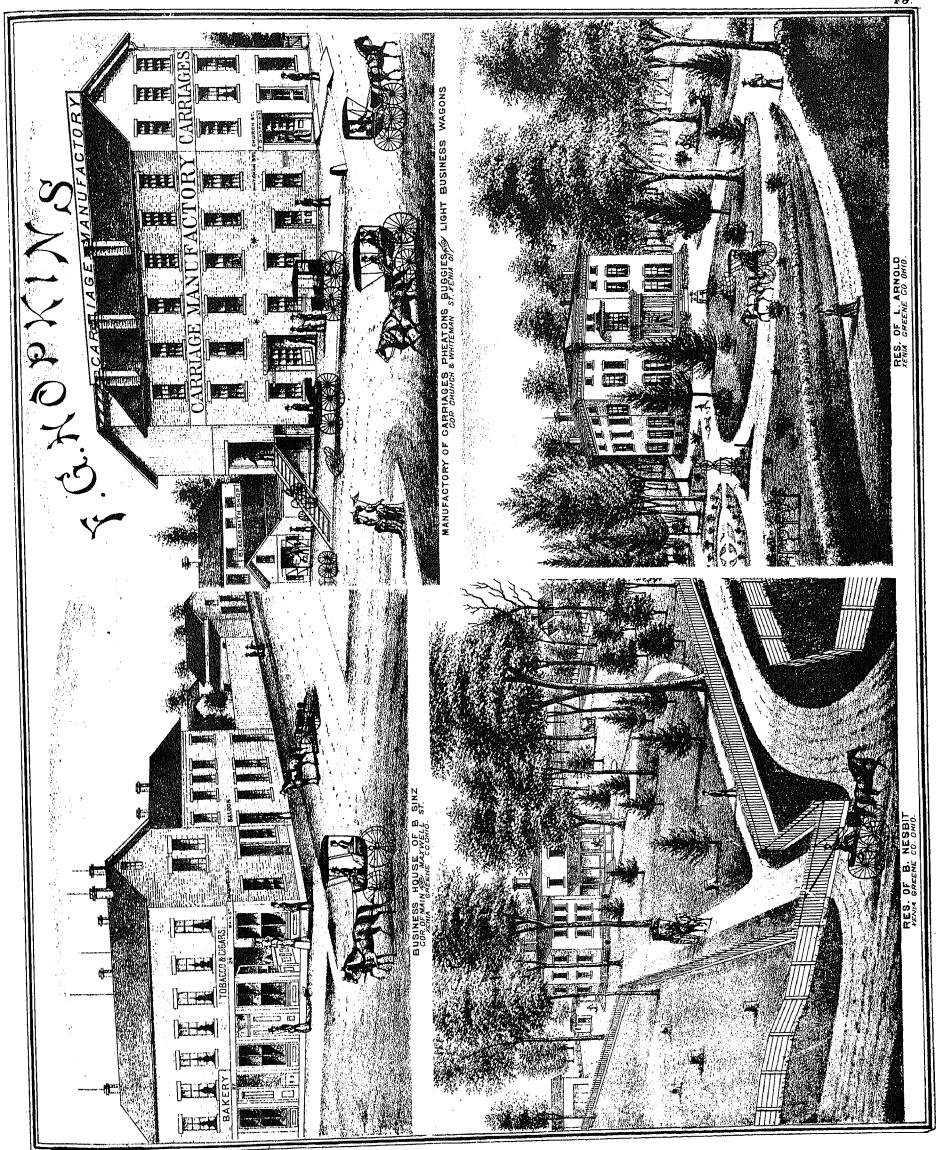


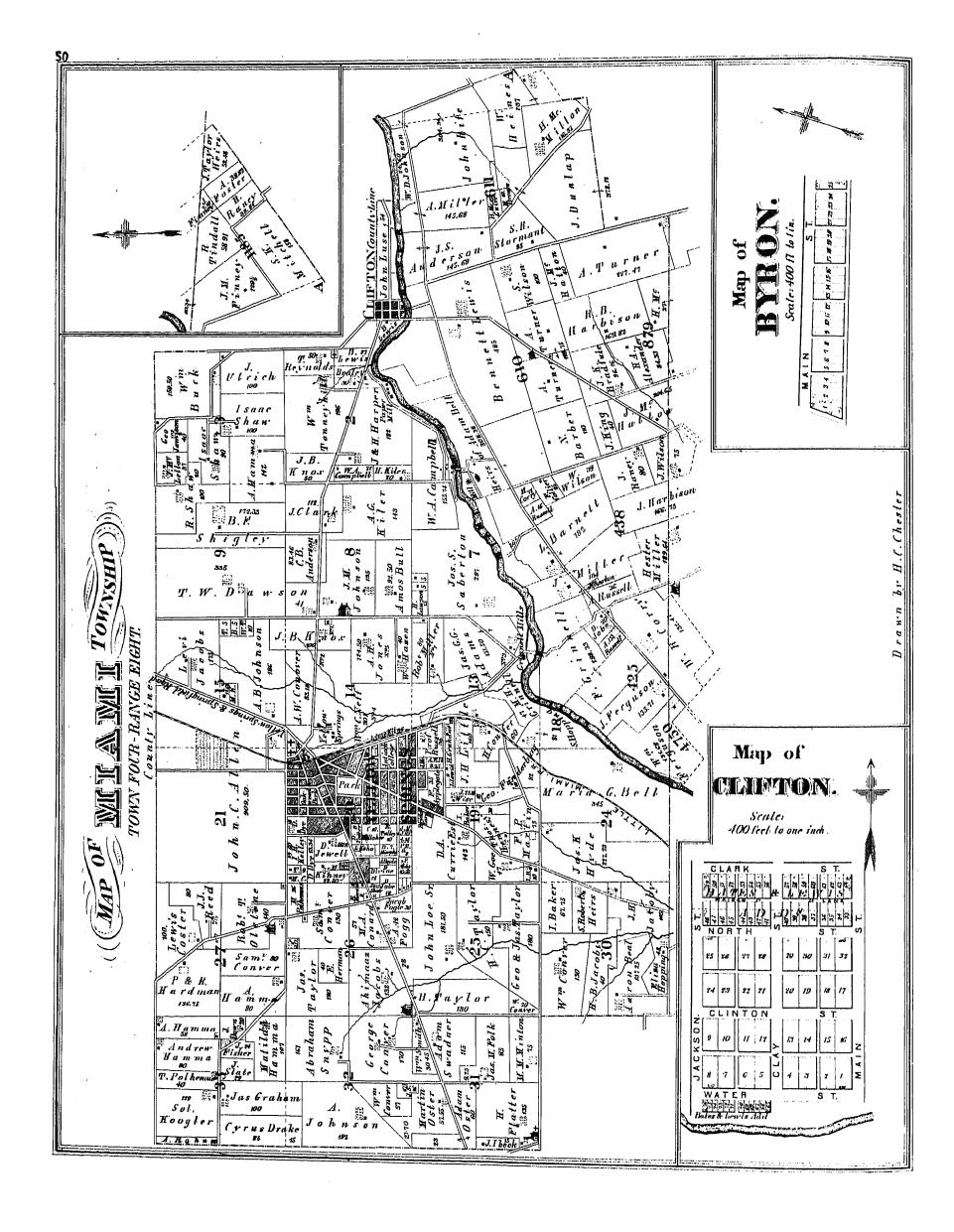


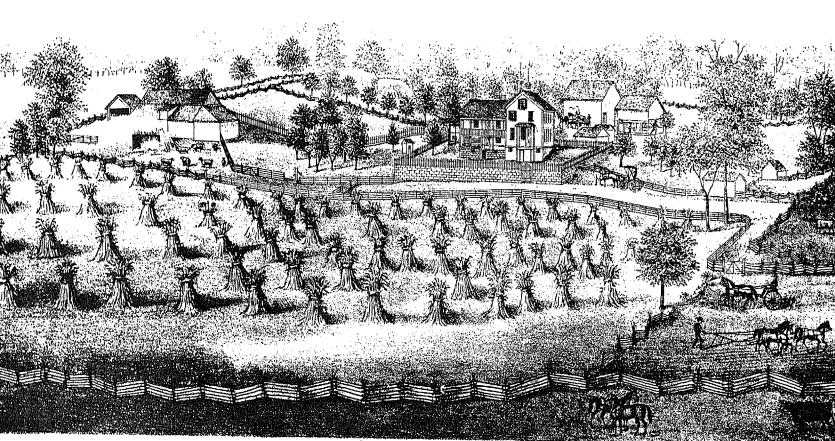


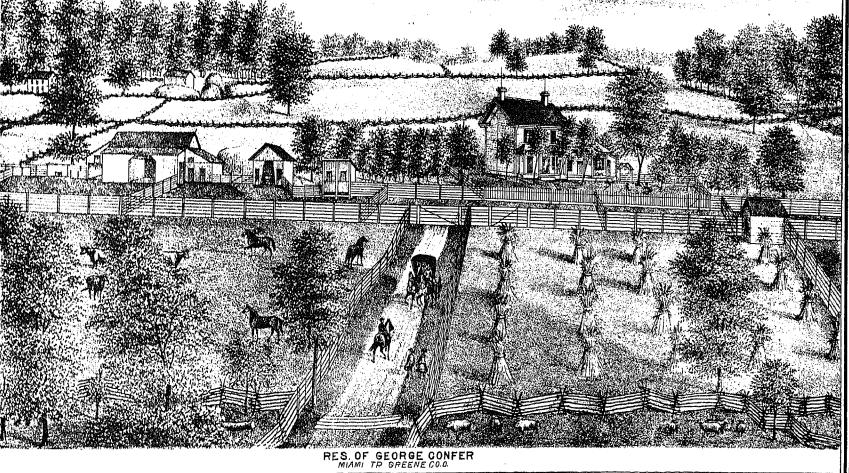


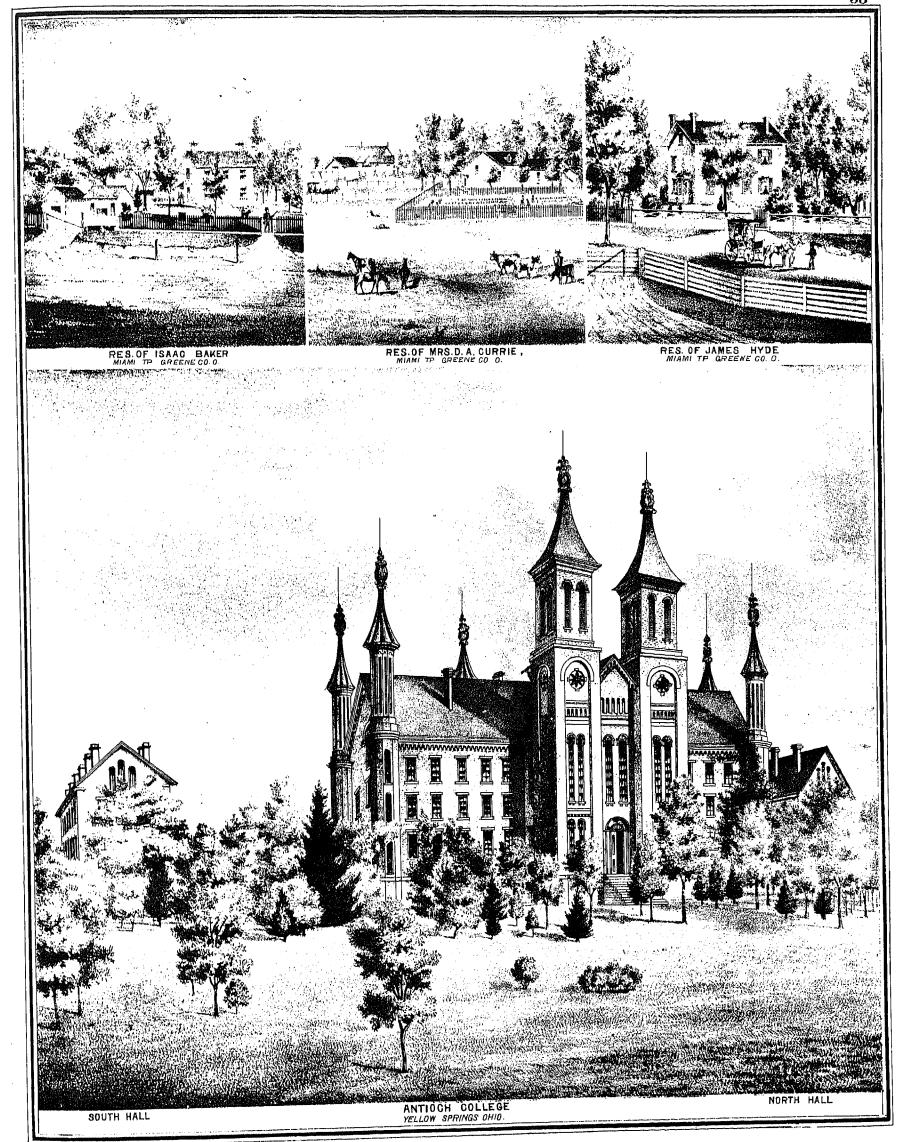


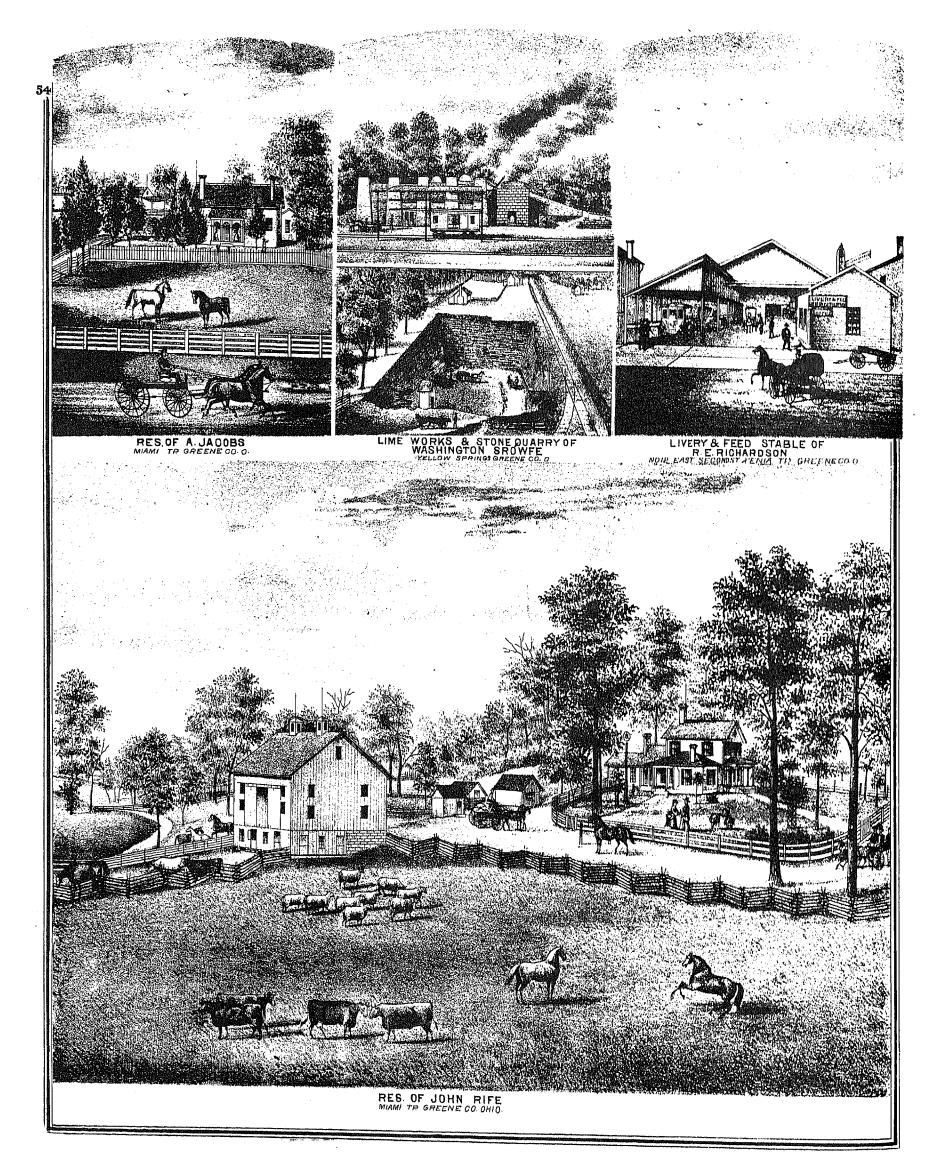


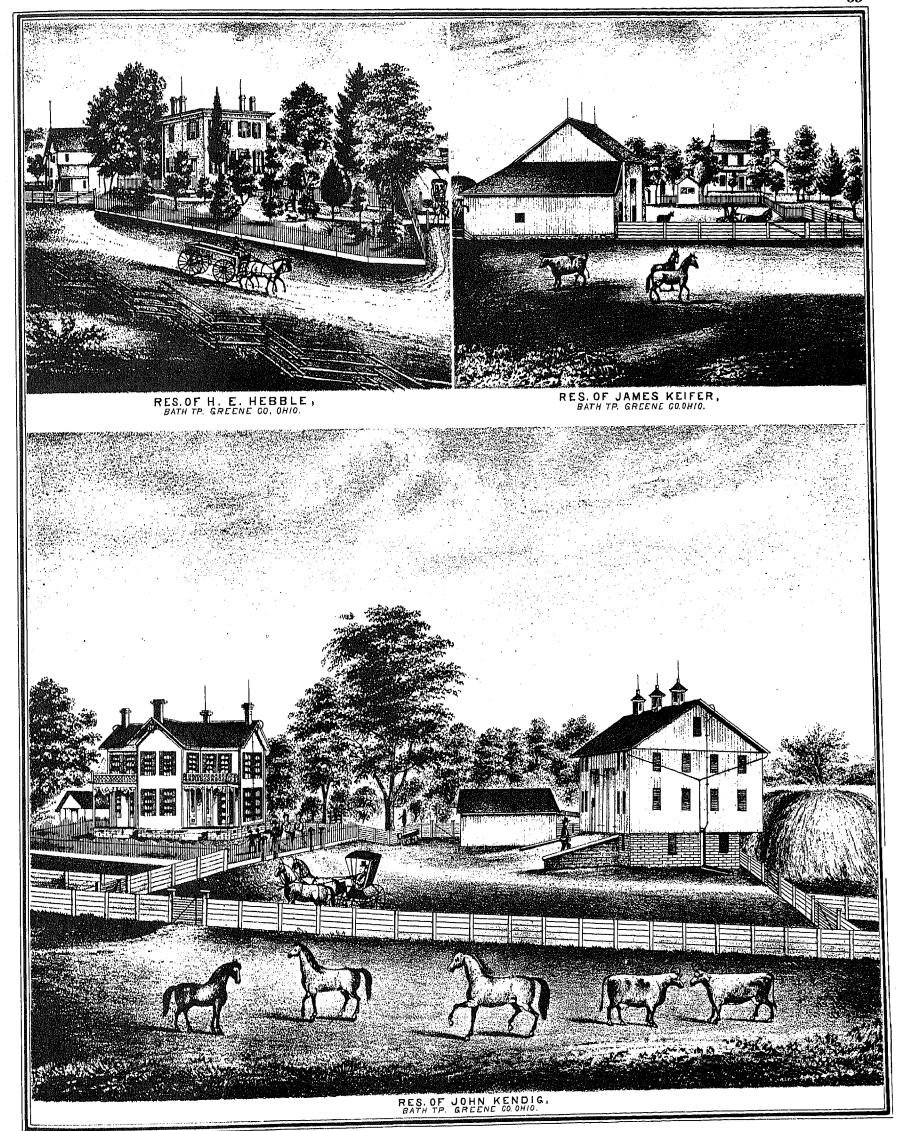


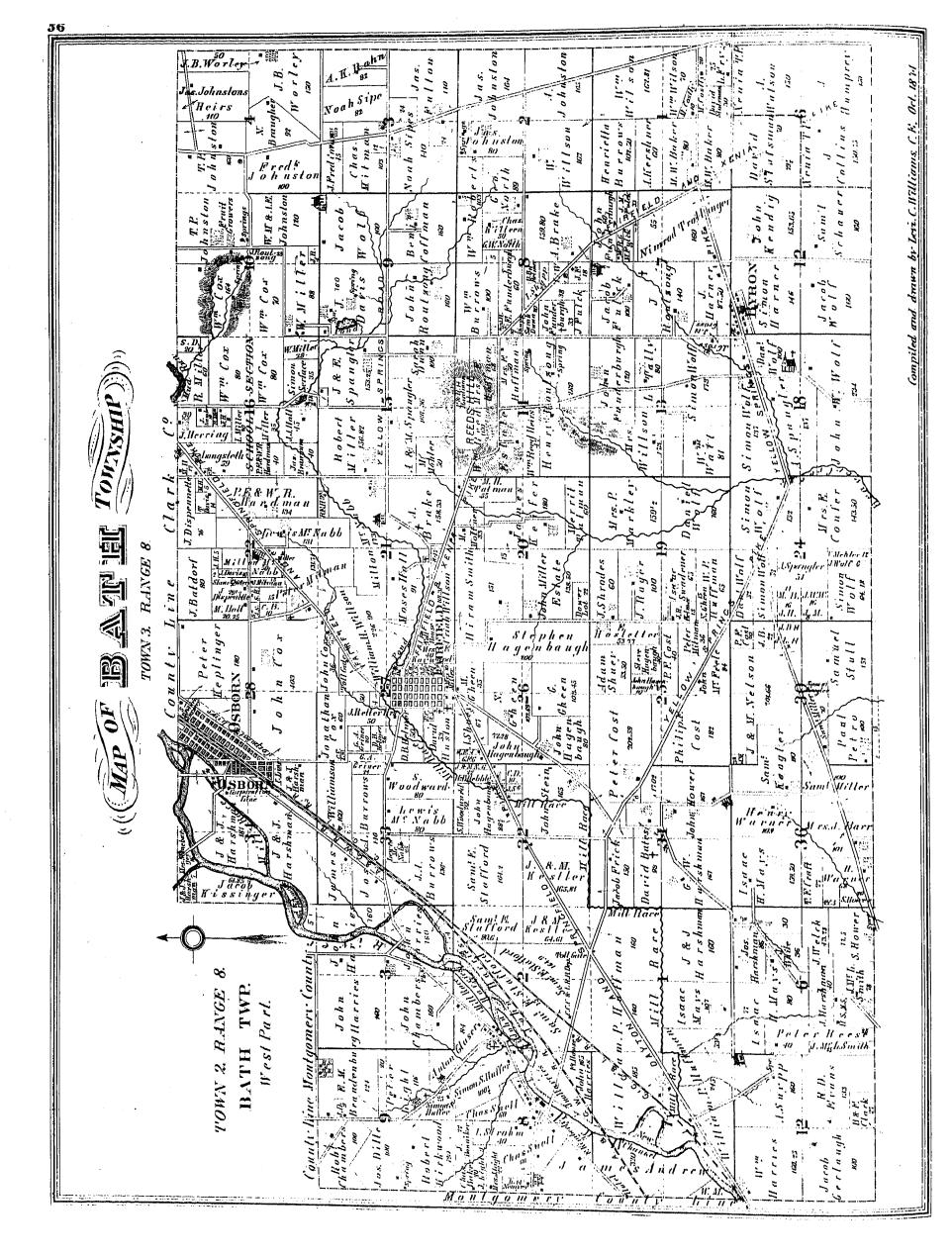


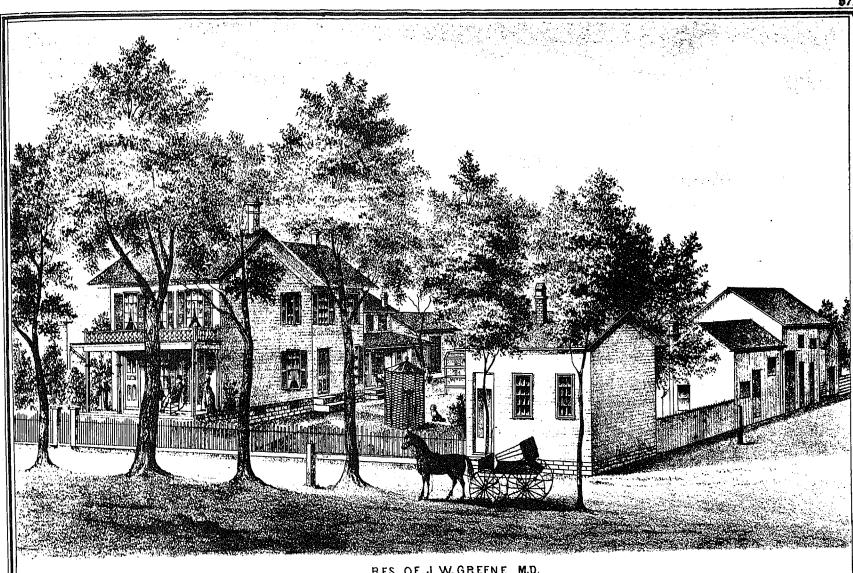








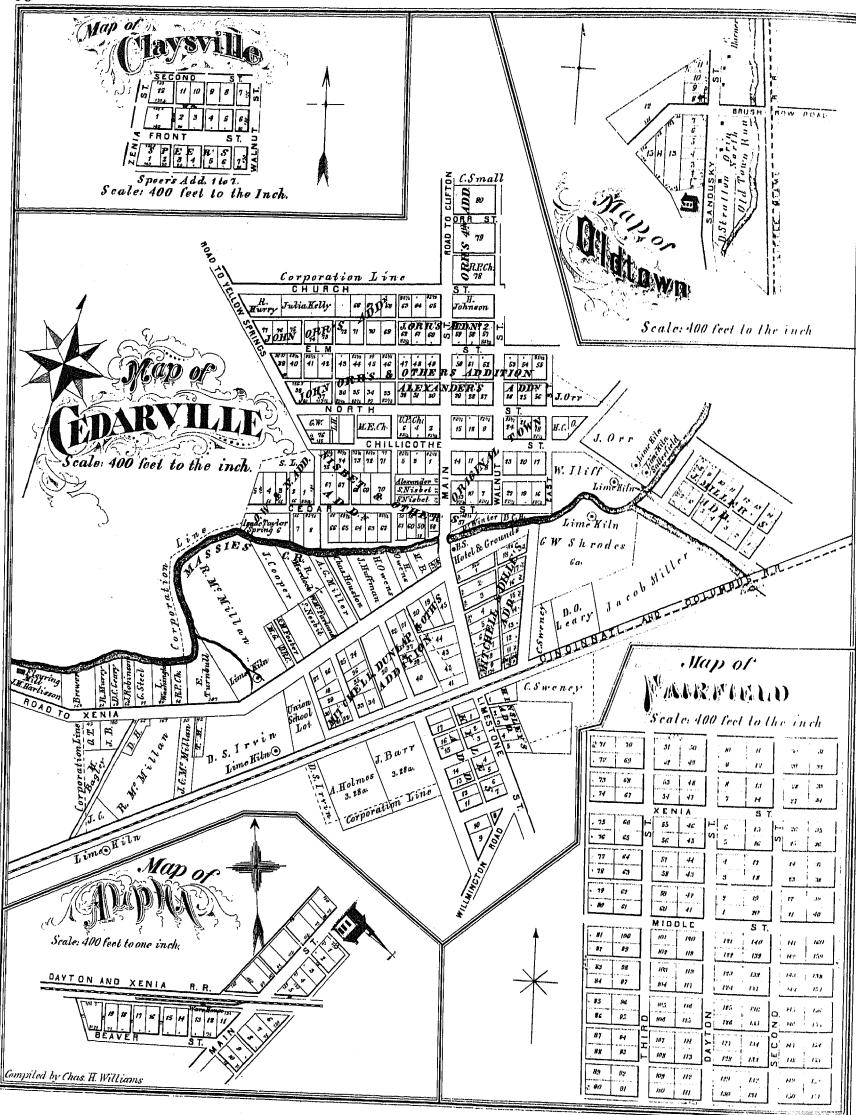


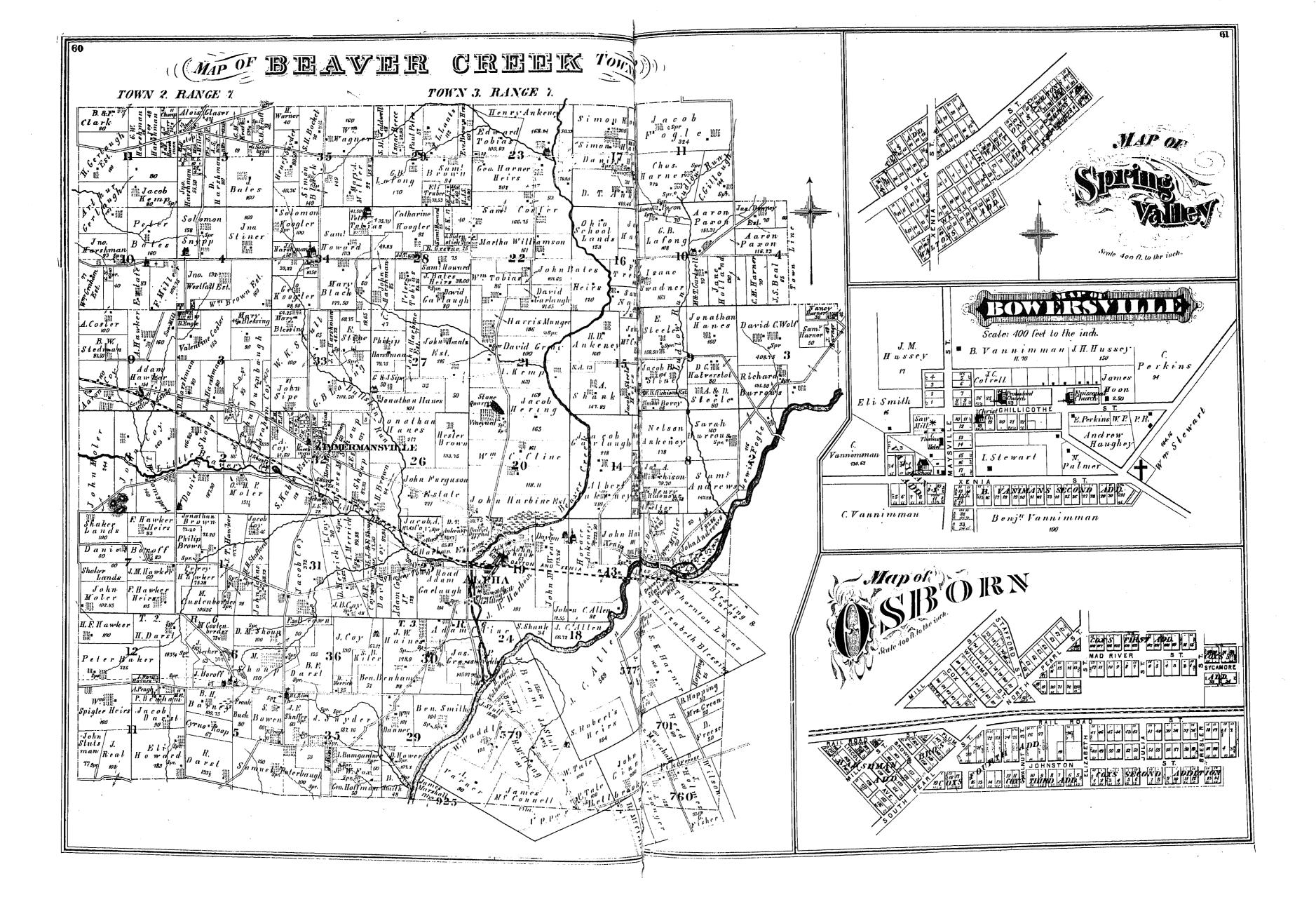


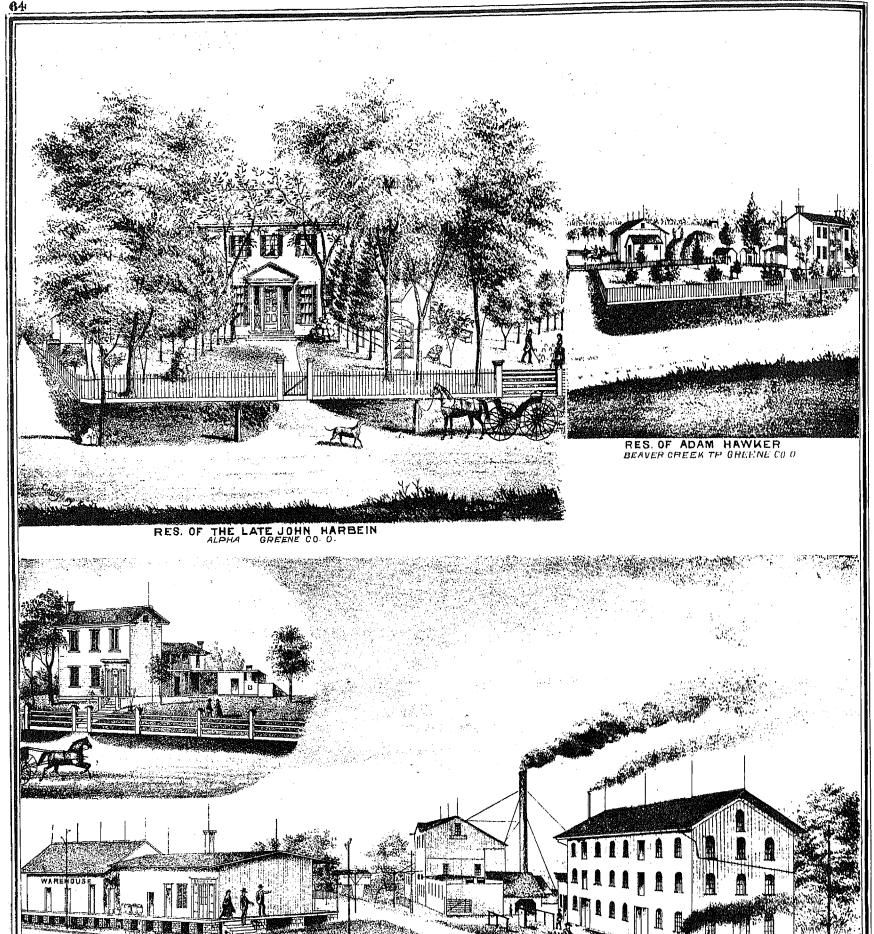
RES. OF. J. W. GREENE M.D. FAIRFIELD. GREENE CO. OHIO.



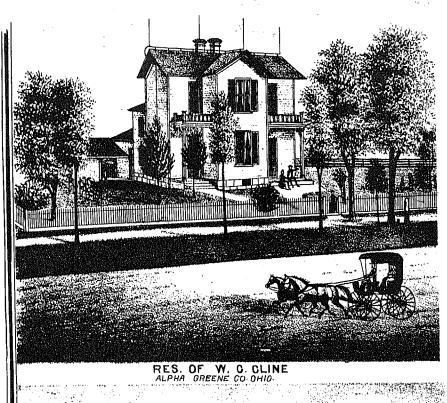
RES. OF S. F. WOODARD. OSBORN. GREENE CO. OHIO.

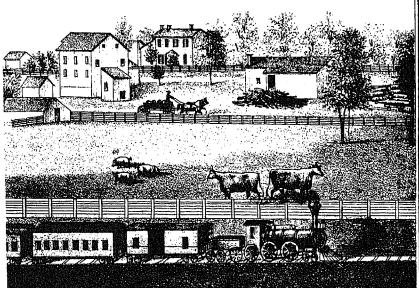




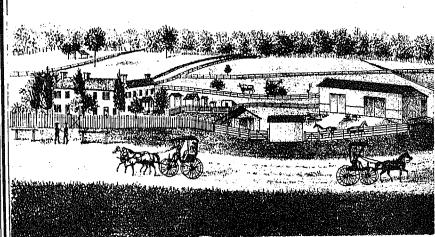


F. C. TREBEIN'S MILLS TO RESIDENCE BEAVER STATION DAYTON TO XENIA R. R. GREENE CO. OHIO

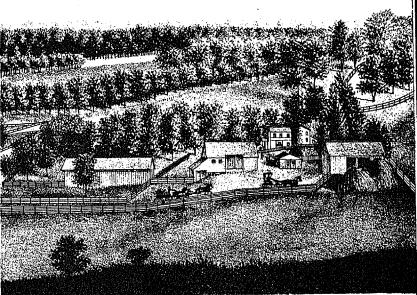




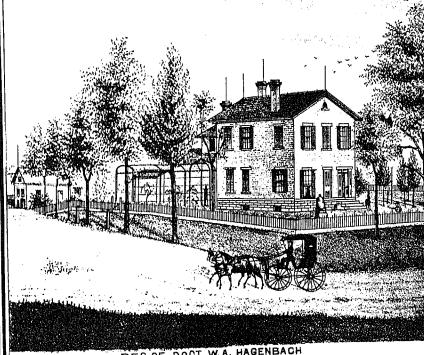
RES. & MILLE OF JOHN SCHANTZ SHOUP STATION ZIMMERMAN P. O.



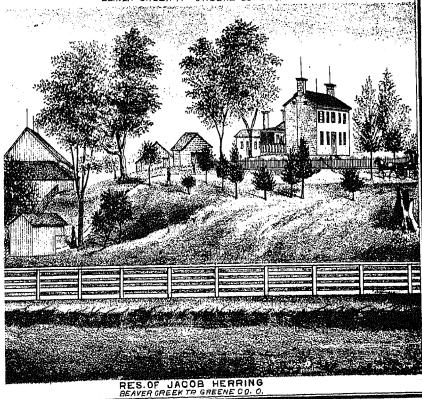
OAK HILL FARM RES. OF CAPT. B. F. DARST, BEAVER CREEK TO GREENE CO. O.

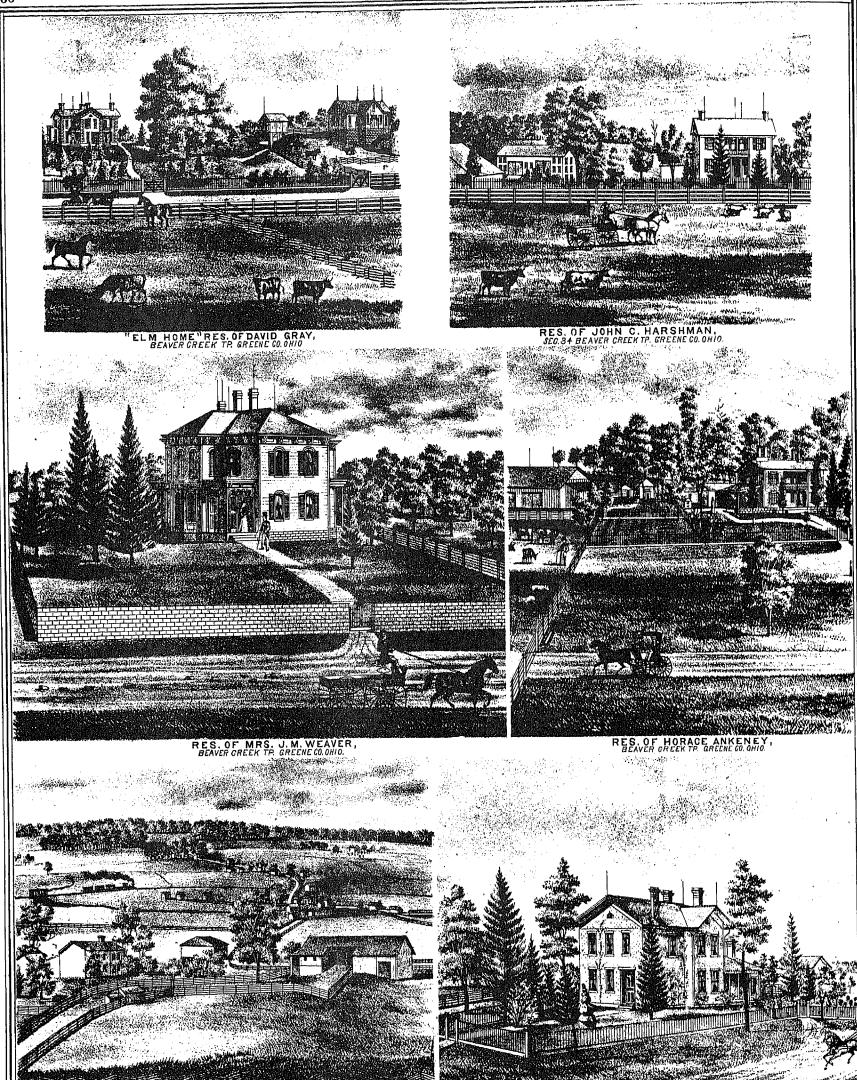


RES. OF JOHN T HAWKER BEAVER CREEK TP GREENE CO. OHIO.

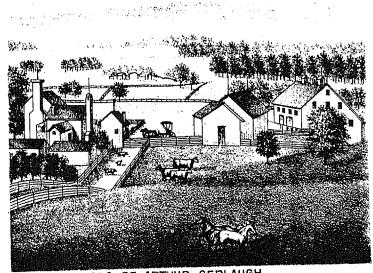


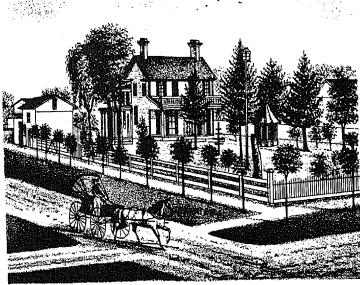
RES.OF DOOT W.A. HAGENBACH DEAVER CREEK TO GREENE CO. O

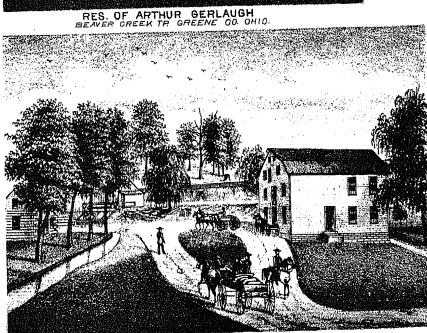




RES. OF ADAM GERLAUGH, ALPHA, GREENE CO. OHIO. RES. OF THE LATE JOHN M. MILLER,

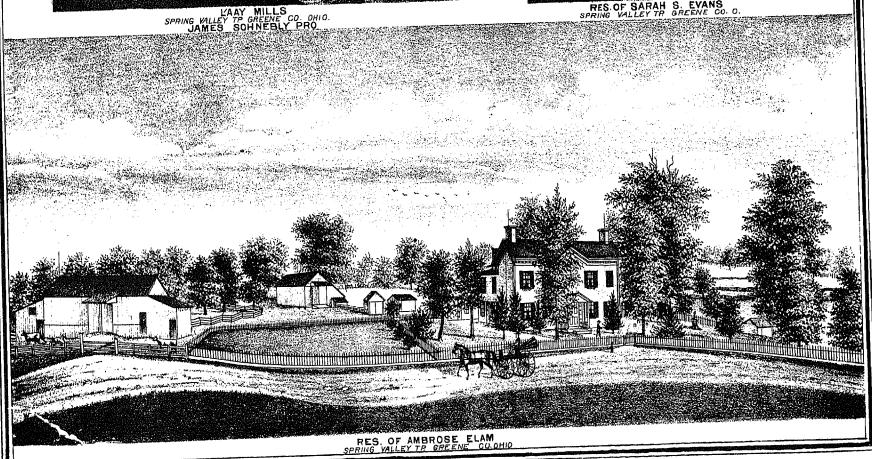


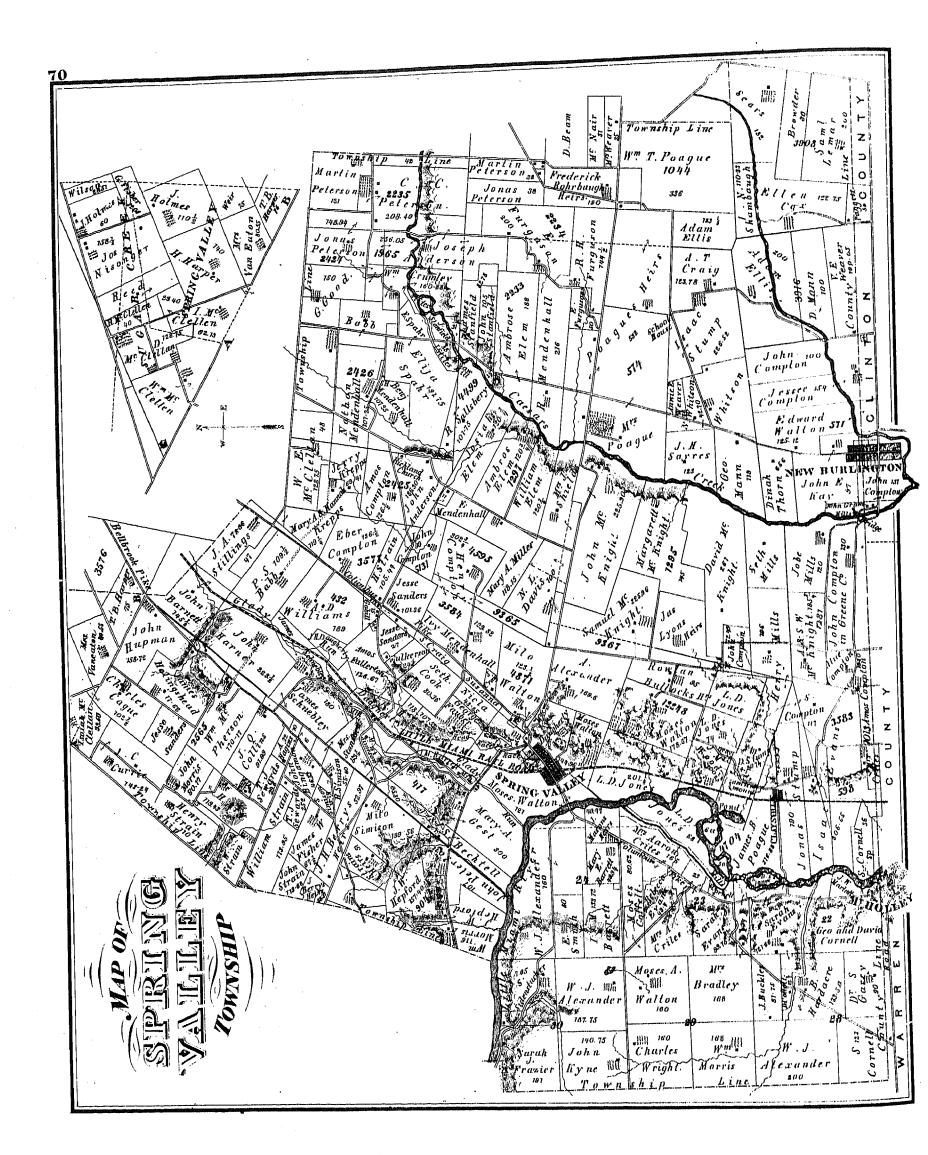


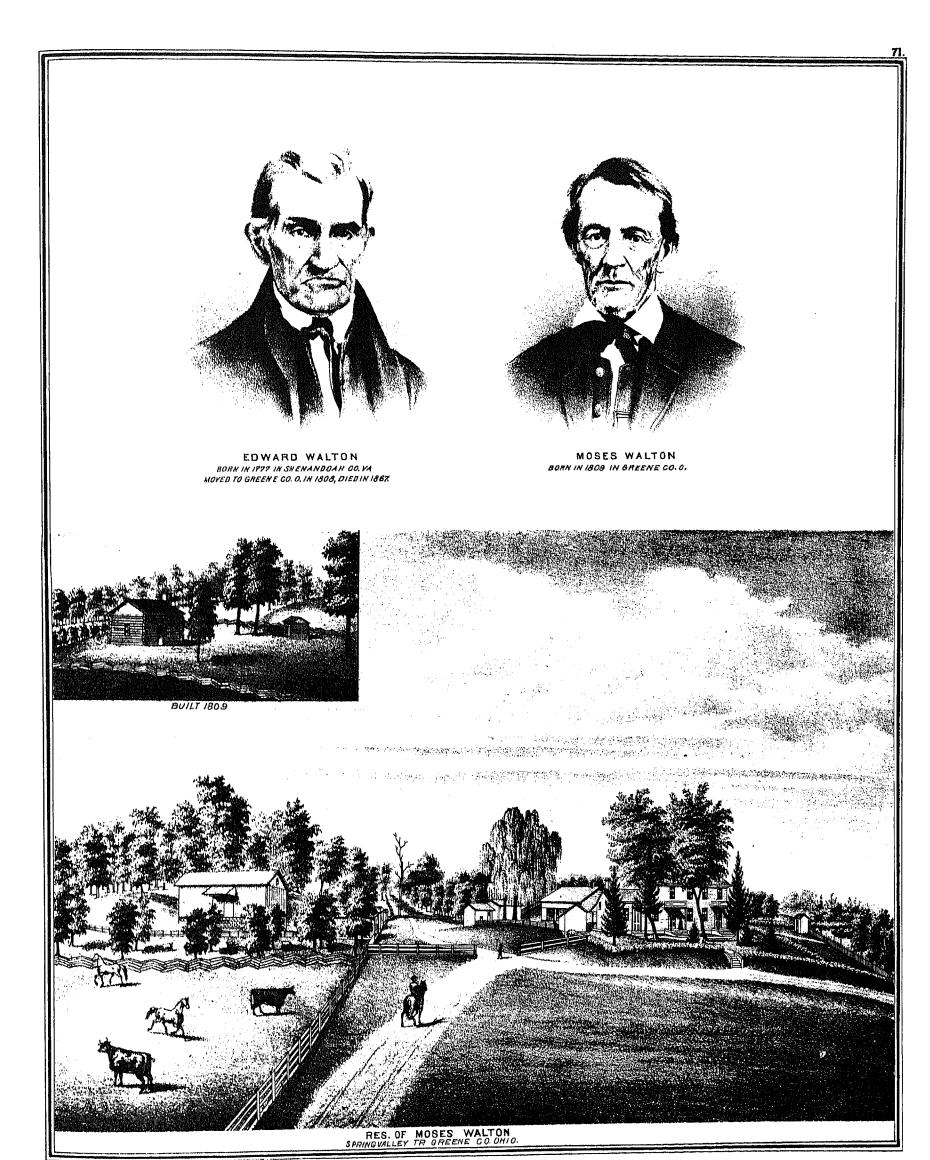


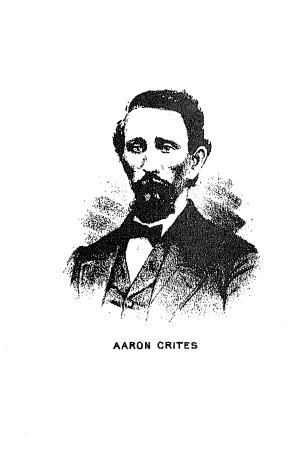


RES. OF SARAH S. EVANS SPRING VALLEY TR GREENE CO. O.



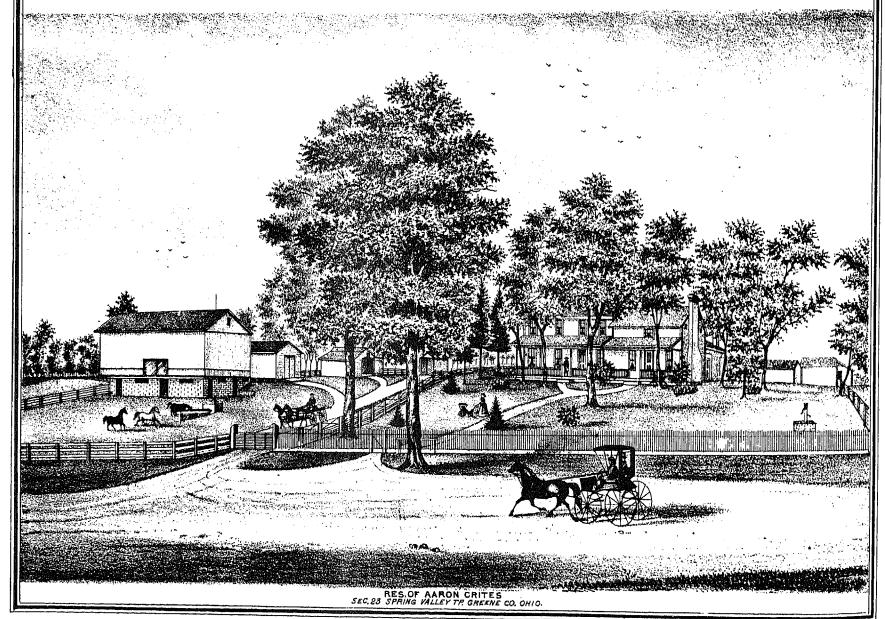


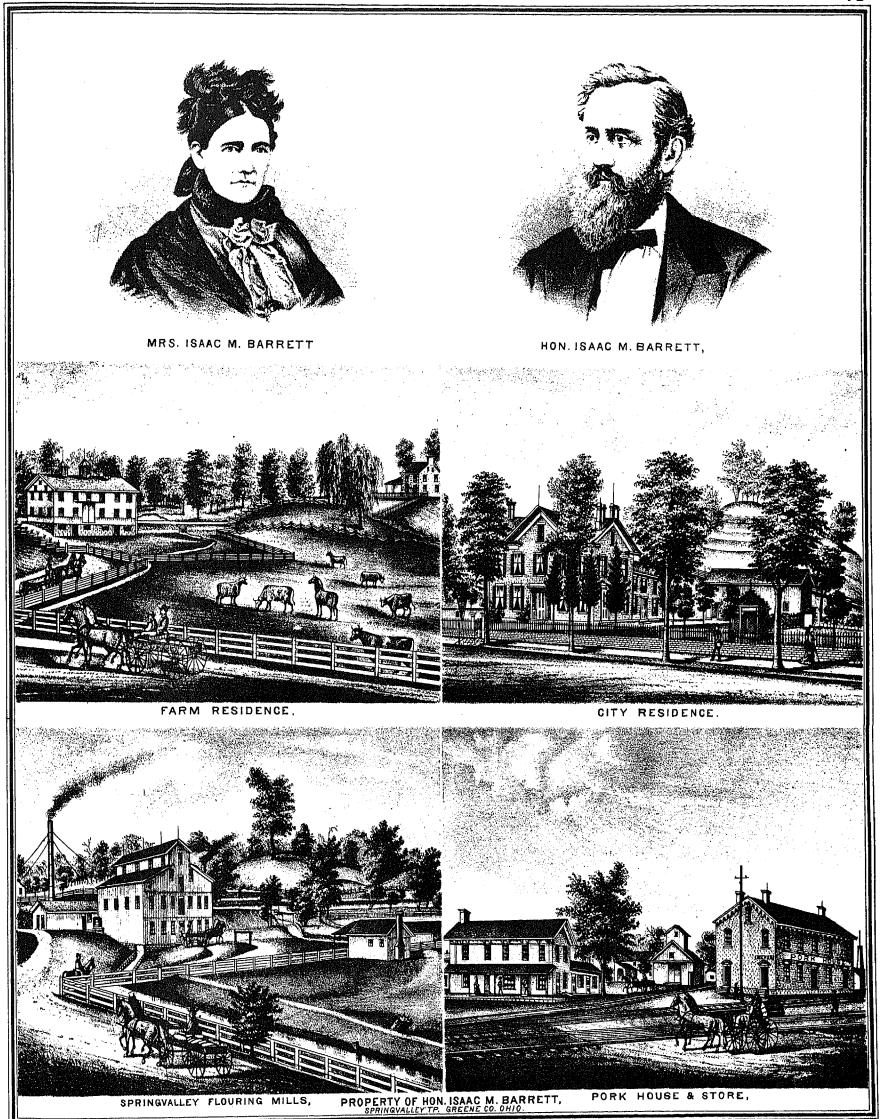


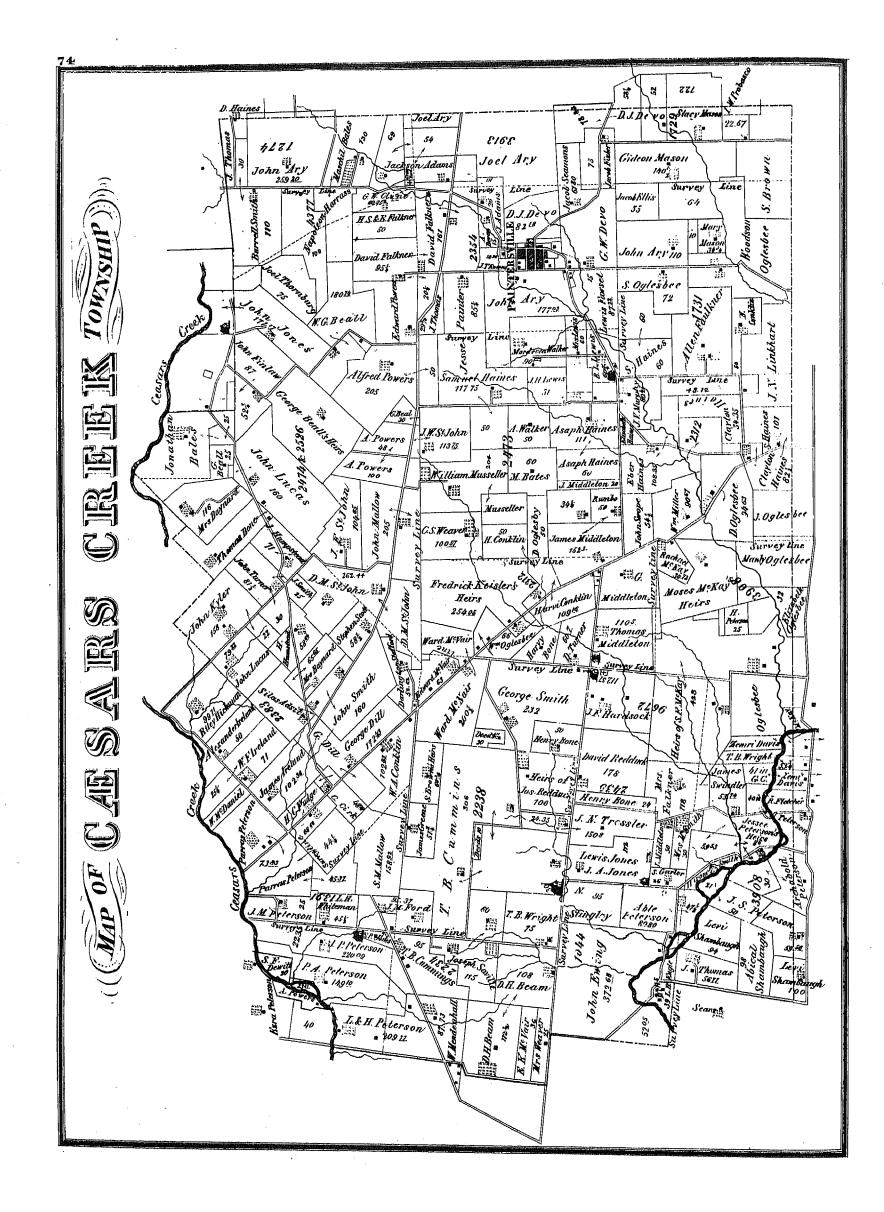


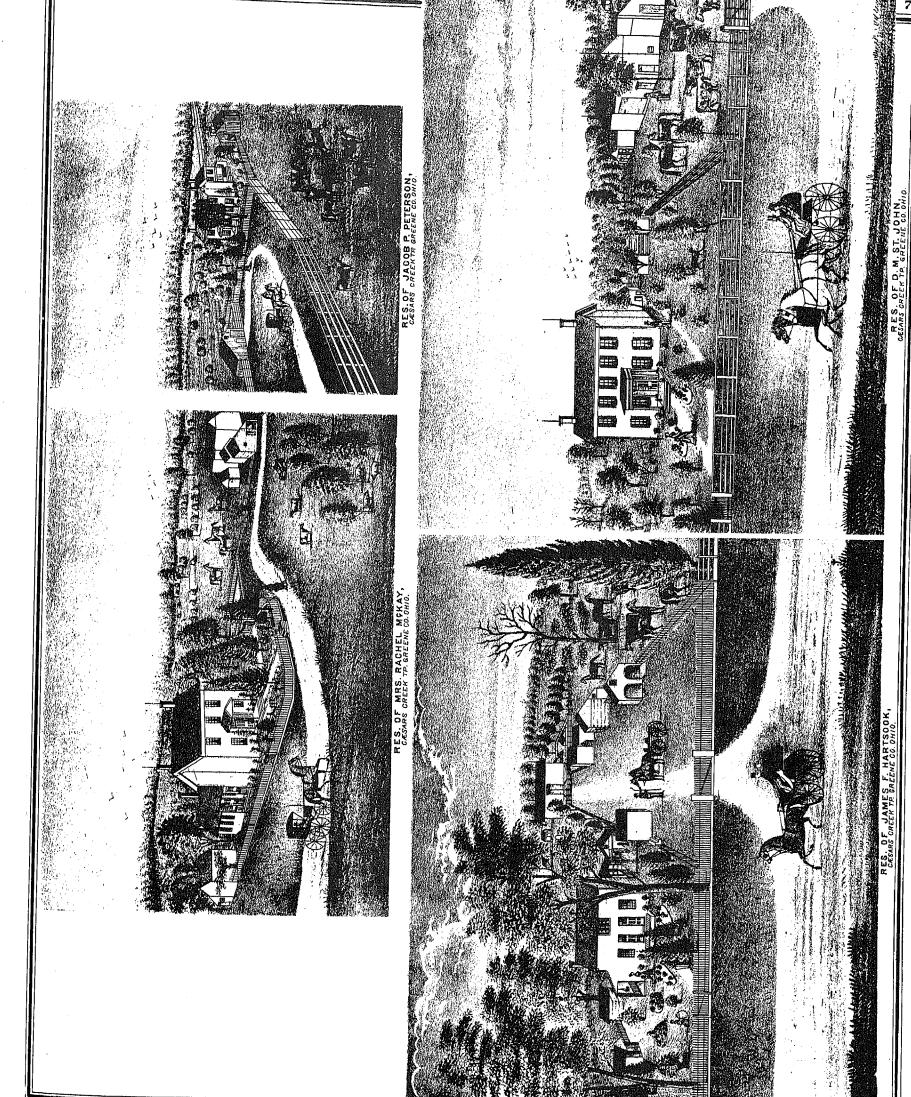


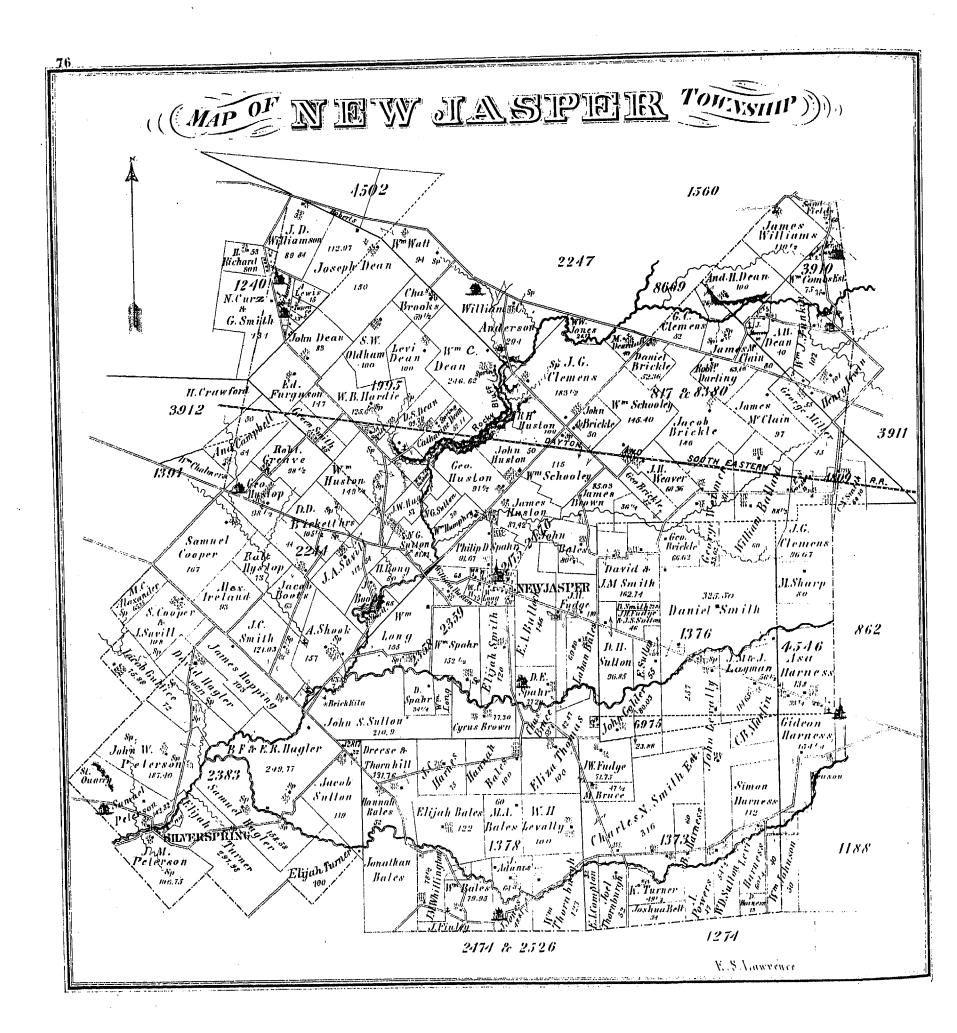
MARGARET E. CRITES

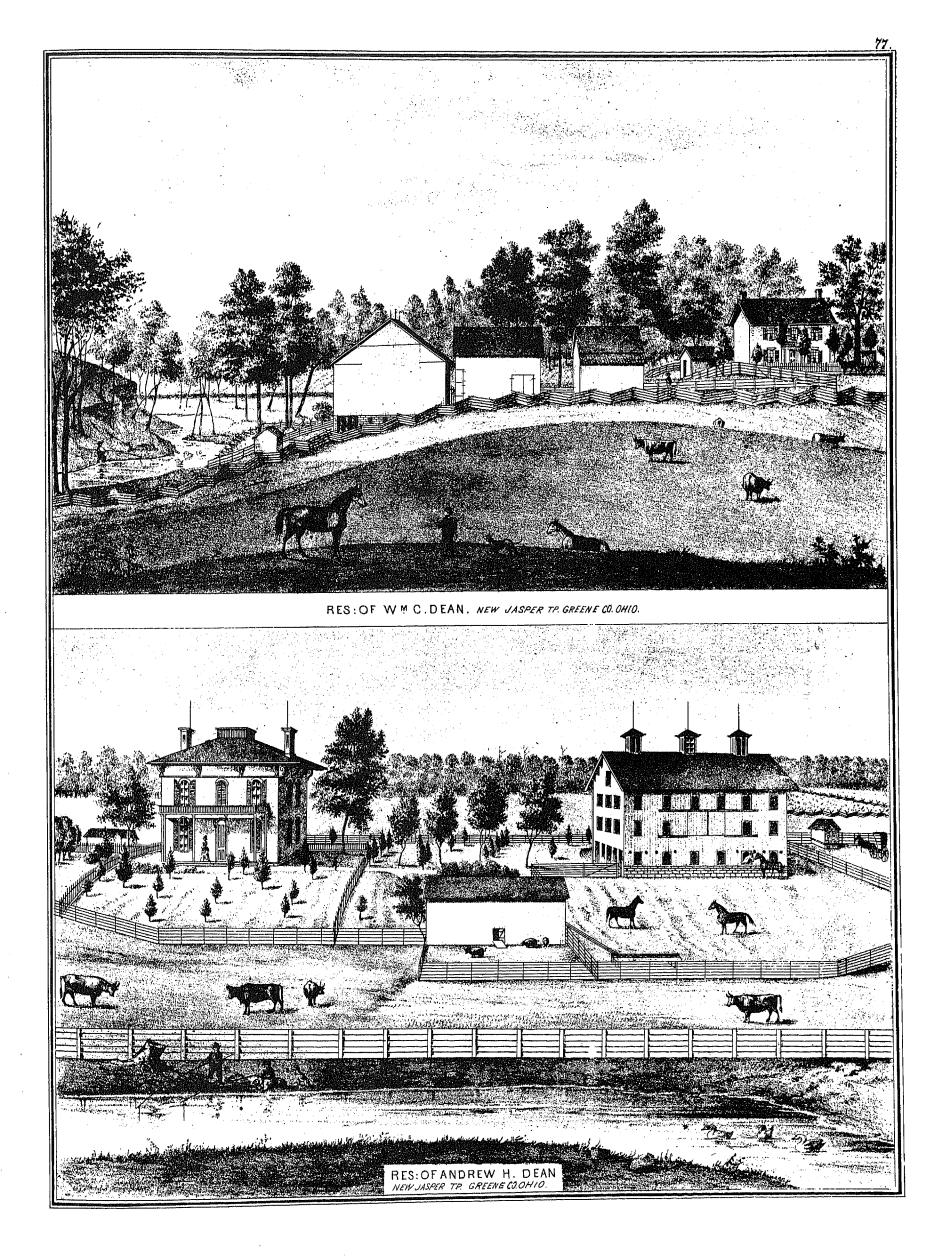


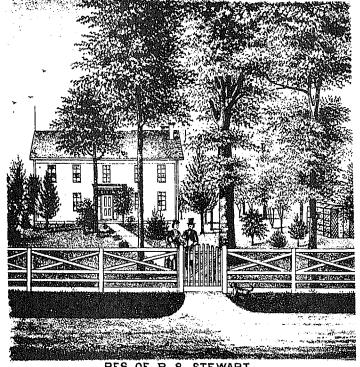


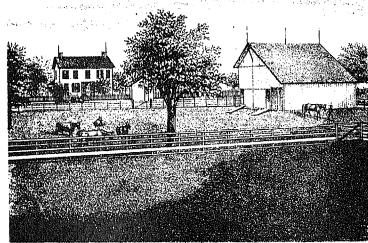


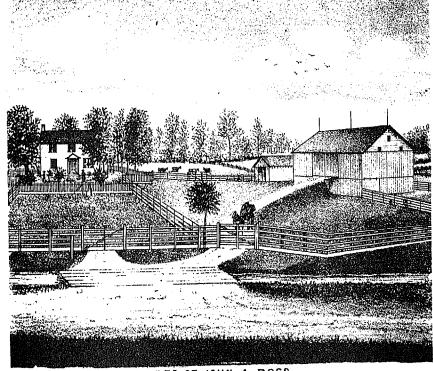




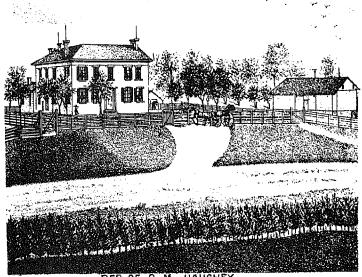


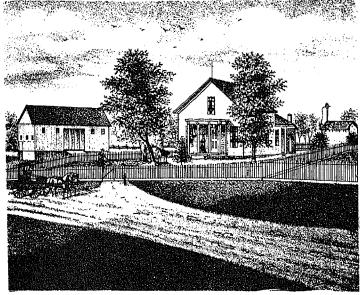


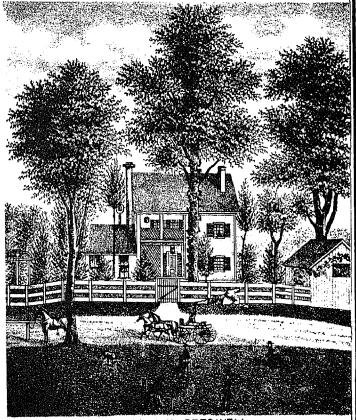




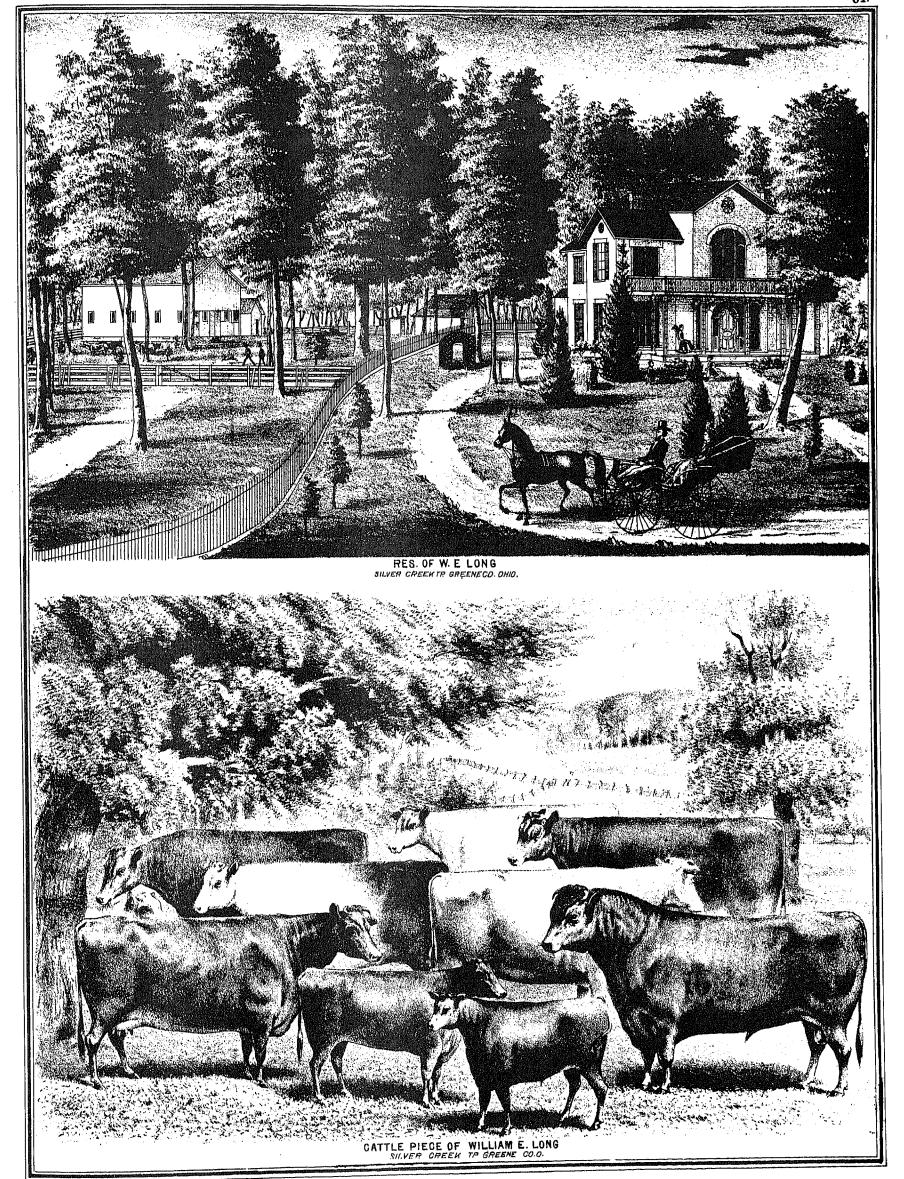
RES. OF JOHN A. ROSS JEFFERSON TR GREENE CO. O



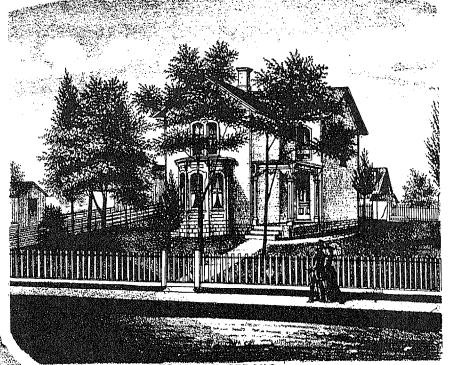


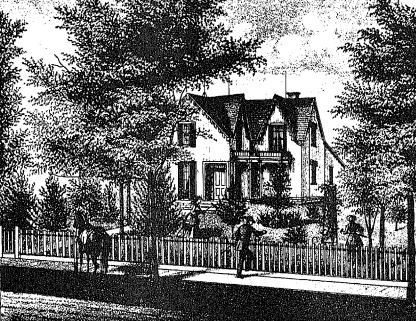


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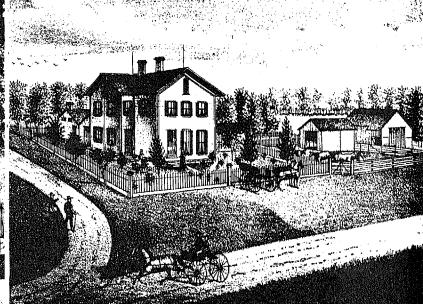


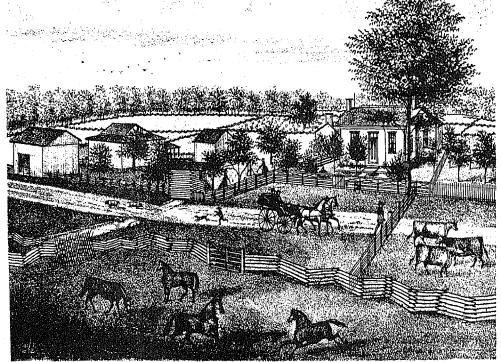






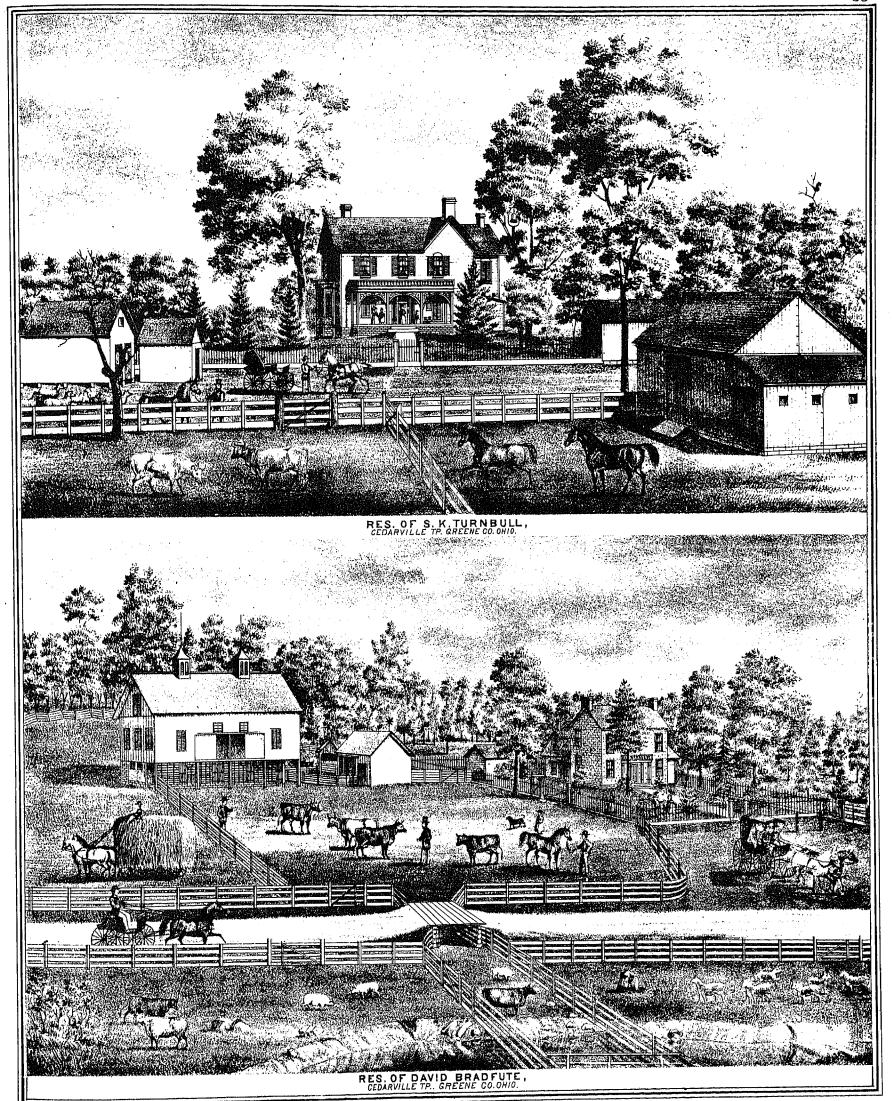
RES. OF JAMES SPENCER JAMESTOWN GREENE CO. OHIO.

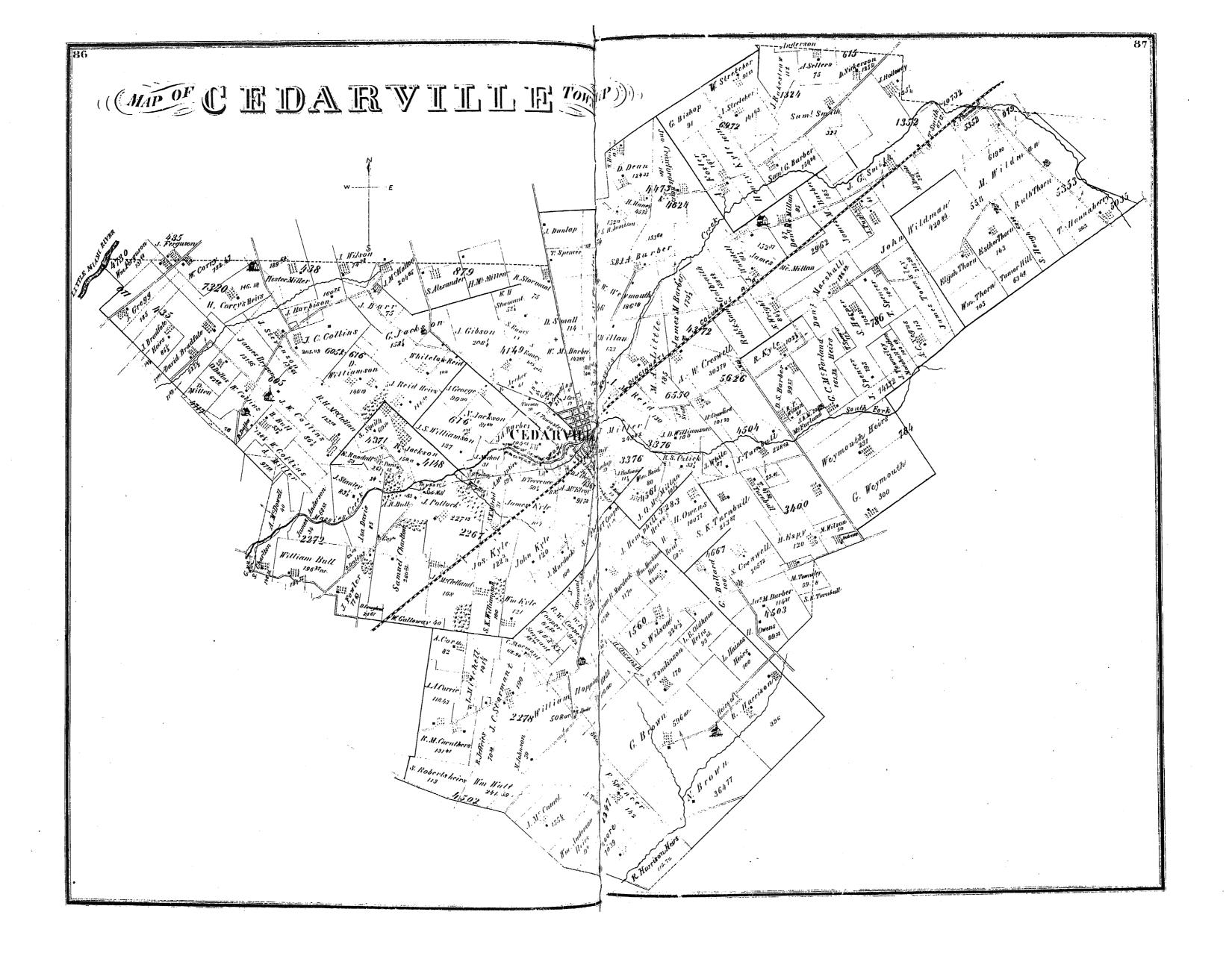


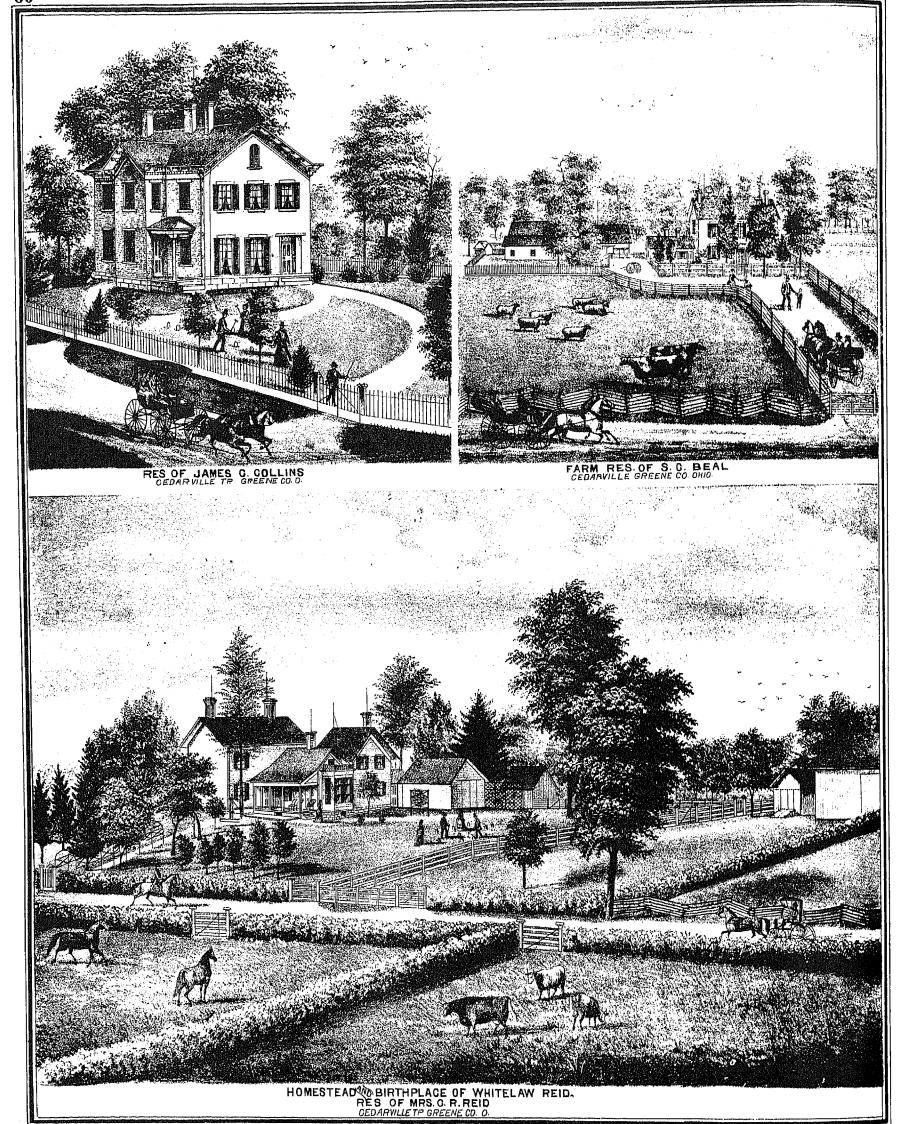


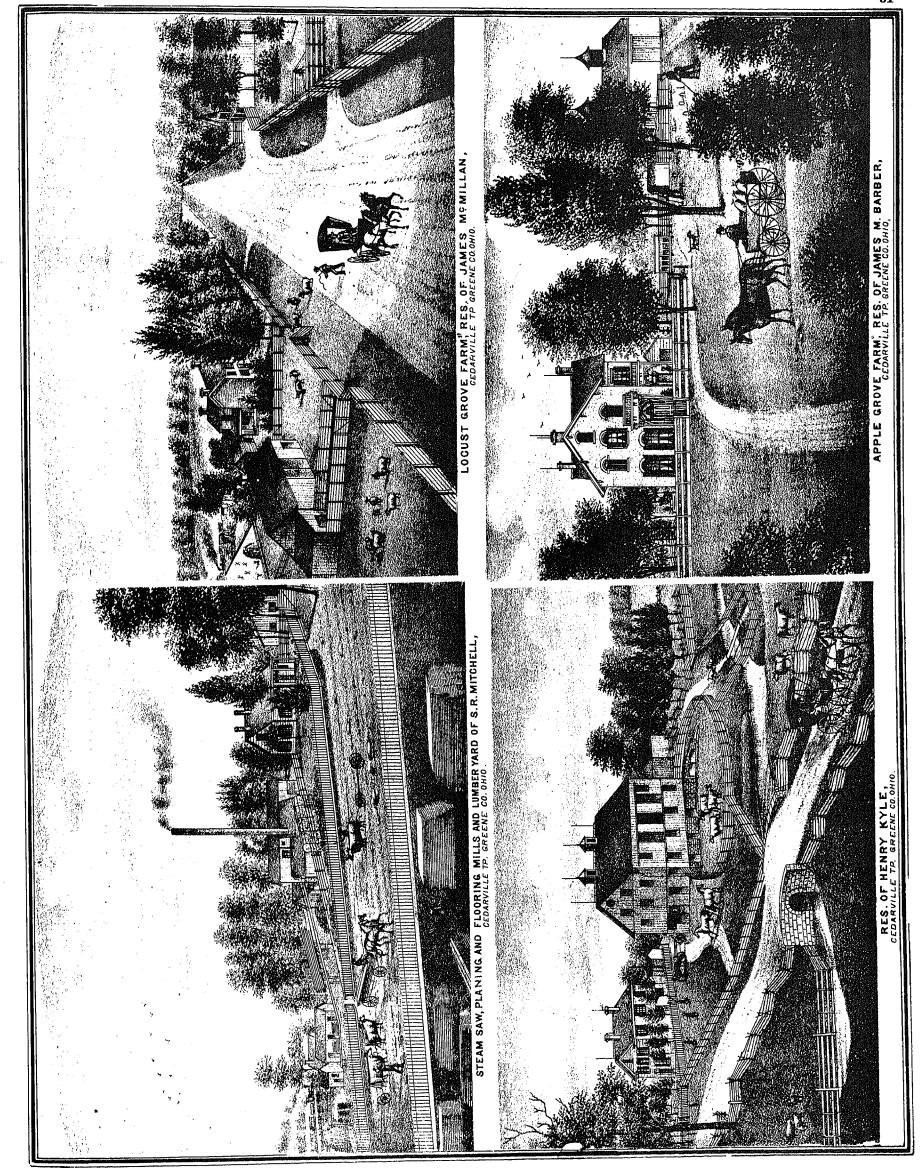
RES. OF W. B. HARDIE NEW JASPEP TP GREENE CO. O

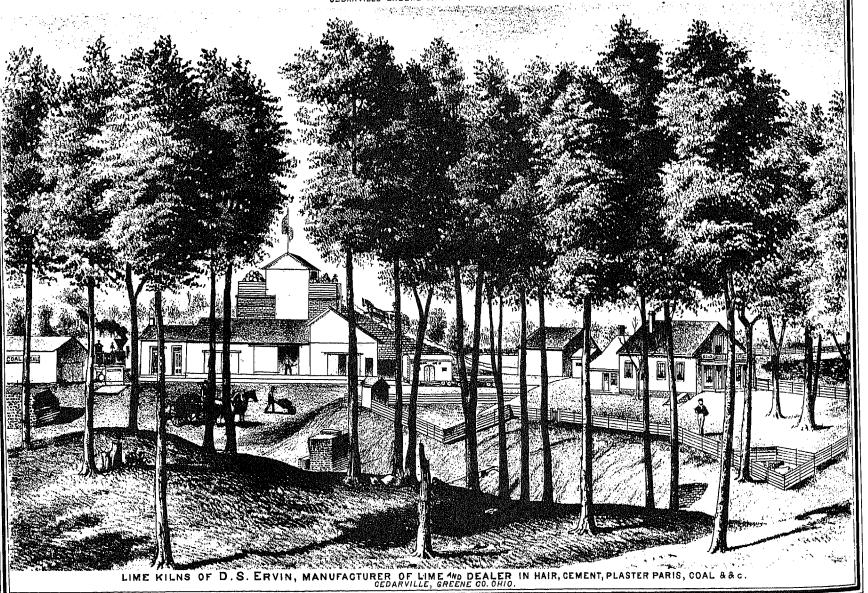


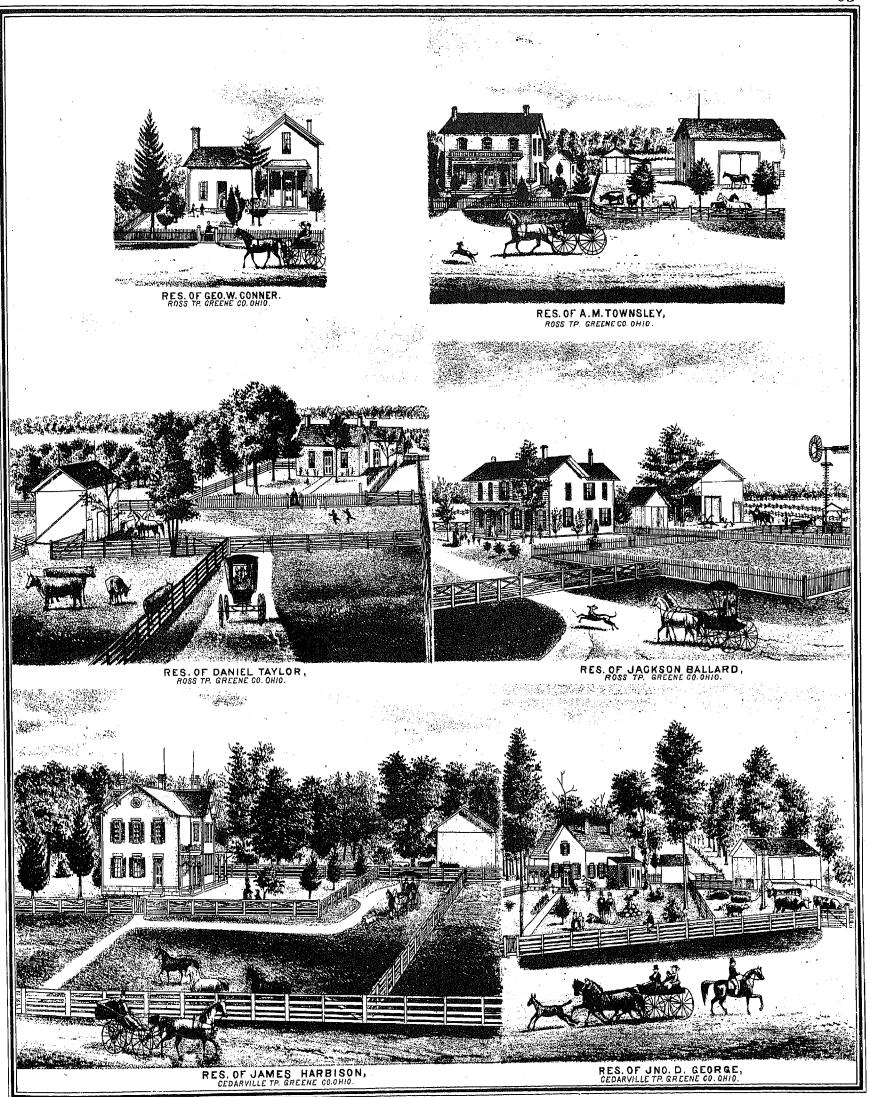


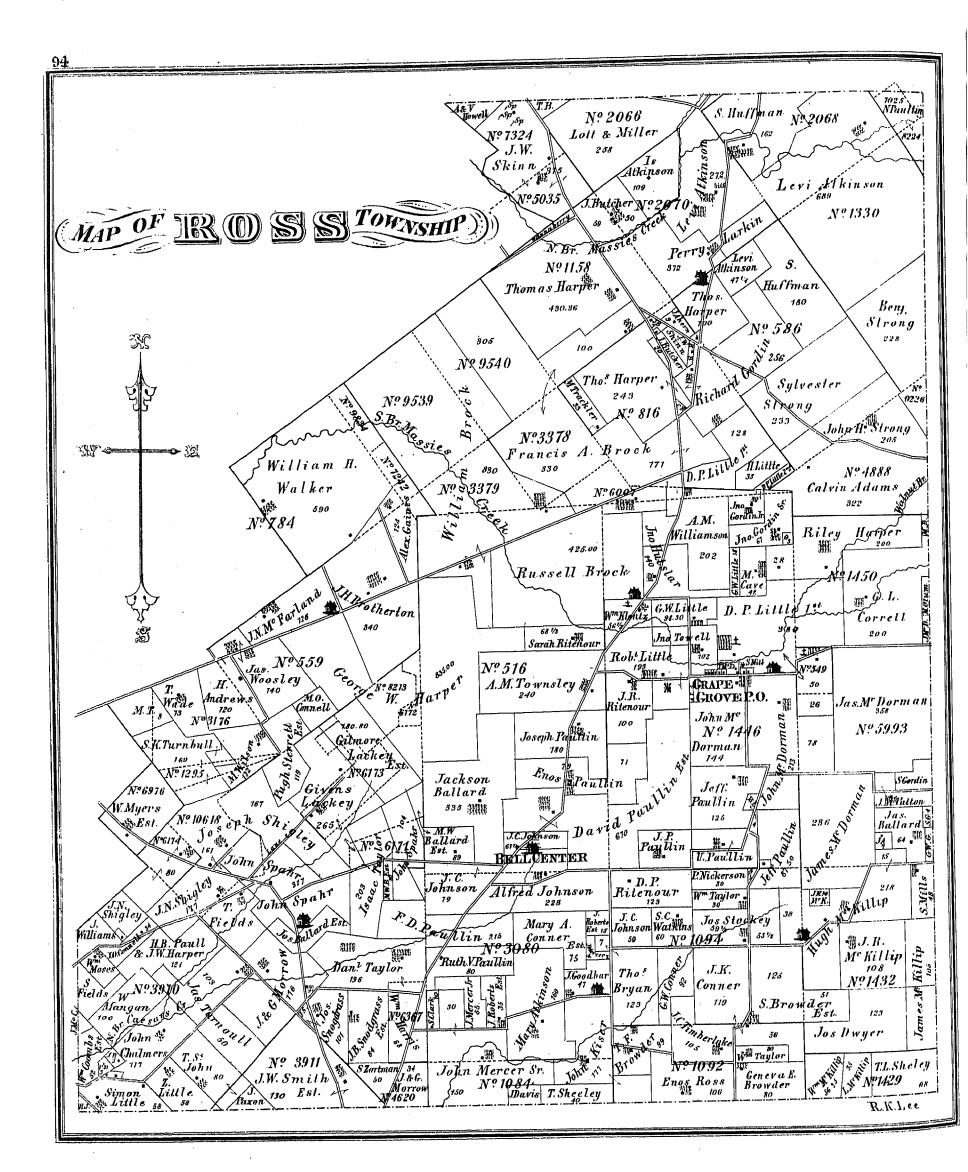


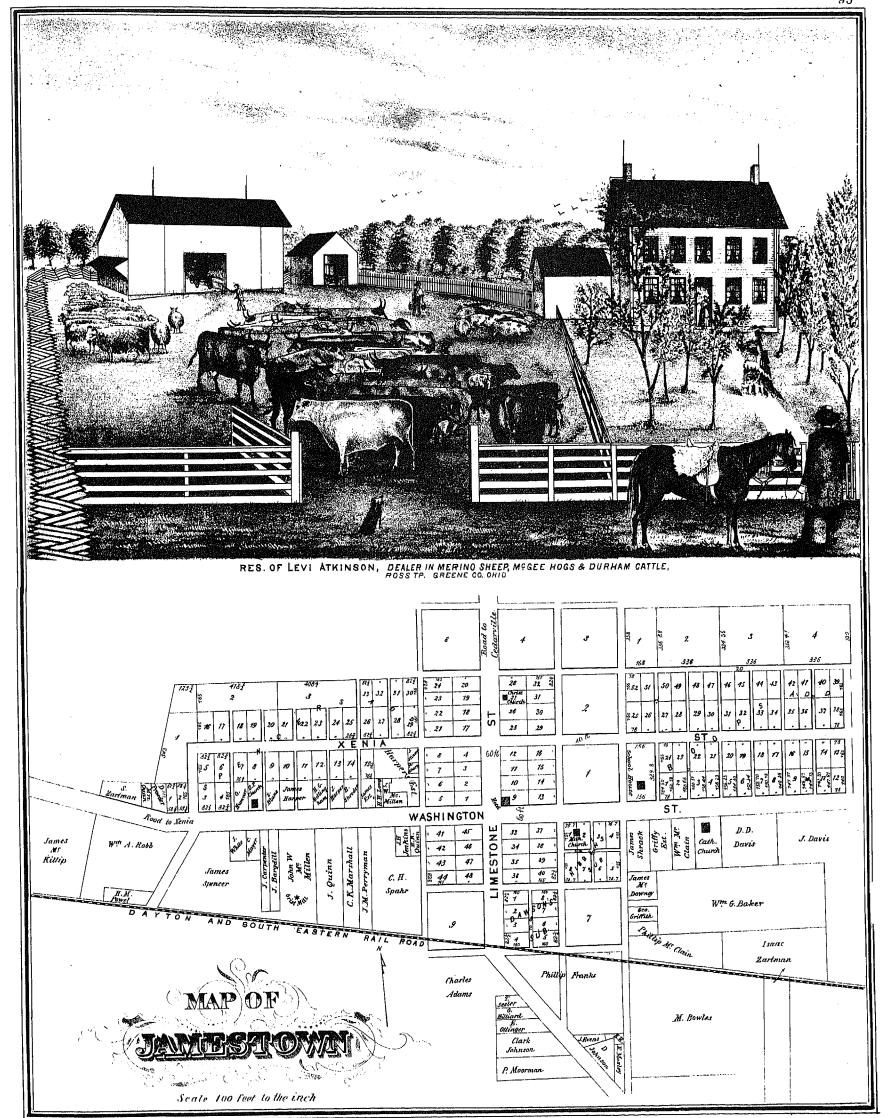












BUSINESS DIRECTORIES

OF THE

CITIES AND VILLAGES OF GREENE COUNTY,

GIVING NAMES, LOCATIONS, AND EXPLICIT DIRECTIONS OF BUSINESS OF OUR PATRONS.

MENIA CITY AND TOWNSHIP.

TAME,	DESCRIPTION OF BUSINESS.	LOCATION.	Bate of Settle- ment,	BATIVITY.	HAMB.	discription of Business,	LOCATION,	Date of Settle- ment,	HATIYET.
nkeny, J. S	Cashier Second National Bank		1828		Haughey, T. J	Civil engineer	Xonia	1880	
llison, S. M	Dry goods	11	1851 1860	Massachusetts.	Hicks, Henry	Dealer in boots, shoes, leather and findings Gun and locksmith	44 ************************************	1889	
llison, M. C	Wholesale grocer	4 *************************************			Honkins, F. G.	Carriage manufactory	4	1805 1805	Scotland. Ohio.
narew, H. M	Lumber dealer	4			Howard, L. D	Proprietor planing mill and building contractor	"	1859	10110.
llen, J. B	Retired	{f	1886		Hart, Wm. H	Carpenter and joiner	11	1867	Kentucky.
ubry, A. H	Ornamental fresco painter and paper hanger				Harding, Priscilla	Farming	4	1858	Virginia.
ilison, Samuel	Dealer in dry goods, etc	<u> </u>			Harding, G. W	**	"	1858	1 71
oall, Mrs. S. M	Farmer	(E,			Humphreys, J Hamill, J. R		"	1818	New York.
eall, Belle	# ************************************	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			Harner, Chas	tt	44	1828 1817	O. G. C. Ohio.
urrell, Albert	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	4			Harding, G. H	***************************************	41	1870	Virginia,
urrell, Mi	«	44	1825		Harner, D. S	(1	(4	1888	Ohio.
ankerd, Peter	#	4			Harner, Mrs		44	1842	- 11
ooth, Jos	Proprietor St. George's Hotel	4			Hawkins, D			1815	
errows & Co. J. T.	Stores tinwers and hardware. Fetablished 1980	16	1804	England.	Hadres Mrs V S	Farmer and carpenter[P. O. Alpha.	** ***********************************	1861	Maryland.
rown, Robt	Stoves, tinware, and hardware. Established 1869. Coal dealer	4		Scotland.	Hedges, Mrs. V. S., Hedges, J. W	fl ************************************	14 4.22222222222222222222222222222222222	1844 1842	Ohio,
aughman. A. Hl	[Retired	46	1829	Maryland.	Hork, Chas	" and brooder	**	1814	10
el), Geo. F	Farmer	ii			James, Mrs. Maria.	46	41	1867	- 44
Ker. D	IDonier in harness and saddles	"			James, J. M	## ***********************************	** ************************************	1807	-0
rnes & Bro	FarmerFurniture dealers. Established 1867	16	1829	Virginia.	Jackson, J. M Jobe, John H	***************************************	li	1828	44
erry, M	Carpenter and joiner	(1	1851	Ireland.	Jones, G. W	4 1	***************	1826	11
lackburn, J. R	Teacher	46			Ilalinkens, Wm. R	4	"	1818 1864	Virginia. Kentucky.
rown, J. E	Carpenter and builder	46	1844	Ohio.	Kine A	Donadon manufactures and masses ID A Co. Ct.	[1865	Connecticut
aughman, A. H	Retired	(f	1828		Lacever, J. W	Mayor of Xenia	tt	1868	Ohio,
onner, Fred k onner, Erastus	Farmer	II	1808 1827		MEGIOUS No. Titeresesses	17fukkibb	**	1860	44
onner. L. P	tt	4	1827		Kump Geo	Dealer in confectionery, toys, etc	11		Gormany.
onner. L. E	44	0	1852		Kyle, D. M	Boot and shoe maker	<u> </u>	1888	Pennsylvar
oper. W. R. M	Denuty State Grance Ohio		1846	Indiana.	Kinney. C	Attornov-st-lew	"	1811 1840	Ohio, New York.
ooner. J. Hl	Dry goods, sto	44	1854	Tennessee.	ll Kendall, Mrs. E!	Farming	(1	1040	South Caro
roy, J. U.,	Groceries and queensware	!!,	1841				" """"	1868	Ohio.
nwford, H	Farmer		1881 1881		Laughead, David	Farmer	(*	1818	O. G. C.
awford, Robt	Township Trustee	41	1001	Ireland.	Laughead, J. K Lawman, W. P	#		1815	1!!
mningham, T. P.	IA ITOTHAU-91-10 N	44			Ledbetter, C	#		1880	India.
sner, S. D	Fire and life insurance	44		н	Ledbetter, S. E	11	11	1820 1826	Maryland. Virginia.
Tritthars	I()roonries ata	44	1842		Linkhart & Bro's, O	ξ [‡]	11	1848	Ohio.
lling, Wm. H	Farmer				Lucas, J. B	£("	1841	i ii
llins, Josllins, J. W	44	4			Little, John	Attorney-General State of Ohlo		1887	и
rry, bilizabethi	(1 10) 100 100 101 101 101 101 101 101 10	44			Lucas T T	Dealer in marble and granite Stock broker		1858	Maryland.
nklin, Henry	# 12111 114200000000000000000000000000000	44			II 120 V(I . 12. 12	N'ormor		1868	Ohio.
tton & Bro's, Ol	{i	"	1859	Mississippi.			4	1860 1868	
oulter, Jas oulter, S	"	ff	1842	Ohio.	I Leabetter, J. m	N'armer		1826	Kentucky. Pennsylvan
honov (1 W	4 *************************************	<u> </u>	1845				41	1887	Virginia.
heney, G. W heney, N. E rawford, Alex	44	**	1850 1888			Carpenter		1858	11
rawford, Alex	14 10,100,1100,100,100,100,100,100,100,100	61	1881	Pennsylvania.	Miami Powder Co	Organizad 1956		1886	Ohio.
oliins, John	[]	"					" "	1882	G
onwell, J. D	H	44	1820		Millen, David	Pork packer	4 *************************************	1844	South Carol
rl, Samuel psey, P	(1				Matthewman, H. S.	Pork packer	44	1864	Canada We
odda. Geo	Marble and granite dealer	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					4		Ohlo.
Camp, A. L	Dentist	44	1878	Ohio.	Martin, Isaac	Carpenter and Dullger		1844	Pennsylvan
allas, Wilson	Farmer	44	1878	1		***************************************	4	1886	Ohio.
81i, J. S	()	44	1868	11	Maxwell, J. C	Proprietor of grocery and provision store	11	1850 1888	Ireland. Ohto.
oogan, James	(1	#	1849	Ireland.	Moore & Watt	Merchant tailors and clothiers. Organized 1859.	11	1000	Onio.
onthett, Jonathan wnes, Michael	" and nurseryman		1847 1878	Pennsylvania.	Munger, E. H	Attorney-at-law	11	1849	14
llis, S. H	(**************************************	44	1848	Ireland.	Moconnaughey, D.	Farmer and dealer in leather	11	1827	11
rev. Jno	11	**	1840	Maryland.	McClellen W. E	(4	11 "	1812	
iring, John, Sr	1¢	"	1812	Kentucky.	McDonald, Wilford	44	4	1825 1801	Tennessee.
ring, John, Sr tring, Wm tz, Paul	ii and good on on	#	1855	ا " " ا	McDonald, Mrs. E A	44	46	1854	Virginia.
eming, E. C	Druggist	"	1850	Germany.	McDonald, C. W	Farmer and dealer in leather	14		Ohio.
eming, J. B	Hardware and stove dealer	(I	1808	rennsylvania.	McCarty, Jas		44		Pennsylvar
azer, A. S	County Auditor	14	1848	Ohio.	Neshitt. G T.	Jamantar and Jainan	"	1818	Ohlo.
X, D. W	Dealer in groceries and queensware	"	1867	-11	Nash, J. R.	Farmor	"		
		144444444444444444444444444444444444444	70.40	(Germany,				1828	O. G. U.
atter. Philis	Blacksmith and wagon maker		1848	Ohio.	North, Wm. M	44 ************************************	"	1882 1881	1 "
y, Jos. F	" L. Yellow Springs.		1887		Newton, 8	Dealer in books, wall paper, pleture frames, etc	"	1840	Ohio.
rrell, Henry	Wholesale and retail dealer in groceries & liquors.	11		Virginia. Ireland.	Nichole F C	Hardware and agricul. imp's. Organized 1870		*****	1
			1878	Massachusetts.	Norrie W	Insurance agent	"	1888	Now York.
		4	1827				4 *************************************	1858	Maryland.
llowny W. H	Sheriff of County	"	1887	Ohio.			11		Ohio.
lloway, Wash'n.	Retired		1821	111	Patterson, T. E	" Pres. Wilberforce Coll. & Bishop A. M. E. Church.	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	1807 1868	Virginia. Ohio.
			1810	1 11			(1	1856	South Caro
OG . D. P	Pive Point grosery		1840 1861	"				1800	Virginia.
ILICU, albucherenter .	Parmer	46	1880	Virginia.			"	*** ***	, "
ltice, Nancy	Probate Judge	"	1828	Ohio.	Paxson. W	Attorney-at-law	"	1818	Ohio.
rper, J. W	Probate Judge	"	1884	Virginia.				1861	."
		16	1810	Maryland.				1805	Maryland.
wes & Sahin	Attorneys at law Organized 1970	" " """"	1855				11	1850 1858	Ohio. Pennaylyan
llencamp & Bro's	Dealer in grain, flour, and feed		******				***************************************		Ohio.
ines I.	Real estate and insurance agent		1000			Farmer	11 3		ο. G. σ.
	Dealers in stoves, hardware, and agricul. imp's	** ************************************					44		

XENIA CITY AND TOWNSHIP-Continued.

SANK.	DESCRIPTION OF BUSINESS.	LOCATION.	Date of Settle- ment,	HATIVITY.	NAMB.	DESCRIPTION OF BUSINESS.	LOCATION.	Date of Settle- ment,	MATIVITY.
Richardson, R. E Rust, J. G Roberts, M. W Robinson, G. F Stevenson, Robi. Stewart, D. M Stewart, D. M Sinnes, Marshall. Smith, Honry Simons, J. A Shipley, F. M	Livory, feed, and sale stable	11	1846 1849 1824 1838 1823 1840 1840 1840	Ohio. N. Carolina.	Scurry, J. C	Farmer " " Carriago maker. Painter and day laborer. Morchant. Manufacturer of agricultural implements. Contractor and builder. Farmer. " " [P. O. Yellow Springs."	#	1814 1868 1829 1868 1868 1817 1886 1865 1887 1860 1853 1863	O. G. C. Tonnessee. Ohio. W. Carolina. Ohio. Gennsylvania. Ohio. South Carolina Ohio. South Carolina
Scroggy, Thos. E Sinz, B Soward, A Stark, A. W Smith, Rev. David. Swadener, Owen Stevenson, S. N	Attorney-at-law and City Clerk Baker and confectioner Dealer in musical instruments Dalrying and farming Minister. Farmer	"	1858 1844 1816 1851 1835 1816	Austria. Ohio. Austria. Ohio. 44 44	Woodrow, John Wilson, G. S Winans, J. J Watt, Geo Watt, J. S	Horticulturist. Furmer. Attorney-at-law Dentist and physician. Physician and surgeon. Farmer.	"	1806 1819 1820 1870 1816	England. Ohio. Kentucky. Ohio. '' Virginia.

YELLOW SPRINGS VILLAGE, AND MIAMI TOWNSHIP.

namn,	DESCRIPTION OF BUSINESS.	POST-OFFICE ADDRESS.	Date of Seitle- ment,	HATIVITY.	ATRI'	description of business.	POST-OFFICE ADDRESS.	Date of Settle- ment,	NATIVITY.
Anderson, C. B	Farmor	Yellow Springs	1866	Ohio.		************************			Pennsylvania.
Anderson, J. B	·		1806	**	Hamma, E	***************************************			Ohio.
Alexander, S. M	⁽¹ ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		1881	11	Iliff, D. B	Paper maker	Olifton	1884	} .
Adams, J. G. G	4	Yellow Springs	1861	"	Jones, D. T	Dentist	Yollow Springs	1886	1 ",
Barlow, A. N	Pastor Oldtown Circuit		1808	New York		Farmer and Sec. of Priomi Grange No. 44		1847 1849	;;
	Farmer		1857	Ireland.		"		1848	l "
Buck, Wm			1867	Pennsylvania.	Jobe, D. A	" and blacksmith		1816	l ;;
Bradfute, J. R	**	"	1888	Ohio.	Jacoby, J. H	Farmer	Valley Springs	1853	Maryland.
Baker, Dan		***********	1889	;;	J 80008, A	Retired	t cut & chunga	1857	Mossachusotts.
Brewer, W. H	"	T 11	1826	;;	Eine D. C.	Proprietor Yellow Springs Hotel	"	1878	Ohio.
Barnott, Levi		1 oflow Springs	1884	Pennsylvania.	King, D. C	Carpenter and joiner	Clifton	1888	11
Brison, Jas		Aenia	1812		Lutto W H	Ourpenter and Joiner	Vallow Springs	1865	16
Bull, J. R	11	G 01-41	1861	Ohio,	Town D B	Merchant tailor	Tought Dhunganin	1869	Scotland.
Beal, Aaron		Cite on	1868	Dannania ania	Littleton V B	Paper maker	Clifton		Virginia.
	Farming		1867	Ohio.	Lutle F R	the transfer the state of the s	11	1854	New York.
Olark, W. B	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	4	1850	0110,		Farmer		1865	Ohio.
Confarr, C. E	Blacksmith			Maryland.	Los Wm	Farming	Yellow Springs	1854	ii
Collins, A	Plasterer	1 6110 W Springs		Ohio.	Lon J	**		1816	14
Conkin, W. H	Editor of " Ledger"	11		Virginia.	Loo. Mrs. J.			1822	11
Currie, Est. D. A		******	1889	New York.	Mills, Indea W	Dir. in real estate and founder of Yellow Springs.	Chicago, Ill	1827	Connecticut.
Currie, Mrs. A. H.	Farming		1821	110# 1011.	Mcek. J. M	Pastor Baptist Church	Yellow Springs	1871	Virginia.
Cooley, Will	Ta	Vollow Springs		Maryland.	Mann. W. D	Carnenter and joiner	! " ,,,,,,		Michigan.
Confer, W. C	Farmer and carpenter	Tonow Dinings	1885	irai yimia.	Miller. A	Farmer	Clifton	1866	Canada.
Confer, Geo	Farming	41	1804	Pennsylvania.	McHatton, Inc	46	41	1820	Ohio,
		"	1864	Ohio.	Miller, Jas				
Connor, David	Farmer	Clifton	1871	11 /	Martin, F. P	Lawver	Yellow Springs		Kentucky.
Punaton, J. D.	Refiler	4	1808	.00	Mondenhall, S	Miller	Clifton		Virginia.
Ferguson, I. A		Gos Station	1841	u		Farmer			Ohio.
Firguson, I. A	Farming	Yellow Springs	1812	Maryland.	Protzman, Wm	Physician	"	1862	1
Eluttor, Ellushoth	(I		1829	Virginia.	Ridgway, Chas	Druggist	"	1860	11
Pinner M	Carpenter and joiner		1817	Ohio.	Record, Dorn F	Teacher		1851	"
Caddia Roy M P	Author and publisher	41	1865	Pennsylvania.	Roads, J. W	Miller	***************************************	1838	P
Gardinan H H	Booksoller		1855		Rife, John	Farmer	Clifton		Pennsylvania.
Groom J R	Livery	"	1868	Kentucky.	Sroufe, A. W	Laborer and justice	Tellow Springs	1880	Ohio, England,
Gardner S M	Shoomaker	Olifton	1871	1 "	Saberton, S. S	Farmer		1865	Ohio.
Grindle Issue	Marchant			Ohio.	Sroufe, Sylvester	Carpenter and joiner	Unition	1887	Omo.
Grinnell, R. J	Miller	Yellow Springs	1855		Shafer, Jerry	Paper maker	11		
Grinnavin, R	Farmer	4	1872		Shigley, B. F	Farmer	41 (************************************		11
Hirst. T. C	Druggist		1855		Stewart, E. R	Miller		1861	Virginia.
Hirst. J. J.	1	"	1855	Ohio.	Bwigert, D. W	Blacksmith	Tenow plums	1872	, g
Hamilton, W	. Attorney-at-law and justice	'	1845		Thomas, Wm	Farmer	Ciliton	1864	Ohio.
Honkins Bro's	Morchants		1856	Rhode Island.	Ulrich, Wm	Professor of Greek, Antioch College		1858	
Hainer, Frank	. Baker and confectioner	"	1842		weston, Prot. J. B	Banker	I diow phrings	1886	Virginia.
Hausel, Jno	. Bricklayer and stone mason	"	1857	Ohio.	W 1180n, J. 15	Engineer			
Hume, Kate	. Dressmaker	1 11	1858		Wilson, W. H	Engineer	(1	1825	41
Huchisan J B	Farmer	''	1882	Pennsylvania.	Wilson, Baran B	Farmer		4001	Virginia.
Hazen, W. L			1847	Ohio.	WY 1150H, JRCOD	L'AFIRGE	Vellow Springs		Ohio.
TT 1-1 12 13		Clifton	1826		w narton, Elizabeti	1	t chow Springaring	1851	
Hvde, J. K	Morchant	Yellow Springs	1852	New York.	Wharton, Thos Wise, Jacob	***************************************		4001	Pennsylvania.
	135	Htation	. 1865	urennsvivania.	" W ISB. J SCOD	•1 ,	1	,	

CEDARVILLE VILLAGE AND TOWNSHIP.

Barber, Jas. M. Farmer and stock raisor Codarville 1827 Colling Farmer Codarville 1827 Farmer Farmer	HAMB.	DESCRIPTION OF BUSINESS.	POST-OFFICE ADDRESS.	Date of Settle- ment.	KATIVITY,	BAMB.	DESCRIPTION OF BUSINESS.	POST-OFFICE ADDRESS.	Date of Solite- ment.	HATIVITY,
Crawford, J. H.	Barber, Jas. M	d stock raiser	Cedarville Xonia Cedarville Yellow Springs Xenia Cedurville Yellow Springs Cedurville	1822 1827 1835 1818 1828 1828 1832 1835 1840 1896 1827 1871 1881 1886 1816 1816 1816 1818 1856 1816 181	Virginia. Ohio, "" "" "" "" "" "" "" "" "" "" "" "" "	Johnson, H. Jameson, John Jeffryes, J. Joffryes, M. Joffryes, M. Jockson, H. P. Jackson, Naney. Kyle, Honry Kyle, Roland Little, Mrs. M. A. Little, Rob't. Morton, J. F. McMillan, J. Q. McCollum, J. S. McMillan, J. S. McMillan, J. J. Marshall, D. H. McElroy, A. J. McMillan, H. H. Murdock, John McAftee, J. McIntyre, And. Murdock, Rob't. Miller, J. B. & W. T. Nesbit, Sam'l. Nesbit, Sam'l. Nickerson, D. A. Nickerson, D. A.	Grocery and provisions. Farmer. Wholesale and retail furniture dealer. Furniture manufacturer. Clergyman. Farming. Farming. " Glergyman R. P. Church. Farmer. " " and breeder of fine sheep. " and auctioneer. " and stock dealer. " " Retired farmer. Farmers. Grocer. Farmer. Lime burner and farmer.	Yellow Springs Cedarvillo	1842 1818 1838 1836 1819 1837 1837 1831 1832 1803 1832 1832 1854 1854 1854 1854 1857 1857 1859 1859 1859 1859 1859 1859 1859	"Yirginia. Ohio. "Bennsylvania. Ohio. "South Carolina " Tennessee. South Carolina Ohio. " South Carolina Ohio. " South Carolina Ohio. " Iroland. Ohio. Jiroland. Ohio. South Carolina Ohio. Iroland. Ohio. South Carolina

98	EDARVILLE	AILI	C. A	Z 49 4	AND	TOWNSHIP-C	ontinued	.e Date of	1
ATAN	DESCRIPTION OF BURINESS.		Date of Settle- ment.	, WATIVITY.	NAMB,	description of business,	POST-OFFICE ADDRESS.	Bettle- ment	BATIVITY.
Reif, Jno. Pr Reid, W. R. Fa Reid, W. R. Fa Reid, Hannah Reid, Hannah Reid, J. H. Ranoy, Hugh Reid, B. F. Smith, J. G. Stormont, John Stormont, John Stormont, John Stormont, Jno. C. Stormont, Jno. C. Stormont, A. E. Smith, A. E. Smith, Sam'l	arming roprietor hotel and livery stable '' '' '' '' '' '' '' '' ''	Selma, Olarko Co	1855 1884 1827 1881 1886 1882 1882 1888 1881 1884 1845	Germány. Ohio. "Bouth Carolina Ohio. "" Virginia. South Carolina "" Ohio. "" "" "" "" "" "" "" "" "" "" "" "" ""	Turnbull, Jno Townsley, Jns Townsley, Jss Townsley, J. N Tarbox, B. N Tarbox, J. M Turnbull, Alex Turnbull, Thos Ustick, R. S.	Sawyer and carpenter. Farmer and stock dealer. Merchant. Farmer: and stock dealer. " and stock dealer. " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " "	Selma, Clarko Co Godarville	1814 1801 1840 1818 1848 1849 1888 1848 1860 1850 1850 1860 1850 1846	Maine. Ohio. '' '' '' Virginia. Ohio. '' Ireland.

TOWNSHIP PERSONALS AND DIRECTORIES

OF

GREENE COUNTY,

GIVING NAMES AND LOCATIONS OF PRINCIPAL PRODUCERS, ETC., IN THE YEAR 1874, WHO PATRONIZE THIS WORK.

BATH TOWNSHIP.

PANE.	LOOATION.	Date of Settle-	MATEVITT.	Post-Office Address.	DESCRIPTION OF BUSINESS.	name.	LOCATION,	Date of Beills- ment.	' HATIVITY,	Post-Office Address, .	
	<u></u> .	meni.			20 1 2 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	Kauffman, C. & J	Ochorn		Panusylvania	Oshorn	Dealers in groceries.
	Osborn	1802	Ponnsylvania	Osborn		Kneisly, Daniel		1828	Z CHIRDY I VICTORIA	Fairfield	Farmer.
exander, A		1867			Ben'i dealer in coniec'y, iruia, cid.	Kindig, Jno	***************************************	1864	16	Byron	11
drews, Jas		1805 1854	Ohio	Osborn	General cooperage.	Kelfer, Jas		1880	Maryland	Fairfield	Retired farmer.
ars, Cornelius	4		Ohio	OBDOTH	Druggist.	Light, S. B	"	1801	Ohlo	Osborn	Mayor and postmaster. Dealer in books and stationery.
ggott, Chas. L	***************************************	1818	(i	"	Retired farmer.	Light, P. B	4	1874	11	Н	Dealer in books and stationery.
ake, A	(4		New Jersey		Cabinet maker.	Latourette, P. H		1808		4	Tinware, tin roofing, house spot Farmer and teacher. [ing, e
ooks, Wm	(4		Virginia	*********	Proprietor Osborn livery stable.	Lantz, J. L		1997	(1 (1)111111111111111111111111111111111	Fairfield	Farmer and teacher. [ing, e
ringer, J. H	16 (141111111111111111111111111111111111	1854	Ohio		Justice of the peace.	Massey, S. W		1854	New York	Osborn	Gen'l morchandise and lum. deal
gott, M. V	16	1827	01110	Wairfald	Dealer in fruit, trees, etc.	Massey, J. B		1800	1 41		16 6 11 15 15
gs, Jas		1868	14	ti	Pastor Methodist Episcopal Church.	Muselman, Jac	Oshorn	1870	Pennsylvania	11 .,,,,,,,,	Proprietor Oaborn House.
nner, Geo. H	11 ************************************	1871	"		Proprietor Exchange House.	Mussor, H. S	(1 ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	1854	, ii .,	tr	Dealer in harness, saddles, etc.
miler, Geo. II	14	1849	11		Farmer.	McNabb, L. C		1812	Kentucky	10	Retired farmer.
num, Jas. M dorf, R. G	(1	1846	"	Byron	Farmer.	Mussor, J. B	44	1854	Pennsylvania	11	Butcher and dealer in stock.
ter, M. W	******************************	1824	Kentucky	By ton	Retired farmer.	Musser, E		1885	Ohio	1 11	44 41 41 41
	************	1869	Ohio	Centreville	Togohar.	Miller, I	11	1858	Pennsylvania		Farmer.
with Trowns E 11	********************	1859	4	Osborn	Furmor [tinwara.	Moody, Jno. H		1001	X7 [market 15] as	Harmon	I Daniar in Daate and Bhas
vin & Babin			***************************************	0000111,	Dealers in hardware, stoves, and	Markley, W. A.		1800	Ohlő	1 11	Farmer. Attorney-at-law.
vin & Babin		1878			Dominio in materials acores and	Markley, J. M.		1869	11	Yellow Bu'es	Attorney-at-law.
vin, J. E t & Farlss	11				Bakery and confectionery.	Mitman Peter		1887		Fairfield.	Retired farmer.
		1849			Dakory and confectionery.	McFeely, Jno		1861	11	11	Farmer.
t, C. F	(1	1886	14	11	Farmer.	Mays. Isaac		1889	11	Harehmanvil	Rotired farmer.
, W. H	11		Virginia			Molter, Michael		1000	(3	Marked all 3	[44 44
nmins, W. H				*******	Triulatau	Norton, D. G		1909	Ohlo	11	Donler in fruit and ornamental tr
nmins, w. r	41 444414414444444444444444444444444444		Ohio	********	Minister.	Protzman, Jno. H.,		1960	D; C	Dahoen	Miller
t, Philip F			Maryland		Retired farmer.	Peters, D. E	OSOFIL	1000	Dannaulyania	ORDOTHA	Proprietor of Osbern nursery.
bin, Loo	******************	1870	Ohio	*******	Teacher.		#		Ohlo	1 111111111	Dlacksmith
	Village		Ireland		Section foreman on A. & G. W.R.R.	Rail, J. Lincon	(1 ++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++	1828	Manualand	;; ······	Retired farmer.
ambers, Robt			Ohio	********	Farmer.	Routzong, Honry	Johnson		Pennsylvania.	73-1-0-33	Managa incliner.
ambers, Eliz		::::::	<u> </u>		Farming.	10000, Peter		1888	Tours Anna	E WILLIOTO	rurmor.
st, Peter	Dayton	1828		Fairfield	Dealer in groseries, provisions, etc.	Routzong, Jno		1828	Maryland Oldo	D	1 11
oper, W. F		1871	"		Fire and life insurance agent.	Routzong, U. A		1854	Oing	Byron	::
ins, H. W		1885	44		Farmer.	Ragar, Jas. M	2	1851	" ""	Fairfield	
iger, Mary		1			Tailoress.	Spangler, A	Osborn	1800	Tounshingur	Osborn	Dry goods, groceries, etc.
inis, M. J		1818			Dealer in general merchandise.	Sabin, W. E			Ohio		
	Osborn	1878	Mussachusetts.	Osborn		Stabnear, F. M	11	1874	_"	11	Wagen maker.
sher, Jno	41	1871	Germany	!' _ ::::::::	Butcher.	Brochm' R		1864	New York	L. "	Douler in nursery stock.
	**	1817	Pennsylvania	Fairfield	Farmer.	Strobm, lanae		1841	Lenneylvunin.	Dayton	Farmer and Congressional Engr
elds, Jesso		1882	Ohio	Yellow Sp'ga	"	Berface, J. A		1842	11 .	Fairfield	ing Ole
ilton, Jas		1815	44	Fairfield	at .	Berface, Bimon		1844		. "	"
am, C. L	44	1870	I II	(Osborn		Btein, John		1882			"
		1825		Fairfield	Physician and surgeon.	Sliney, Adam		1864	Maryland		. "
oss, Jno		1888	Maryland	Byron	Farmer.	Bhupp, Isaac		1864	Pennsylvania.	4	. **
rgrave, B. F	"		Ohio	Dayton	Agent O. O. C. & I. B. R.	Stutsman, Owen		1867	Ohio	Xellow Bp'ga	i +f
rshman, H. P	()	1855	_ "	Osborn	Dry goods, groceries, etc.				B	Fairfield	j "
older, N. B	** *************		Massachusetts.	"	Dealer in drugs, paints, etc.	Bhrodes, Jas. H		1848	4		
estetter & Bro., E.	15	*****			Dealers in grain.	Bwadner, Albert		1845	1 44	. "	. 44
stetter, E		1849	Pennsylvania	*********	1	Smith, L. C	Oaborn	1867	Pennsylvania.	. Osborn	.1
over, Dr. R. C	11	1854	14	44	Physician and surgeon:	Trollinger, N		1858	Maryland	Byron	
ddix, John	it	1802	Virginia	16	Refired farmer.	Whaley, J. J		1872	New York	. Osborn	Agent and ap'r A. & G. W. R.
edwohl, Sam l;	(*	1889	ū	.,,,,,,,,	Farmer.	Wolfenmary T) II	1 11 .	1989	Maryland		Dir. in for, and domestic fruits,
	*****************	1878	Ohio	Dayton	' "	Woodard, S. F	.] V 11Jage	1809	Pennsylvania.	. 11	
wer, Jno		1888	Maryland	Fairfield	l u	White, Kuben	Dayton	1872	Ohio	. Fuirfield	. Retired farmer.
igenbaugh, Elizal		1888	Pennsylvania	11	11	Wymer, Jac		1804	Germany		Farmer.
rdman, P. E	**********	1824	Ohio	Osborn	. "	Williamson, H. O		1859	Pennsylvania.	, "	
rdman, W. R		1888		41	(44	Wilson, Uriah		1820	Ohio	. "	. 4
ll. Moses, Sr		1806	Virginia	Fairfield	Retired farmer.	Wolfe, D. H		1882		Byron	
lmer, J. R		1817	New York	44	Farmer,	Wolfe, Simon		1807	Pennsylvania.	11	Retired farmer.
igenbaugh, 8		1886	Pennsylvania	44	Retired farmer.	Wolf, Joshua		1824	Ohlo,		. Farmer.
ebblc. H. E		1842	11		Farmer and bridge builder.	Wolf, John W			Pennsylvania	11	Rothred furmer.
ohnson, Misses E.			"		and brings william	Walsh, John		1867		" "	. Attorney-at-law.
& S	1		Ohio		Capitalists.	Wolf, S. H.	· ····································	1841	Ohio		Wasses
ubn. J. K	Osborn	1881	Pennaylvania	Oshorn		Wilson, Wm	.	1910	16	Traine did	. Barmer. Rotired farmer.
• · <u></u>	· ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 4 4 4 4	****	IN CARLIDY A V SHILL SA.								

BEAVER CREEK TOWNSHIP.

	—————————————————————————————————————	Date of						Date of	V	David A. P	DESCRIPTION OF BUSINESS.
namb.	LOCATION.	Settle- ment.	HATIVITY.	Post-Office Address.	DESCRIPTION OF BUSINESS.	name.	LOCATION.	Settle- ment.	HATIVITY.	Post-Office address.	BEOURITION OF BUSINESS.
Ankeny, Henry	Rower Creek.	1823	Ohio	Byron	Farmer.	Krafts, G. M	Benver Creek	1833		Dayton	Farmer and stock dealer.
Archer, David	4		11	Alpha	Stone dealer.	Krafts, S. B	н	1871	14	11	
Ankeny, Ab't		10/7	"		Farmer.	Kemp, Jac. H	" ,,,,,,,	1868	K	Harshm'sv'e.	" and retired merchant.
Ankeny, H	41	1050				Leonard, Sam'l	17 ,	1837	**	[Alpha	Blacksmith and town treasurer.
Ankeny, Juo		1010	"	41	, j	Leonard, Lewis	14	1887			Retired farmer.
Brown, C	44	1071	11	Zimmerman.	Teacher.	LaFong, G. B	41	1830			Retired farmer.
Brown, David	14	1848	11	"	Farmer.	LaFong, O. B	16 ,	1830		"	"
Butt, C. J		1847	41	Alpha	Assessor and farmer.	Merrick, I	"	1824	Ohio	Alpha	
Benham, Jos		1004	"	4	Wagon maker.	Merrick, David		1830	18		
Brown, Sam'l		1000	Pennsylvania	Harshm sv 'e.		Morris, J. H		1850	11		Flour teamster.
Barr, A. J	"	1000	Ohio	44	Dealer in dry goods, groceries, hard-	McIlhenny, C. A		1871	L." ::::	Zimmerman.	Physician and surgeon.
Cline, W. C	**	1000		Alpha	Farmer and tobacco raiser.	Miller, Fred'k		1840	Maryland	Dayton	Farmer.
Coy, IL J	"	. 1822		lzunmerman.	Rarpenter and totner.	Martin, Geo		1855	Pennsylvania.	Zonia	1 ::
Cosler, Samuel	"			Alpha	Farmer.	Owens, Ira S			Ohio	Dayton	1 "
Crouse, C. W	11		New York	Byron	"	Overholser, Jerry		1851	Pennsylvania.	Lipna	1 7
Coy, J. H	"		Obio	.iAlnha	1 "	Paxson, Aaron	"	1804	"	A ema	1 ::
Darst, H. C	"	. 1830	4	Dayton	11	Prugh, A. J		1835	Ohio		
Darst, B. F		. 1888		Zimmerman.		Puterbaugh, Sam'l		1844		Alpha	Dealer in blooded stock.
Davis, Jno	" ,	. 1843	**	. Alpha	" and carpenter.	Snyder, Perry		1839	1	;;	Dealer in blooded stock.
Davis, Daniel	٠,,,,,,,	. 1810	14	.] "		Stull, Jos		1803	Maryland	,,,	Farmer.
Dice, Andrew	11	. 1883	Virginia			Shaw, Richard		1844	Indiana		
Downey, Jas	14	. 1799	Ohio			Spahr, P. R		1850	Ohio	11	Bookkeeper. Farmer and justice of the peace.
Engle, W. H		. 1851	Maryland	. Zimmerman.	" & prop. Beaver Valley Saw-	Snyder, Jno		1822	11		Township clerk.
Ferguson, Anna		. 1850	!Pennsylvania.	. 14	Farming.	Snyder, Geo		1847 1824	Maryland	1	Farmer and tobacco raiser.
Frieze, D. A		. 1880	Virginia Ohio	, Xenia		Shank, J. M	.,	1816	Ohio		
Gray, David		. 1866	[Ohio	, Alpha	. Farmer.	Shank, A		1833		[
Green, M. M	' "	. 1849	1 11		.} "	Stine, A		1867	Virginia	Zimmannan	Prop. Beaver Mill, and postmaster.
Gerlaugh, Arthur	4		"	. Harshm'sv'o	.] "	Schautz, Jno		1820	Germany	. Zimmermin	Farmer.
Gerlaugh, Adam			**	. Alpha	. " and town trustee.	Stull, W. K				'l	1
Gerlaugh, Edward.		. 1846	"	. "	.	Stedman, B. W	•	1854	Manufand	Youis	' "
Hagenbuck, W. A.	. "	. 1881	Pennsylvania		Physician and surgeon.	Stull, J. A	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	1831	Marymanu	Zinnannan	Dealer in groceries, provisions, etc. Farmer. [of grain. Miller, distiller, and dir. in all kinds
Hanes, John		1831	Maryland	. "	Farming. [tobacco.	Tobias, J. W		1830	Donnaulymnia	, Ziminerman	Farmer for groceries, provision, cit-
Harbine, J. Thos	. "	. 1843	Ohio	. "	Mnfr. of linseed oil, & dealer in leaf	Tobias, Peter		1808	Obio	Vania	Farmer. [of grain. Miller, distiller, and dlr. in all kinds
Hawker, J. T	. "	1829	"	. Dayton	. Farmer.	Trebine, F. C	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	1851	Germany	Aluba	Former.
Hilmer, Wm	, "	1835	"	Zimmerman	. Justice of the peace.	Valkenand		1898	Virginia	Youis	16
Harner, C. J	. " .,,,,,,	1850		. Alpha	. Farmer.	Wall, Mary A	.,	10 10	Manuland	Zimmarman	Carpenter and constable.
Hering, J	. "	1808	"		· "	Wetsel, Darius	•[1820	Ohio	Youin	Farmer
Harner, Simon	. "		"	. Byron	. 14	Wolf, Jacob		10.11	"		
Harshman, J. C	. "	1807	"	. Zinunerman		Wolf, C. M		1000	England	A lobe	
Hawker, A	. ''	1880	14	Dayton	Retired furmer and clergyman	Wardle, Wm		10 00			
Holmes, Jas	. ''	1865		Xenia	.iFarmer.	Williamson, E. J		1000			1
Kershner, E. A		1828		<u>A</u> lpհռ	·	Weaver, J. M	· " ······	1020	g		"
Koogler, M. V		1835	Ohio	Zimmerman	. "	II					·

JEFFERSON TOWNSHIP.

ale estimated to the		7	,			1		Date of		I	PROPERTY OF BUILDING
name,	LOCATION.	Date of Settle- ment.	HATIVITY.	Post-Office Address,	DESCRIPTION OF BUSINESS.	NAME.	LOCATION.	Settle- ment.	WATIVITY,	Post-Office Address.	DESCRIPTION OF BUSINESS.
			L.,		Displantifi	Gorham, David	Jefferson	1811	Connecticut	P't Williams	Farmer.
Burr, Peter	Jefferson	1831	Ohio		Carpenter and joiner.	Gorham, Jos. H	14	1852	Ohio	"	"
Bowermaster, J. V.	**		h."		Carpenter and Jonier.	Hussey, Catharine	16		(1	Bowersville	Farming.
Bowermuster, R. A.				•	Farmer.	Hussey, Jas. W		1850			Hardware merchant.
Bales, John		1847	Ohlo	l	u u	Hussey, H. M	61	1843	" ,,,		Farmer.
Browder, T. Y			***********		1 "	Haughey, C. M	11	1818	"	' "	
Blocher, Morgan					1 · "	Jackson, Uriah		1821	li	"	
Bowens, Henry			Virginiu		1	Jackson, Clara	(1	1862	,	14	
Bayliff, Daniel			Ohio		1 ::	Jackson, Euphrema	44	1824	11	. "	. "
Bayliff, Melissa			\' :······		1 "	Jackson, John	(1	1819		" "	Farming.
Chitty, C. H			Virginia	Bioomington	1 "	Johnston, L. V		1850	Virginia	Paintersville	**
- Cuttrell, B. T				Bowersvine	1	King, Cornelius		1812	Ohio	Bowersville	.] "
Cottrell, H. W	44			•	1 ::	Lucas, Almeda		1836	(1		. "
Christy, Anna M	41			1 "	1 ::	Lucas, J. W	11	1886	Virginia	" .	.' "
Christy, Jus. M				•1	1 ::	Reaves, D. L			Ohio	ļ " .	. "
Compton, Jus					4 2	Ross, M. T		1846	Virginia	, i " ,	. "
Cline, Hannah A					Վ ∷	Ross, Robert	44	1014	Ϋ́	11	. "
Cline, Stephen					٠١ ", .	Ross, John A	μ	1017		111	. **
Donaldson, Thos				• 1	. Merchant.	Story, Robert		1000		1 44	Farmer and teacher.
Ervin, John	. "			• (. Farmer.	Stewart, Wm		1010	41	1 11	.] "
Earley, Malinda		1861				Stewart, Eliza J		1001	Ohio		.] "
Enrley, Wm	.] " ,	1801	Ohio	. " .	4 ".	Smith, Thos		1828	44 ,,,,,,,,,,	1 44	
Ervin, David		1840	٠	. " •		Champat Apps W	4	1000		1 44	. "
Ervin, Elizabeth		1046	1 "	d. "	. "	Stewart, Anna M Stewart, B. S	11	113/10	***************************************	.i " .	Farming.
Earley, J. C		1 1057	i "	. P't William	44	Story, Henry		1 1000		1 1/	Carpenter, joiner, and farmer.
Earley, M. L		1074			"	Sparks, J. W	' '''	1863			Fariner.
Ellis, Amy E		1 10044	} "	. "	".	Sheley, Elizabeth L.	"	1838	"	1	[''
Ellis, Elishu		1 1000	"		L. ".	Chales India	'	1051		. "	"
Gerard, Simon L.		1000	2 11	. Bowersville.	, Farming.	Sheley, Lydia E		1 1000	1 #	Junestown	. Parming.
Gerard, Sarah E		100		"	"	Thomas, Mary		10 10			
Gerard, Isaac		100		"		Thomas, Jno. W	1 11 11 11 11 11	10.10	(4	. Bowersville.	. 44
Gerard, Juo. P		100			"	Wilson, Stephen		1007			
Gerard, Jane		190	3 44	46	"	Wilson, John		1 2021	,B	1	7
Gorban, Lucinda.		182	Kentucky	P't William	s Deceased.		<u> </u>			<u>' </u>	

SUGAR CREEK TOWNSHIP.

NAME.	LOCATION.	Date of Settle-	NATIVITY.	Post-Office Address.	DESCRIPTION OF BUSINESS.	HAMB.	LOCATION.	Date of Scitle- ment.	HATIVITY.	Post-Office Address.	DESCRIPTION OF BUSINESS.
Bungardner, E	Bell Brook	1842 1857 1858 1858 1856 1856 1856 1856 1856 1856	Ohio	Dayton, O Spr'g Valley. Waynesville. Spr'g Valley. Bell Brook " " " " Alpha Bell Brook "	Farmer. "" "" "" "" "" "" "" "" "" "" "" "" "	Morshall, J. D. Miller, J. E. McConnell, D. Nave, John. Pierce, Jas. Pennowit, J. F. Swigart, S. Swigart, M. Smith, Jas. Smith, V. J. Sackett, Jno. Smith, Chas. Sebring, M. L. Sebring, Sarah. Tobias, M. L. Tobias, S. H.	Beil Brook Sugar Creek "" "" "" "" "" "" Bell Brook "" Sugar Creek	1828 1831 1858 1841 1805 1842 1830 1832 1828 1844 1825 1852 1848 1840 1832 1832	Maryland Ohlo " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " "	Xerifa	Traveling agent. Farmer. *** *** *** *** *** ** ** **

SILVER CREEK TOWNSHIP.

					T		Date of	1	Ī	
HAMB. LOCATION.	Bate of Settle-	KATIVITY.	Post-Office Address.	DESCRIPTION OF BUSINESS.	NAME.	LOCATION.	Settle- ment.	SATIVITY.	Port-Offer Address	DESCRIPTION OF BUSINESS.
Adams & Co., J. Q. Alexander, Samuel, Jamestown. Blain, W. H. Baker, S. T. Barnhart, J. B. Christopher, A. J. Cooper, Juo. Davis, D. Gray, G. W. Greenlease, G. P. Limestone. Glass, Elias. Haysilt, Jas. R. Harper, R. M. January, Geo. King, Jas. M. Long, W. E. McMillen, W. P. Moorman, M. F. Patterson, J. M. Jamestown. Main st. "" "" "" Jamestown. Washington. "" "" "" "" "" "" "" Jamestown. Washington. "" "" "" "" "" "" Jamestown. Jamestown. "" "" "" Jamestown. Jamestown. "" Jamestown. Jam	1889 1840 1852 1857 1837 1838 1842 1853 1842 1868 1868 1825 1855 1824 1849 1848	Virginia. Ohio. Pennsylvania. Virginia. Ohio. Virginia. Ohio. Virginia. Ohio. Virginia. Ohio. Virginia. Ohio. Virginia. Ohio. Virginia. Ohio. Virginia. Ohio. Virginia.	Bowersville.	Proprietor livery and sale stable. Farmer and stock raiser. Grocer and brick manufacturer. Farmer and stock raiser. " Stock dealer and trader. Farmer and teacher. Carriage and wagon manufacturer. Farmer. Confectioner. Farmer. Teacher.	Sheley, Jas. C Strong, R. B Stephenson, R. A Spahr, Dr. C. H Sharp, Francis Sheley, T. L Smith, T. H Spencer, Jas. Sheley, T. B Smith, J. W Smith, A. N Smith, Geo Smith, J. C Stephens, J Short, J. R Thomas, J. B Whittington, A	Xenia. Main st. Limestone. Washington. Jamestown. Main st.	1844 1847 1847 1804 1826 1818 1849 1829 1824 1847 1863 1804 1828 1849 1849 1849	Ohio	New Jasper. Jamestown. Jamestown.	

SPRING VALLEY TOWNSHIP.

		Date of	<u> </u>			1			Date of Seile-	SATIVITI.	Post-Office Address.	DESCRIPTION OF DUBINESS.
TATE.	LOCATION.	Settle- ment,	FATIVITY. Post-05	er Address.	DESCRIPTION OF BUSINESS.	KAME.	LOCATIO		ment.			Page 18 Daniel British harring a supplier of the state of
Adams, S. N	Spring Valley	1847	Pennsylvania Sprin	g Vall	Postmaster, and dealer in groceries.	Gest. J. H	Spring Vall		1889 1840		Spring Vall.	Farmer and miller.
Alexander, W. J Adams, W. H			Ohio		Attorney-at-law. [queensware. etc. Farmer.	Hiett & Co	4. 4		1880	44		Coopers.
Ary, H	15 11	1830	Ohio Xenis	a	" and stock dealer.	Jones, L. D	** **			Pennsylvania Ohio		Farmer and railroad contractor.
Barrett, Hon. I. M. Buckles, Gerard			New York Sprin	g Vull	Manufacturer, etc. Farmer.	Mendenhall, E Morris, John			1827	Delaware		at
Baldwin, I. W	te 16	1888	16	**	Physician and surgeon.	Mendenhall, Robt McKnight, John			1834 1811	Ohlo	Spring Vall.	"
Barnett, H. O Buckles, F. M		1887 1882	"		Farmer.	Posgue, W. T	14 11		1849	4	. " " "	••
Carey, Simeon	IE II	1857	46			Stanfield, Jas Smith, S. A			1001	14	Xenia Spring Vall	11
Craig, S. L Cornell, S. V	4 4	1888			Farmer and miller.	Schuebly, Jas	4 11		1822	*	" " "	et and miller.
Crites, A Elgin, M. B	14 ti		Virginia	"	" Physician and surgeon.	Schuebly, F. B Van Eaton, Mrs. A.			1822	***************************************		
Evans, Sarah S	te 18	1822	***************************************	" _	Farmer.	Van Eaton, Mrs	44 (1	*******	1884	ff	Xenia Spring Vail.,	14 and proprietor nursery.
Evans, Isaac Education, Board of		1835	***************************************	"	Spring Valley schools.	Walton, M Walton, E. R		******	1829 1882	**	N. Bürling'n	· ·
Elam, Ambrose	(E (E	1817	Ohio "	"	Farming.	Walton, M. A	1 11 11	*******	1840 1809	1 ,	Spring Vall.	Retired.
Fields, John A	tt 11		"Xenis	A	Farmer.	Walton, Moses		*******	1000	''		menteu.

CÆSAR'S CREEK TOWNSHIP.

AVAIT	LOGAYINE.	Bate of Settle- ment,	rativiti.	Peri-Milos Address.	DESCRIPTION OF BUSINESS.	NAME.	LOCATION.	Date of Settle- ment.	FATITITI.	Port-Office Address.	PRIORIPTION OF BUSINESS.
Ary, Joel	Casar's Creek	1882	Ohio	Paintersville	Farmer and stock dealer.	McCav. Rachel	C'resar's C'reck		Ohio	Lumberton	Farming.
Beam, D. H		1888		Xenia	tt .	McNair, D. A			**	Xenia	11
Beal, W. G			44	Paintersville	и	Mallow, S. M			''		
Beason, W. L.		1886	44	41	tf	Neiberger, J. A	11 11	1871			Physician and surgeon.
Beal, S. L	ti 4	1842	"	"		Oglesbee, W. M			*	Xenia	Farmer.
Bevan, Abel		1829	14 m	"	Elder Friends' Church and farmer.			1849	** ***********		"
Cummings, J. M	11 11	1845	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Xenia		Swindler, Jas			Virginia		
Cummings, J. B	11 11 111	1841	"	"		St. John, D. M			Ohio	Xenia	" and stock raiser.
Ford, J. M	" "	1887	"	"		St. John, J. F		1842	"		44
Hartsook, J. F	11 11	1830	"			St. John, J. W				Painteraville	
Ireland, Alex	** ** *******	1882	"	42	" and capitalist.	Whiteman, L. H		1842		Xonia	
Kildow, M. L	41 41		Virginia		ii .	Waln, W. M				N. Burl'gton	
Keiter, G. A	EL 11		Ohio	Xenia	u	Williamson, J. L	11 11	1839	(1	Lumberton	Farmer.
Kirk, Richard	£1 41	1866	"	"	"	<u> </u>	1		<u> </u>	l	

ROSS TOWNSHIP.

TAMB.	LOCATINE.	Bate of Settle- ment.	HATIVITT.	Past-Office Address.	DESCRIPTION OF BURINESS.	YAYK.	LOCATION.	Date of Settle- ment.	XATIYIYT.	Parl-Office Address.	DESCRIPTION OF BURINESS.
Atkinson, Mary B.	Ross	1850	Vermont	Selma, ClkCo	Farming.	Hough. Jno			Oblo	Jamestown	Farmer.
Atkinson, Levi	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		Ohio		0 -	Hough, Evaline				11	
Brock, Wm	tt	1824	''		Farmer.	Little, Geo. W		1836	**	Grape Grove.	and stock dealer.
Brock, Louiss	"	1839			11	McLane, J. W			** ***********	Cedarville	Carpenter, Joiner, and contractor.
Brock, F. A	"	1820	(**	McDorman, Juo				Grape Grove.	Farmer.
Browder, Hector S.			Indiana			Phillips, Allen	** ************************************	1865	Kentucky	Cedarville	ti
Ballard, Maggie			Ohio	**	Farming.	Spinn, J. W	"	1837	Ohlo	Selma, ClkCo	" and trader.
Ballard, Jackson	**	1822		**		Shigley, J. W		1846	**	Cedarville	**
Conner, G. W		1856	4			Taylor, Daniel		1834	4	Jamestown	" and Township Treasurer.
Gordan, Richard		1851	Virginia	Selma, ClkCo	н	Turnbull, J. L	**	1846	41	**	Teacher and Township Clerk.
Gordan, Leah			Ohio		11	Townsly, A. M	**	1828	11	Cedarville	Farmer.
Huffman, S. T				Charleston	44	Walker, W. H	**	1826	41	44	14
Harper, T. H	<u> </u>	1834	47	Selma.ClkCo	41					····	

MEW JASPER TOWNSHIP.

NAME. LOCATION.	Date of Settle- ment.		Post-Office Address,	DESCRIPTION OF BUSINESS.	NAMR.	LOCATION.	Date of Bettle- ment,	WATIFITY,	Post-Office Address.	DESCRIPTION OF BUSINESS.
Dean, W. C	y 1884 1835 1842 1822 1838 1826	"	Yew Jasper	u.	Weimer, Geo	" "	1847	Ohio Virginia France Ohio	New Jasper	Farming. () () () () () () () () () () () () ()

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	1	i			The state of the s			
NAMB.	14010000							
7AMB.	LOCATION.	Date of Settlement.	HATIVITY.	Post-Office Address.				
		name or maintained	NW111777	PORY-UMON AGGIOGE.	DESCRIPTION OF BUSINESS.			
		1			Sheartitan at statemed.			
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Clement, W. H.	Mr 117 Cl.				TO ARREST WARRANT OF THE PARTY			
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PUBLISHED IN 1874

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